

BENTON COUNTY WASHINGTON



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

For The Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2014

Prepared by the Benton County Auditor's Office

Brenda Chilton, Auditor

Van H. Pettey, CPA, CGMA, MBA, Chief Accountant

Aileen Coverdell, CPA, Financial Administrator

Rosie Sparks, Accounting Support Officer

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BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2014

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BENTON COUNTY

BRENDA CHILTON, AUDITOR



Van H. Pettey, CPA, CGMA, Chief Accountant
Amanda Chambers, Election Administrator
Shawn Bohlinger, Licensing/Recording Supervisor
Hilda Rivera, Office Manager-Prosser
Deidra Beck, Office Manager-Richland

June 30, 2015

TO THE CITIZENS OF BENTON COUNTY

We are pleased to present, for your review, the 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Benton County government. The CAFR is designed to provide information to satisfy the public, legislative bodies, creditors, investors, students of public finance, and political scientists. The primary objective of the CAFR is to describe the County's financial condition and the financial results of its operations. The financial statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by the Office of the Washington State Auditor. This report is formatted to comply with the financial reporting model established by Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34. It is intended to improve financial reporting by including significant additional information not previously available in local government financial statements.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements. Benton County's MD&A can be found immediately following the State Auditor's report.

In addition to the fund-by-fund financial information in the County's financial statements, the report includes government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets that provides the total net equity of the County, including infrastructure, and the Statement of Activities that shows the cost of providing government services. These statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting versus the modified accrual method used in the fund financial statements. The GASB 34 reporting model includes an emphasis on the County's major funds as shown in the Governmental Fund Statements. These statements combined with other information are further analyzed in the MD&A narrative section. The MD&A provides "financial highlights" and interprets the financial reports by analyzing trends and by explaining changes, fluctuations, and variances in the financial data. In addition, the MD&A is intended to disclose any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of the County.

MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

Responsibility for the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosure, rests with the County. We believe that the data contained in this CAFR is presented in a manner that fairly states the financial position and operational results of the County, as measured by the financial activity of its various funds. The CAFR includes all of the disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a general understanding of the County's financial affairs. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The Benton County government provides a range of municipal services, prescribed by statutes and/or prompted by public support, including: law enforcement and judicial services, construction and maintenance of roads and bridges, health and social services, cultural and recreational facilities, planning and zoning services, animal control, and general administrative services.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

In developing and evaluating the County's accounting systems, County management has considered the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, not absolute assurance regarding: accountability for assets, safeguarding against their loss through unauthorized use or disposition; and the reliability of financial records as the basis for preparation of financial statements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Benton County management recognizes the importance of adequate internal controls, and constantly strives to improve the effectiveness and efficiency of administrative and financial controls. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance that financial transactions have been recorded properly.

There were no significant impacts on the current period financial statements that resulted from administering and/or changes in financial policies.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS

Budgetary control is maintained at the fund-department level. Budget overruns are prevented by a control structure at the voucher-approval level. Budget supplements, as requested by the responsible department directors or elected officials and properly authorized by the Board of County Commissioners, are required prior to execution of expenditures that would exceed appropriation(s).

Monthly budget ledgers and reports are available to the elected official or department director who is responsible for each particular fund or department. The monthly budget ledger provides a detailed listing of monthly expenditures by line item. The monthly budget report summarizes current month expenditures, year-to-date totals, budgeted amounts and adjustments, and unexpended amounts available until completion of the given budget period.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Board of County Commissioners is committed to providing a high level of services at a reasonable cost to residents of Benton County and to maintaining a cooperative relationship with incorporated areas of the County. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. At the request of the County Auditor's office all agencies of Benton County are required to submit requests for appropriations. A compilation of these requests and projections is submitted to the Board of County Commissioners. The Commissioners schedule budget hearings in October, November and in December. At the conclusion of the hearings, the Commissioners adopt the budget. Budget goals include avoiding creating future unsustainable obligations rather than cutting costs later when they may exceed revenues. The County also maintains a six-year Capital Facilities Plan that provides a planned and programmed approach to utilizing the County's financial resources in the most efficient manner to meet its service and facility needs.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS

“Progress is easily observed through visible actions, and we have many of those to share with the community; but most real progress begins with a solid foundation of strategic planning at its cornerstone. We have been doing a lot of that in recent years, and it is paying dividends for Benton County and the taxpayers.

2014 was a good year for the county. We have continued to weather the economic realities of the past several years that forced us into some new perspectives about how we conduct our business. The overall economic recovery has been steady but slow; and we know that we have to remain diligent and conservative in our management approach. We concluded our second two-year budget in 2014, a transition that has gone well overall. Our team has embraced the efficiencies and flexibilities that biennial budgeting offers. We are in good fiscal health, and well positioned for the next biennium and the decades beyond.

We were able to celebrate several milestones and events with the community in 2014. After years of work, the Walter Clore Wine and Culinary Center is fully operational in Prosser, offering educational programming, tourist resources and meeting spaces in a beautiful setting facilitated by the Port of Benton. We dedicated a new trail on Badger Mountain that took more than 3,400 volunteer hours to complete and that added significant mileage to the hiking opportunities at that county park. Finally, after so many years of dedicated effort from our community, we were able to applaud Congressional action that will establish the Manhattan Project National Historical Park featuring Hanford’s B Reactor, which will be preserved for posterity.

We look forward to continued accomplishments in 2015. Along with the national historic park, Congress also directed the transfer of 1,600 acres in the southeastern corner of the Hanford site out of federal ownership for private sector uses, and Benton County will be continuing the work with our partners — Richland, Port of Benton and Tri-City Development Council — to finalize this transfer by year’s end. Not far from the land transfer location, we look forward to completion of the Wine Science Center at the WSU Tri-Cities campus. The center will be only the second of its kind in the nation, and we are excited about the prestige, research and applications it will generate.

Benton County will also be completing some major upgrades on its own campuses in the next year. Our road crew shop in Kennewick has served us well for many decades but is showing the wear and tear of those years. Our Public Works department looks forward to opening a new facility at the mouth of Badger Canyon that will not only be a modern facility, but also be in a better overall service location. At the other end of the county in Prosser, we will be completing an overhaul of the courthouse’s heating, ventilation and air-conditioning system. We look forward to completing restoration work on the windows, doors and facades of the 95-year-old registered building. Finally, we are working with Franklin County and the state Legislature on a program to do major renovations on the Juvenile Justice Center in Kennewick and hope to get started on that work this year.”

{from the *Tri-City Herald*, (2015, March 25). ‘Progress Edition: Benton County Commission: Major accomplishments ahead in 2015’. Delvin, Jerome. Retrieved from <http://www.tri-cityherald.com>}

Additional economic narratives and factors can be found in the Management’s Discussion and Analysis and statistical sections of this report.

MAJOR INITIATIVES AND SERVICE EFFORTS

The County has continued to make progress on its major capital projects and will continue making investments in capital and administrative improvements as outlined in the County’s Capital Improvement Plan.

The County has adopted a rolling six-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) that provides a programmed approach to utilizing Benton County’s financial resources in the most efficient manner to meet public service and facility needs. Two main highlights started in 2014 and continue on today are large capital projects related to technology infrastructure and our facilities.

Benton County has installed a new high-bandwidth wireless network system in all of our major facilities; implemented a new permit management system for our departments that are operating increasingly online; installed a new electronic docket interface at our Kennewick Justice Center location and started digitizing decades worth of archived paper documents for better management and to ease storage pressures. A major and overdue improvement that affected almost every County employee was migration away from the cumbersome email and scheduling platform used since the 1990s, and onto a Microsoft based system that is more intuitive, efficient, and synchronizes well with our programs and services. This has had a major positive impact on productivity as the platform is more

familiar to most employees, and it integrates better with existing software and scheduling utilities. Benton County also invested in a major renovation to our Prosser and Kennewick facilities that led to a significant footprint reduction in areas of energy consumption, fuel use, and personnel efficiencies. Benton County reconfigured the Prosser Courthouse office layout for improved flow and use of office space and personnel efficiencies. Ground has been broken in constructing a new base of operations for our Kennewick-based Public Works crews that will be more centrally located. Also construction has started on the overhaul of our antiquated heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC) system at the Prosser Courthouse.

The County is continuing to provide needed improvements to important transportation infrastructure for the region's economic development. The County infrastructure budgeted expenditures to maintain roads and bridges for 2014 were over \$7.1 million. Actual expenditures were over \$5.6 million. Preservation accounted for over \$1.7 million of the expenditures. Benton County currently has 858 miles of roads being maintained on behalf of the citizens of Benton County and the general traveling public.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The statutes of the State of Washington require an annual audit, by the Washington State Auditor's Office, of the books of account, financial records and the transactions of all administrative departments of Benton County. These legally mandated audits have been consistently performed.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Benton County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. This was the eleventh consecutive year that Benton County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the professional, efficient and dedicated services of the accounting department of the Auditor's Office. I wish to express my appreciation to these staff members for their contributions to the development of this report. Also, I appreciate the efforts of accounting staff members and managers in all County departments, who contributed information necessary for compilation of this report. I wish to express my thanks to the Benton County Board of Commissioners for their responsible interest in, and progressive support of, the conduct of financial operations and systems for Benton County government.

Respectfully Submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Brenda Chilton".

**Brenda Chilton
Benton County Auditor**



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

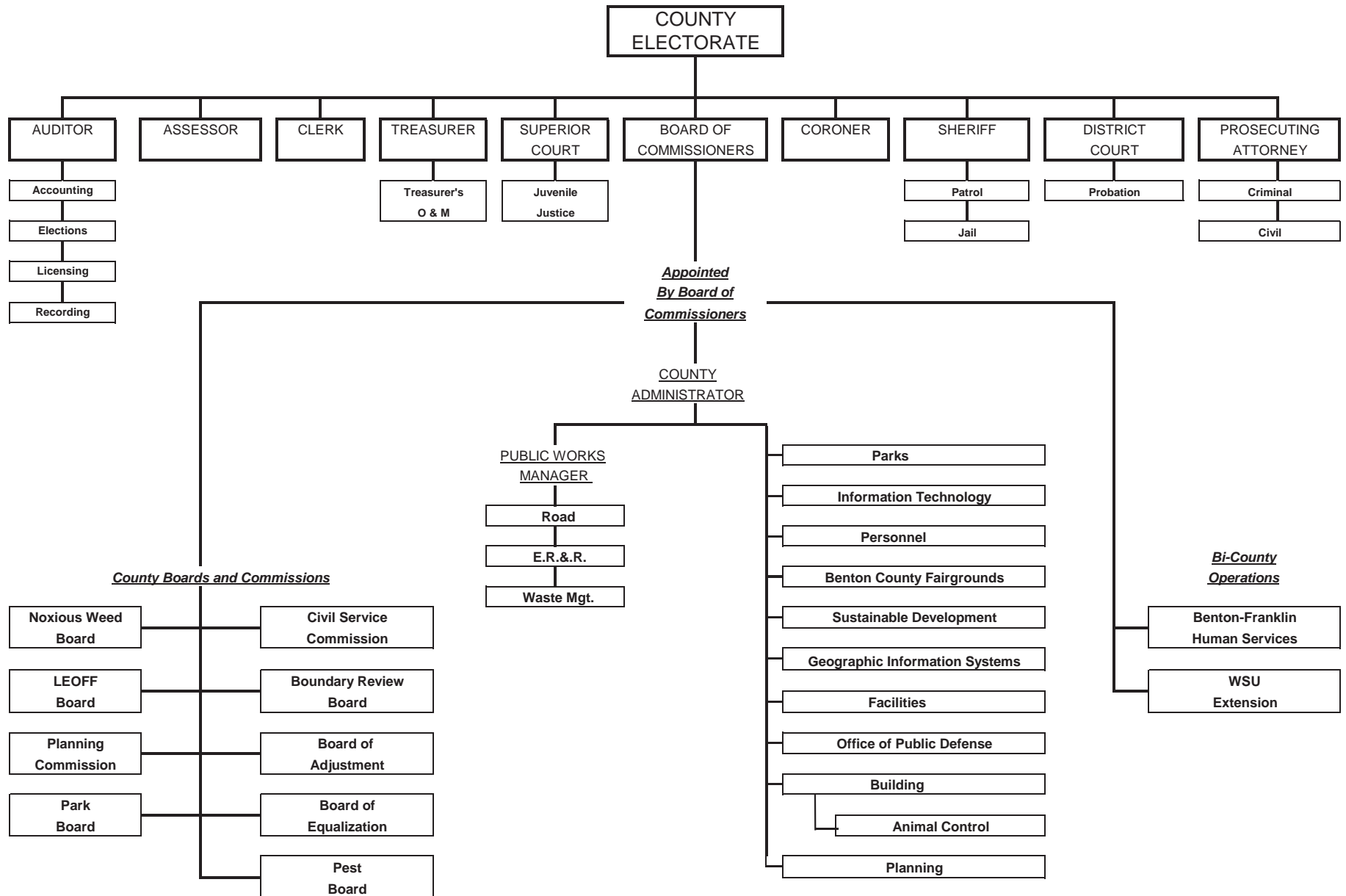
**Benton County
Washington**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2013

Executive Director/CEO

BENTON COUNTY GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
2014



-X-

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
 Year Ended December 31, 2014

DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Position</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Term</u>	<u>Expiration</u>
Board of Commissioners:			
District 1	Honorable Jerome Delvin	4	December 2016
District 2	Honorable Shon Small	4	December 2014
District 3 - Chairperson	Honorable James Beaver	4	December 2016
Assessor	Honorable Barbara Wagner	4	December 2014
Auditor	Honorable Brenda Chilton	4	December 2014
Clerk	Honorable Josie Delvin	4	December 2014
Coroner	Honorable John Hansens	4	December 2014
District Court Judge	Honorable Terry M. Tanner	4	December 2014
District Court Judge	Honorable Robert J. Ingvalson	4	December 2014
District Court Judge	Honorable Dan Kathren	4	December 2014
District Court Judge	Honorable Joseph Burrowes	4	December 2014
District Court Judge	Honorable Katharine Butler	4	December 2014
Prosecutor	Honorable Andrew Miller	4	December 2014
Sheriff	Honorable Steve Keane	4	December 2014
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Cameron Mitchell	4	December 2016
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Salvador Mendoza, Jr.	4	December 2016
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Robert Swisher	4	December 2016
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Carrie Runge	4	December 2016
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Vic Vanderschoor	4	December 2016
Superior Court Judge	Honorable Bruce Spanner	4	December 2016
Treasurer	Honorable Duane Davidson	4	December 2014

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

<u>Position</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>Length in Position</u>
County Administrator	David A. Sparks	15 Years
Deputy County Administrator	Loretta Smith Kelty	8 Years
Human Services Administrator	Linda Robb	1 Year

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Washington State Auditor's Office

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2015

Board of Commissioners
Benton County
Prosser, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Benton County, Washington, as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, County Road, Human Services, 1/10 Percent Criminal Justice Jail-Juvenile and Rural County Capital funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, infrastructure modified approach information and pension trust fund information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

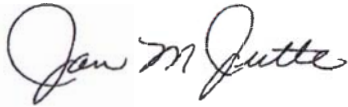
Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying information listed as **combining financial statements and supplementary information** is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. This information has been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The information identified in the table of contents as the Introductory and **Statistical** Sections is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated June 30, 2015, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report will be issued under separate cover in the County's Single Audit Report. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Jan M. Jutte". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J" and "M".

JAN M. JUTTE, CPA, CGFM

ACTING STATE AUDITOR

OLYMPIA, WA

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Benton County's discussion and analysis offers readers of the County's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, and in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements (which immediately follow this discussion).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The total assets of Benton County exceeded its liabilities at December 31, 2014 by over \$219.4 million dollars. Net position invested in capital assets (net of depreciation and related debt) account for 48% of this amount, with a value of approximately \$105.3 million. Of the remaining net position, \$71.6 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, without legal restriction.
- Fund balance for the General Fund was over \$10.9 million at December 31, 2014.
- Fund balance for the County Road fund was over \$5.1 million at December 31, 2014.
- Fund balance for the Human Services fund was over \$5.3 million at December 31, 2014.
- Fund balance for the 1/10% Criminal Justice fund was over \$11.0 million at December 31, 2014.
- Fund balance for the Rural County Capital fund was over \$11.5 million at December 31, 2014.
- Fund balance for the Capital Acquisition fund was over \$25.1 million at December 31, 2014.
- Benton County's total long-term debt at December 31, 2014 was over \$19.6 million, with a remaining capacity for non-voted debt at over \$219 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Benton County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

There are two government-wide financial statements, which are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Benton County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Classical government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of a governmental entity that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (referred to as "governmental activities") from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (referred to as enterprise "business-type activities"). Benton County does not have any enterprise "business-type activities", therefore, its government-wide financial statements reflect only "governmental activities". The governmental activities of Benton County include a full range of local government services provided to the public, such as law enforcement and public safety; the superior, juvenile, and district court systems; legal prosecution and indigent defense; jails and corrections; road construction and maintenance; animal control; community planning and development; parks and open space preservation; and care and welfare of the disadvantaged and mentally ill. In addition, other general government services are provided, such as elections, property assessment, tax collection, and the issuance of licenses.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Benton County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement serves a purpose similar to that of the balance sheet of a private-sector business. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. However, this is just one indicator of financial health of the County. Other indicators include the condition of the County's infrastructure systems (roads, drainage systems, bridges, etc.), changes in property tax base, and general economic conditions within the County.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during 2014. Because it separates program revenue (revenue generated by specific programs through charges for services, grants, and contributions) from general revenue (revenue provided by taxes and other sources not tied to a particular program), it shows to what extent each program has to rely on taxes for funding. All changes in net position are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the method used by most private-sector companies. The accrual basis of accounting requires that revenues be reported when they are earned and expenses are reported when the goods and services are received, regardless of the timing of the cash flow. Items such as uncollected taxes, unpaid vendor invoices for items received in 2014, and earned but unused vacation leave, are included in the statement of activities as revenue and expense, even though the cash associated with these items was not received or distributed in 2014.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Benton County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Benton County can be divided into three categories: Governmental Funds, Proprietary Funds, and Fiduciary Funds. Governmental Funds are used to account for most, if not all, of a government's tax-supported activities. Proprietary Funds are used

to account for a government's internal business activities, where all or part of the costs of activities are supported by fees and charges that are paid directly by those in county governmental operations who benefit from the activities. Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources that are held by the government as a trustee or agent for parties outside of the government. The resources of fiduciary funds cannot be used to support the government's own programs.

Governmental Funds

The Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances present separate columns of financial data for the General Fund, Road Fund, 1/10% Criminal Justice Fund, Rural County Capital Fund and the Capital Acquisition Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds, based on criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34. GASB Statement No. 34 defines a major fund as a fund who's assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures comprise 1) at least 10% of the total dollar amount of the same category within either all government or all enterprise funds, as appropriate, and 2) at least 5% of the total dollar amount of all governmental and enterprise funds combined for the same category. Benton County has also elected to present the Human Services Fund as a major fund because of its public interest to financial statement users. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. The governmental fund financial statements can be found immediately following the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund data for each of the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements, outside of the basic financial statements

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements' use of accrual accounting, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements in comparison to near-term resources available.

Because the focus of governmental fund financial statements is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliation to the governmental activities column in the government-wide statements, in order to facilitate this comparison.

The County maintains budgetary controls over its operating funds. The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. Budgets for governmental funds are established in accordance with state law, and are adopted on a fund level, except for the General Fund, which is adopted on a department level. Capital outlays are approved on an item-by-item basis or project basis. A budgetary comparison statement is provided for the General Fund and all special revenue and capital funds, to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Proprietary Funds

There are two types of proprietary funds. Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. As stated earlier, Benton County does not have any Enterprise Funds (business-type activities). Internal Service Funds (the second type of proprietary fund) accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. The revenues and expenses of the internal service funds that are duplicated in other funds through allocations are eliminated in the government-wide statements, with the remaining balances included in the governmental activities column.

Proprietary fund statements follow the governmental fund statements in this report. They provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail, since both apply the accrual basis of accounting.

Individual fund data for each of the non-major proprietary funds is provided in the form of combining statements. The proprietary fund combining statements follow the governmental fund combining statements in this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Benton County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Benton County has two types of fiduciary funds:

- Agency Funds are clearing accounts for assets held by Benton County in its role as custodian until the funds are identified for use by the private parties, organizations, or government agencies to which they belong.
- Investment/Fiduciary Funds account for the external pooled investments held by the County Treasurer on behalf of external pool participants in the County's investment program. External participants are generally government entities that do not have their own treasurer.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found following the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Benton County's net position totals \$219,361,491 at December 31, 2014. Benton County's net position has increased in comparison to total net position of \$213,683,833 at December 31, 2013. This net increase of \$5,677,657 is discussed in the following paragraphs. The following table reflects the condensed Government-Wide Statement of Net Position for 2014 and the previous year comparable data.

Benton County's Net Position

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 128,667,309	\$ 119,672,609
Capital Assets and Construction		
In Progress (Net of Depreciation)	<u>124,704,359</u>	<u>128,427,471</u>
Total Assets	253,371,668	248,100,081
Long-Term Liabilities	24,049,545	26,615,368
Other Liabilities	<u>9,960,632</u>	<u>7,800,880</u>
Total Liabilities	34,010,177	34,416,248
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	105,252,022	106,452,919
Restricted	42,491,931	39,944,872
Unrestricted	<u>71,617,538</u>	<u>67,286,042</u>
Total Net Position	\$ 219,361,491	\$ 213,683,833

Benton County's total assets stand at over \$253 million as of December 31, 2014 (up from over \$248 million at December 31, 2013). Of this amount, over \$124.7 million is accounted for by capital assets, down from \$128.4 million in 2013, which includes infrastructure and construction in progress. Historically, infrastructure (roads, bridges, drainage systems, etc.) had not been included in capital asset reporting for governmental activities. GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets, including infrastructure, be reported. The completion of infrastructure construction projects accounted for a \$10.2 million increase to the County roadway system which includes right-of-way land acquisition.

Of the remaining County assets, over \$111.1 million were accounted for in cash, cash equivalents, equity in pooled investments and other investments (up from \$104.0 million in 2013), over \$9.6 million in accounts receivable (up from \$8.7 million in 2013), and over \$7.9 million spread among miscellaneous assets and joint ventures (compared to \$6.8 million in 2013). At December 31, 2014, cash/cash equivalents, equity in pooled investments and other investments accounted for 84.5% (down from 85.7% in 2013) of current and other assets, while accounts receivable accounted for 7.5% (up from 7.3% in 2013).

At December 31, 2014, the County had outstanding liabilities of over \$34.0 million (down from \$34.4 million in 2013), with over \$21.1 million in long-term liabilities (a decrease from over \$23.5 million in 2013). Of the long-term liabilities, over \$2.6 million was due within a year, with the remainder due over an extended period of time. Refer to the notes to the financial statements (Note 9.) for a more in depth discussion of long term debt.

Included in other liabilities in the table are approximately \$3.2 million in accounts payable and over \$6.8 million in accrued liabilities. These liabilities of approximately \$10.0 million are up 28% from the total at December 31, 2013 (\$7.8 million). Over 64% of the \$6.8 million balance of other liabilities is due to accrued liabilities for wages payable and the various trust accounts.

Nearly half of the County's net position (48.0%) reflects its investment in capital, less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The County's capital assets are used to provide services to citizens. Consequently, investments in capital are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A little less than \$42.5 million of the County's net position are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. The balance of over \$71.6 million (unrestricted net position), represents the amount that may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

At December 31, 2014, Benton County reports positive balances in all categories of net position, for the government as a whole. There are no significant restrictions or other commitments that will impact the availability of fund resources for future use.

Statement of Changes in Net Position

The County's total net position increased by over \$5.6 million in 2014. Key elements in changes in net position are shown in the following table.

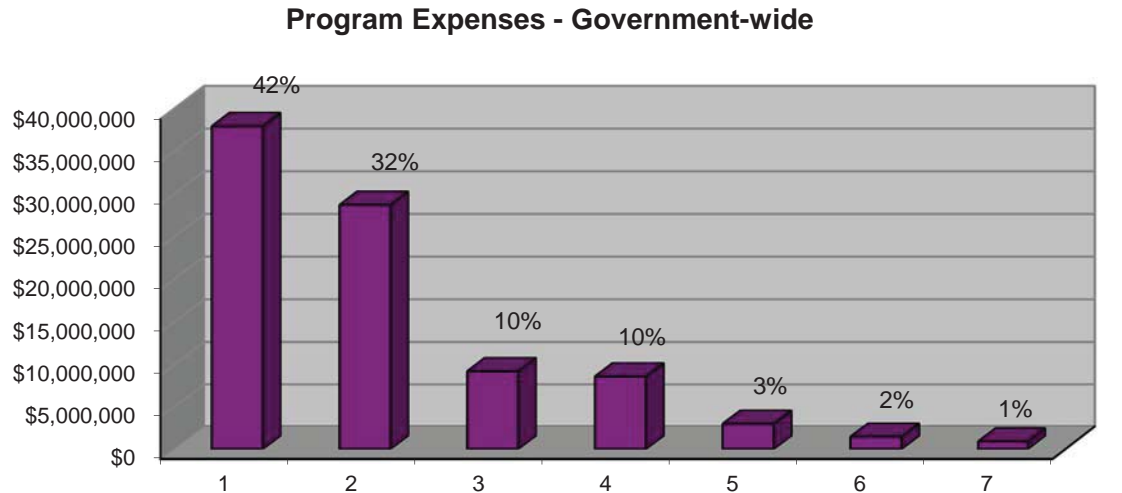
	2014	2013
	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
<u>Revenues:</u>		
Program Revenues		
Charges for Services	\$31,206,764	\$29,816,896
Operating Grants and Contributions	8,673,826	11,010,414
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,831,649	2,147,880
General Revenues		
Taxes	52,322,570	50,626,102
Interest Earnings on Investments	1,869,899	1,377,128
Total Revenues	<u>95,904,708</u>	<u>94,978,420</u>
<u>Program Expenses:</u>		
General Government	28,782,217	28,682,607
Public Safety	38,000,175	35,837,432
Transportation	8,680,848	7,971,222
Natural & Economic Environment	3,039,010	3,380,606
Social Services	9,298,546	7,893,886
Culture and Recreation	1,493,796	975,448
Interest on Long-Term Debt	932,459	1,078,475
Total Expenses	<u>90,227,051</u>	<u>85,819,675</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenses	5,677,656	9,158,745
Change in Net Position	5,677,656	8,702,350
Net Position as of January 1	<u>213,683,834</u>	<u>204,525,088</u>
<u>Net Position as of December 31</u>	<u><u>\$219,361,490</u></u>	<u><u>\$213,683,833</u></u>

Total revenues for Benton County were over \$95.9 million, less than a 1.0% increase (\$0.9 million) from 2013 total revenues. Program revenues decreased 2.9% or \$1.3 million and accounted for 43.5% of total revenue sources. This decrease is attributed to a reclassification of operating grants and contributions to entitlement payments for transportation activities. General Government sales tax revenues have recovered from the earlier soft economy. Within governmental activities, tax revenue increased \$1.7 million and accounted for approximately 54.6% of total revenue sources. The remaining 1.9% of revenues was provided by interest income, up almost half a million due to favorable investment strategies.

Total expenses for the County were over \$90.2 million, an increase of over \$4.4 million from 2013 equating to a 5.1% increase over the prior year. Governmental activities with the largest program expenses were in the areas of Public Safety, Social Services, Transportation and Natural and Economic Environment respectively. These four programs accounted for 65.4% of total

government-wide expenses. General Government Services expenses increased by less than 1.0% (approximately \$0.1 million). Public Safety increased 6.0% (approximately \$2.2 million) attributable to an increased jail population and Social Services expenses increased 17.8% (over \$1.4 million) compared to 2013. Transportation activities increased 8.9% and Culture and Recreation experienced an increase of 53.1% chiefly for park enhancements.

The following illustrates, by program, where funds were spent in 2014.



Legend

- | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Public Safety | 4. Transportation | 7. Interest on Long Term Debt |
| 2. General Government | 5. Natural & Economic Env. | |
| 3. Social Services | 6. Culture and Recreation | |

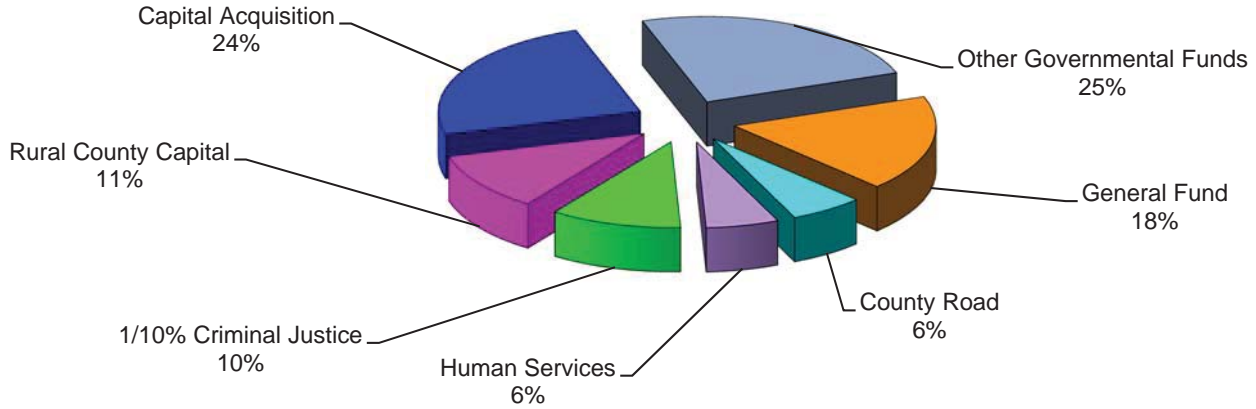
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Benton County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Following are financial analyses of the County's governmental and proprietary funds.

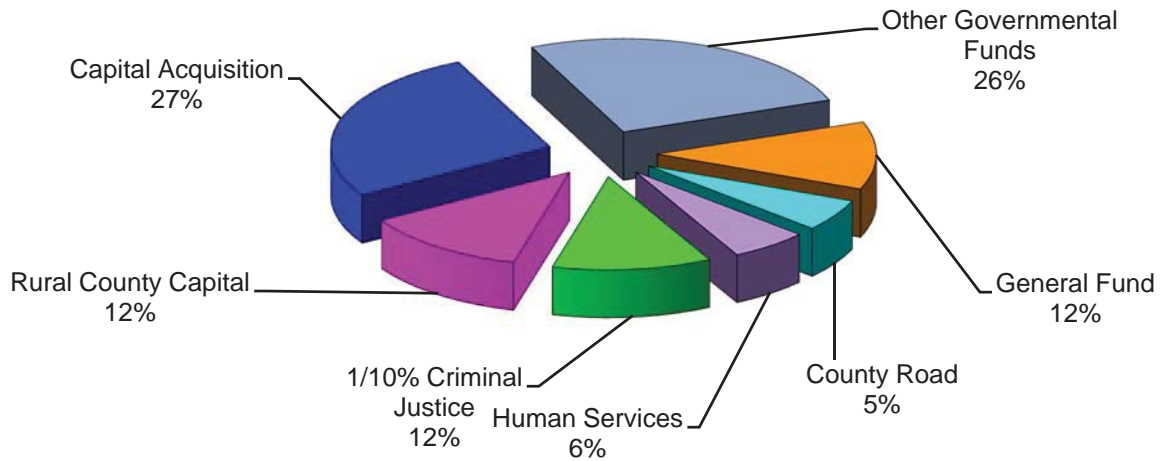
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Analysis

The General fund, County Road fund, 1/10% Criminal Justice fund, Rural County Capital fund, Human Services fund and Capital Acquisition fund were the County's major funds in 2014. Together these funds accounted for 75.4% of total governmental fund assets and 73.7% of total governmental fund balance.

Total Assets – Governmental Funds



Fund Balance – Governmental Funds



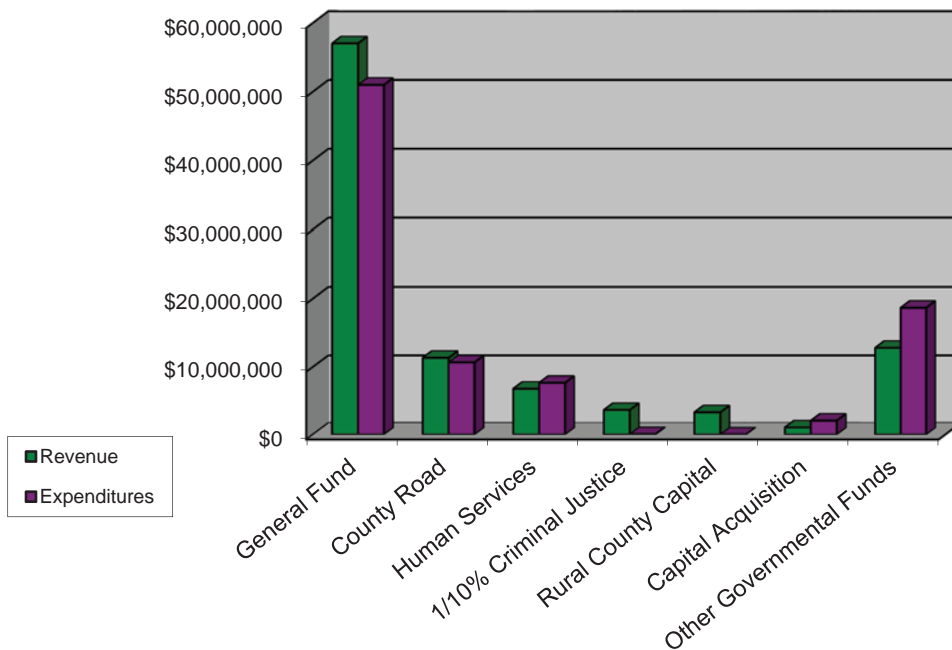
The focus of Benton County’s governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As of December 31, 2014, the county’s governmental funds reported combined fund balances of over \$94.0 million. All of this amount is available for spending within the designated funds. The \$94.0 million compares to a combined ending fund balance of \$88.3 million in 2013, an increase of over \$5.7 million. In comparison to the prior year, revenues are up

2.5% and expenditures increased 1.3%; however, current year revenues exceeded expenditures by over \$5.7 million. Of the major governmental funds Human Services expenditures exceeded revenues over \$0.9 million while the other governmental funds had an excess of revenues over expenditures for an approximate total of over \$3.9 million. Proceeds from the sale of capital assets brought in \$61,423 and net transfers produced a deficit of \$151,520.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Benton County. On December 31, 2014, total fund balance of the General Fund was over \$10.9 million, a decrease of nearly \$1.6 million from 2013 all of which was unassigned. Total assets in the General Fund amounted to over \$19.0 million, accounting for 18.1% of total governmental fund assets. General Fund total assets decreased by only \$0.3 million when compared to total assets of nearly \$19.4 million at the end of 2013. Total cash, cash equivalents, deposits with fiscal agents and investments increased by \$6.2 million compared to 2013 and liabilities increased by \$1.3 million.

Governmental Funds Revenue/Expenditure Analysis

The following chart shows the revenue and expenditure amounts for the four major governmental funds and for all other governmental funds.



The revenue indicators in the chart do not include one-time only financing sources or uses such as transfers (in and out), proceeds from new debt or the sale of assets. The General fund, County Road, Human Services, 1/10% Criminal Justice and Rural County Capital funds account for 85.5% of all governmental fund revenue and 77.0% of all expenditures. The Capital Acquisition fund is considered a major fund by the merits of its total assets. In 2014, the Capital Acquisition fund received over \$1.0 million in revenue with most of this coming from intergovernmental resources and charges for services revenue. This year the 1/10% Criminal Justice fund and Rural County Capital fund once again are classified as major funds by the virtue of their asset values.

The net change in fund balance for the General fund in 2014 was a decrease of over \$1.5 million. Although revenues increased by over 2.4 million, there was an increase in transfers out of over six million. 2014 General fund revenues increased over 4% (2.4 million) and interest earnings rose by \$0.4 million.

Other revenue classifications were changed for 2013 due to the State Auditors Budget and Accounting Reporting System restructure project, therefore comparisons of some revenue classifications for current year to prior year are not presented.

General fund expenditures increased only slightly by 0.1 million at the end of 2014. The Road fund had a net increase in fund balance of over \$0.9 million reflecting a decrease in expenditures primarily in road construction.

The Human Services fund had a net decrease in fund balance of less than \$0.9 million due decreases in grant funding and an increase in costs of services provided.

The Capital Acquisition fund had an increase in fund balance of almost \$4.0 million, mainly due to transfers of \$5.0 million to fund facility infrastructure renovations.

Other governmental funds, including the 1/10% Criminal Justice and Rural County Capital funds, had an overall positive net change in fund balance of over \$3.2 million for 2014.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund Changes in Budget

In 2012, Benton County adopted a budget for the 2013/2014 biennium. The following table shows the changes between the original and the final General Fund budget as of December 31, 2014.

**Benton County, Washington
General Fund Changes in Budget
As of December 31, 2014**

	2013/2014		Changes Over (Under)
	Original Budget	Final Budget	
<i><u>Revenues</u></i>			
Taxes	\$ 58,240,559	\$ 58,240,559	\$ 0
Licenses and Permits	136,975	136,975	0
Intergovernmental	8,265,717	8,513,721	248,004
Charges For Services	32,641,036	32,641,036	0
Fines and Forfeits	7,188,195	7,188,195	0
Miscellaneous Revenues	3,209,388	3,209,811	423
Total Revenues	<u>109,681,870</u>	<u>109,930,297</u>	<u>248,427</u>
<i><u>Expenditures</u></i>			
General Governmental Services	50,161,947	50,150,802	(11,145)
Public Safety	51,087,284	51,328,229	240,945
Utilities	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	2,002,233	1,939,780	(62,453)
Social Services	1,663,840	1,663,840	0
Culture and Recreation	943,813	955,148	11,335
Capital Outlay	132,775	189,464	56,689
Total Expenditures	<u>105,991,892</u>	<u>106,227,263</u>	<u>235,371</u>
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>3,689,978</u>	<u>3,703,034</u>	<u>13,056</u>
<i><u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u></i>			
Sale of Capital Assets	3,000	3,000	0
Transfers In	3,875,558	3,875,558	0
Transfers Out	(7,644,874)	(13,657,930)	(6,013,056)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(3,766,316)</u>	<u>(9,779,372)</u>	<u>(6,013,056)</u>
Excess (Deficit) Resources Over Uses	(76,338)	(6,076,338)	(6,000,000)
Fund Balance, January 1	7,300,000	7,300,000	0
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 7,223,662</u>	<u>\$ 1,223,662</u>	<u>\$ (6,000,000)</u>

Budgeted expenditure increases combined with transfer activity equaled budgeted revenue increases combined with transfers in.

Amendments to the 2014 budget consisted of transferring cash carry forward to the Economic Development, Park Development and Fair Operations funds as allowed by budget policy. The Capital Acquisition Fund also received a transfer from the general fund balance to finance renovations to the facility infrastructure of the County.

Transfers out of the General Fund were made to the following funds: Juvenile, Jail Depreciation, Protective Inspection Services and to Human Services in the amounts of \$3,400,943, \$120,363, \$24,680, and \$164 respectively.

General Fund Budget to Actual

The following table shows the changes between the final budget of the General Fund and actual revenues and expenditures of the General Fund during 2014.

**Benton County, Washington
General Fund – Budget vs. Actual
As of December 31, 2014**

	2013/2014		Variance Over (Under)
	Final Budget 2013/2014	Actual Thru 12/31/2014	
<i><u>Revenues</u></i>			
Taxes	\$ 58,240,559	\$ 59,731,556	\$1,490,997
Licenses and Permits	136,975	179,963	42,988
Intergovernmental	8,513,721	8,890,140	376,419
Charges For Services	32,641,036	32,329,934	(311,102)
Fines and Forfeits	7,188,195	7,050,871	(137,324)
Miscellaneous Revenues	3,209,811	3,435,899	226,088
Total Revenues	<u>109,930,297</u>	<u>111,618,363</u>	<u>1,688,066</u>
<i><u>Expenditures</u></i>			
General Governmental Services	50,150,802	46,632,544	(3,518,258)
Public Safety	51,328,229	50,699,508	(628,721)
Utilities	0	0	0
Transportation	0	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	1,939,780	1,820,906	(118,874)
Social Services	1,663,840	1,594,892	(68,948)
Culture and Recreation	955,148	910,100	(45,048)
Capital Outlay	189,464	182,827	(6,637)
Total Expenditures	<u>106,227,263</u>	<u>101,840,777</u>	<u>(4,386,486)</u>
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>3,703,034</u>	<u>9,777,586</u>	<u>6,074,552</u>
<i><u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u></i>			
Sale of Capital Assets	3,000	50,327	47,327
Transfers In	3,875,558	3,850,232	(25,326)
Transfers Out	(13,657,930)	(13,032,955)	(624,975)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(9,779,372)</u>	<u>(9,132,396)</u>	<u>(646,976)</u>
Excess (Deficit) Resources Over Uses	(6,076,338)	645,190	6,721,528
Fund Balance, January 1	7,300,000	10,350,453	3,050,453
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 1,223,662</u>	<u>\$ 10,995,643</u>	<u>\$ 9,771,981</u>

Benton County implemented biennium budgeting starting with the two year period ending December 31, 2012.

The above table compares the two year budget for the 2013 and 2014 biennium. As reflected, revenues were higher than anticipated by over \$1.6 million which can be accounted for by the strengthening of the economy. The expenditures of the County were below budgeted expectations maintained by efficiencies of the government.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Benton County's total investment in capital assets, including construction in progress, for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2014, amounts to over \$124 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, infrastructure, and construction in progress on buildings and systems. The County has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected transportation infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the County expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Information about infrastructure assets is found in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the CAFR. Major capital asset events during the current year included the following:

- The infrastructure target is that no more than 20% of the arterial road pavements shall be rated below "Good". Benton County has taken a proactive approach to improve the condition of its roads. This is in part due to overlay and crack sealing programs. Assessments are performed on a biannual basis; the last assessment in 2013 had 97% of the arterial road pavements rated as "Good", exceeding the target.
- Infrastructure budgeted expenditures to maintain roads and bridges for 2014 were \$7.1 million. Actual expenditures were over \$5.6 million. Preservation accounted for \$1.7 million of the expenditures.
- In 2014 the County wide run-off road and intersection safety improvements which made improvements to Old Imperial Highway, Badger Road, Clodfelter Road, Rothrock Road and Webber Canyon Road in order to reduce vehicle crashes was completed. The total project cost was \$580,947.
- Nine Canyon Road Phase 1 – The project realigns and replaces 3.23 miles of the exiting roadway from SR 397 to Mills Road to improve capacity and safety. The project is currently under construction with an estimated construction cost of \$2,825,756.
- Nine Canyon Road Phase 2 – The project realigns and replaces 2.65 miles of the existing roadway from Mills Road to Beck Road to improve capacity and improve safety. The project is currently in design. Right of way acquisition is expected in July 2015. Construction is expected to begin in September 2015. The estimated project cost is \$2,500,000.
- Fourteen vehicles were purchased for the Sheriff's fleet for an approximate value of \$519,515 including up-fit costs. The Juvenile Center purchase two 2014 Chevrolet Impala's for \$39,280.
- A second K-9 Patrol dog was purchased by the Sheriff's department for \$9,774.
- The Capital Projects fund purchased additional equipment to upgrade the voice system costing over \$0.3 million for an approximate cumulative project total of \$2,000,000.

- A new restroom facility is being constructed at the County Fairgrounds. Cost to date is \$669,184.
- Leasehold improvements were completed on the facilities for the Crisis Response Unit for a total cost of \$75,000.
- The Juvenile Center replaced a steamer and dishwasher in the kitchen at a total cost of \$42,350.
- At the end of 2014, Construction in Progress projects included remodels for the Prosser Courthouse bathrooms, various department remodel projects, common area improvements and preliminary work on the new Public Works maintenance facility in Kennewick.

Additional information on Benton County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 and in the RSI section of this report.

Long-Term Debt

At December 31, 2014, Benton County had total bonded debt outstanding of over \$17.2 million, all of which is classified as governmental activity and backed by the full faith and credit of the County. An additional amount of \$230,000 is special assessment debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the assessment.

Benton County's total bonded debt had a net decrease of nearly \$2.2 million during 2014. Significant debt activity in 2014 included the repayment of debt according to the repayment schedules. The County's remaining capacity for non-voted debt at December 31, 2014 was approximately \$219.3 million. On July 16, 2007, Benton County Road accepted the first draw on a loan from the Washington State Department of Community Trade and Economic Development in the amount of \$1,462,500. On July 24, 2008, an additional draw of \$812,500 was accepted by Benton County Road and on December 29, 2008 one more draw of \$812,500 was accepted. The final draw was completed on March 31, 2009, in the amount of \$162,500. This loan was for the development of the I-82 to SR397 Intertie Project. The loan is low-interest of 0.50% and the repayment term is approximately 20 years from completion of the project. On June 28, 1985, the County began receiving working advance funds from the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS). The amount is currently at \$207,667. The amount has no repayment schedule and is available for use until DSHS requests its return. Benton County overall maintains an "Aa2" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. During 2009, Standard and Poors raised its rating for Benton County's general obligation debt from "A+" to "AA" "based on a history of very strong operating reserves". Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 9.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

As economic conditions improve the Economic and Revenue Forecast Council for Washington State projected a revenue budget surplus of over \$1 billion for the 2013-2015 State biennium. The Governor proposed a mix of spending cuts, reform savings, fund shifts and revenue adjustments for the legislature to consider along with some increased spending. Benton County expects to see some increased state funding in 2015.

In 2014, the county labor force was estimated to be 89,675. The Benton County unemployment rate at year-end was 8.4 percent in 2014 which is 0.3 percent higher than in 2013.

For the Kennewick-Pasco-Richland Metropolitan Statistical Area (that contains both Benton and Franklin counties), the March 2015 preliminary unemployment rate was 7.5 percent, down by 1.5 percent from the 9.0 percent rate in March 2014.

Preliminary March 2015 estimates for the combined counties show that the total civilian labor force was up by 1.6 percent, from 125,220 in March 2014 to 127,260 in March 2015. The number of employed residents was 117,750 in March 2015, up by 3.4 percent from 113,890 in March 2014. At the same time the number of unemployed workers decreased by 16.1 percent from 11,330 in March 2014 to 9,510 in March 2015.

The total number of nonfarm jobs was at more than 105,000, up from 104,000 in February 2015 and 102,000 a year ago. The addition of about 800 employees in administrative and support services, which includes Hanford workers but also accountants who gained clients during tax season, was the biggest gain of any sector.

The housing market here is stable with growing housing inventories, and affordable prices. The national and state housing sectors are expanding and growing, which is expected to drive economic growth even in the local area as consumer confidence in buying and selling homes increase. According to Washington state nonfarm projections, The Tri-Cities area, which included both Benton and Franklin Counties, are expected to be fastest growing area in the state through 2020. Manufacturing and construction sectors are expected to lead the way in annual growth at 1.7 percent and 3.4 percent through 2016. In response to growth in manufacturing and agriculture, wholesale trade along with transportation and warehousing industries are expected to expand as well. Also, education and healthcare industries are expected to grow at 3.0 percent a year through 2016. As the economy becomes more stable and moves forward with new markets, new products and technology in research and development, manufacturing, and wine production and utilization are expected to play a big role in Benton County's future prosperity.

Low interest rates will continue to limit interest earnings on invested funds, however, the County's implementation of a Treasurer's Investment Pool in 2012 is taking advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities.

The Department of Revenue reports an increase of 2.3% in taxable retail sales for the twelve month period ending third quarter 2014 (fourth quarter information unavailable at this time),

The impacts of the economic recession on Benton County's upcoming budget cycle have been marginally diminished due to one of our continual goals, *"avoid creating future unsustainable obligations rather than cut when costs inevitably exceed revenues."* It has been our diligence to this goal in the past that has prevented large reductions in our current staffing and service levels in the 2015-2016 budget. As the County faces uncertainties on the state and federal level, along with a slow economic recovery, Benton County expects to prevail due to our financially sound practices, strong financial management, and conservative budgeting approach.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Benton County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Brenda Chilton, Auditor
Benton County Auditor's Office
P.O. Box 470
Prosser, Washington 99350-0470
(509) 786-5620

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements and note disclosure comprise the minimum acceptable fair presentation in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Basic financial statements are designed to be “liftable” from the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for widespread distribution to users requiring less detailed information than is contained in the full CAFR. Basic Financial Statements include:

Government-wide Financial Statements

- (1) **Government-wide Statement of Net Position** – presents information on all County governmental and proprietary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position.
- (2) **Government-wide Statement of Activities** – presents information on all County governmental and proprietary revenues and expenses, with the difference reported as change in net position.

Fund Financial Statements

- (3) **Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds** – presents the balance sheets for major funds and aggregate amounts for all other governmental funds.
- (4) **Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.**
- (5) **Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds** – presents information for each major fund and aggregate information for all other governmental funds.
- (6) **Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities.**
- (7) **Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in fund Balance – budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual** – presents budget information, along with actual results, on separate statements for each major fund which has a legally adopted budget. Departmental information is included for the General Fund, in accordance with the County’s legally adopted budget.
- (8) **Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds** – presents information on all assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as change in net position for the internal service funds.

- (9) **Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds** – presents information for the County’s internal service funds.
- (10) **Statement of Cash Flows** – presents information on the sources and uses of cash for the County’s internal service funds.
- (11) **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** – presents information on agency fund assets and liabilities.
- (12) **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** – present disclosure and further detail information to assist the reader in better understanding the financial statements and the data presented within them.

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2014

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
<i>ASSETS</i>	
Cash/Cash Equivalents and Equity in Pooled Investments	\$ 29,900,691
Deposits with Fiscal Agent	2,474,744
Investments	78,794,876
Receivables	5,674,194
Due From Other Governments	3,956,951
Inventories/Prepayments	2,425,662
Joint Ventures	5,440,191
Land	2,729,818
Infrastructure	76,481,417
Construction in Progress	4,695,045
Other Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	<u>40,798,078</u>
 Total Assets	 \$ <u><u>253,371,668</u></u>
 <i>LIABILITIES</i>	
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities	\$ 3,160,192
Accrued Liabilities	6,800,440
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due to Other Governments	207,667
Accrued Liabilities	76,630
Special Assessment Debt with Governmental Commitment	
Due In More Than One Year	230,000
Other Due Within One Year	2,635,046
Other Due In More Than One Year	<u>20,900,202</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>34,010,177</u>
 <i>NET POSITION</i>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	105,252,022
Restricted for:	
General Government	13,341,363
Public Safety	12,415,097
Mental & Health Services	6,735,432
Economic Environment	3,813,708
Transportation	5,251,983
Culture & Recreation	772,103
Utilities & Environment	162,245
Unrestricted (Deficit)	<u>71,617,538</u>
 Total Net Position	 \$ <u><u>219,361,491</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government
					Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 28,782,217	\$ 12,715,371	\$ 1,439,721	\$ 0	\$ (14,627,125)
Public Safety	38,000,175	14,322,851	1,375,600	0	(22,301,725)
Transportation	8,680,848	517,748	471,046	1,831,649	(5,860,405)
Natural & Economic Environment	3,039,010	1,783,663	308,053	0	(947,293)
Social Services	9,298,546	1,592,542	4,968,594	0	(2,737,410)
Culture and Recreation	1,493,796	274,589	110,813	0	(1,108,395)
Interest on Long Term Debt	932,459	0	0	0	(932,459)
	<u>90,227,051</u>	<u>31,206,764</u>	<u>8,673,826</u>	<u>1,831,649</u>	<u>(48,514,813)</u>
Total Governmental Activities					
	\$ 90,227,051	\$ 31,206,764	\$ 8,673,826	\$ 1,831,649	\$ (48,514,813)

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property	26,181,693
Sales	16,914,484
Entitlements, Impact & In-lieu Payments	7,682,599
Excise Taxes	836,799
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	706,995
Interest and Investment Earnings	1,869,899
Total General Revenues	<u>54,192,469</u>

Change in Net Position

5,677,657

Net Position as of January 1

213,683,834

Net Position as of December 31

\$ 219,361,491

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	County Road	Human Services	1/10% Criminal Justice Fund
ASSETS				
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,076,200	\$ 5,385,084	\$ 453,734	\$ 927,828
Deposits with Fiscal Agent	2,474,744	0	0	0
Investments	11,430,587	0	4,933,018	10,107,915
Taxes Receivable	510,727	174,450	9,923	0
Accounts Receivable	1,168,871	470	500	0
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	49,544	1,761	0	0
Due From Other Funds	29,719	36,636	15,988	0
Interfund Receivable	132,872	0	0	0
Due From Other Governmental Units	2,175,282	620,616	703,809	0
Property Held In Trust	20,727	0	0	0
	<u>19,069,272</u>	<u>6,219,017</u>	<u>6,116,972</u>	<u>11,035,743</u>
Total Assets	\$ 19,069,272	\$ 6,219,017	\$ 6,116,972	\$ 11,035,743
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 1,184,375	\$ 433,163	\$ 267,606	\$ 0
Due To Other Funds	26,213	170,380	23,884	0
Interfund Payable	0	0	0	0
Due To Other Governmental Units	0	0	207,667	0
Accrued Wages Payable	3,013,619	248,885	223,967	0
Custodial Accounts	2,474,744	0	0	0
Total Liabilities	<u>6,698,950</u>	<u>852,428</u>	<u>723,124</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Grant Revenue Received in Advance	165,916	0	0	0
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	531,454	174,450	9,923	0
Unavailable Revenue - Court Judgments	677,309	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>1,374,679</u>	<u>174,450</u>	<u>9,923</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	0	5,192,139	5,383,924	11,035,743
Committed	0	0	0	0
Assigned	0	0	0	0
Unassigned	10,995,643	0	0	0
Total Fund Balances	<u>10,995,643</u>	<u>5,192,139</u>	<u>5,383,924</u>	<u>11,035,743</u>
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u>19,069,273</u>	\$ <u>6,219,017</u>	\$ <u>6,116,972</u>	\$ <u>11,035,743</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

	Major Funds			Total
	Rural County Capital Fund	Capital Acquisition	Other Governmental Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 968,277	\$ 2,142,685	\$ 8,822,757	\$ 19,776,565
Deposits with Fiscal Agent	0	0	0	2,474,744
Investments	10,548,591	23,343,336	16,603,961	76,967,408
Taxes Receivable	0	0	4,487	699,588
Accounts Receivable	0	0	189,098	1,358,939
Assessments Receivable	0	0	15,757	15,757
Interest Receivable	0	0	2,234	53,538
Due From Other Funds	0	0	800	83,143
Interfund Loans Receivable	0	0	0	132,872
Due From Other Governmental Units	0	3,145	441,270	3,944,122
Property Held In Trust	0	0	0	20,727
Total Assets	\$ 11,516,868	\$ 25,489,166	\$ 26,080,364	\$ 105,527,402
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities				
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 0	\$ 291,173	\$ 411,879	\$ 2,588,196
Due To Other Funds	0	0	69,198	289,675
Interfund Payable	0	0	132,872	132,872
Due To Other Governmental Units	0	0	0	207,667
Accrued Wages Payable	0	0	688,285	4,174,756
Custodial Accounts	0	0	0	2,474,744
Total Liabilities	0	291,173	1,302,234	9,867,910
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Grant Revenue Received in Advance	0	0	0	165,916
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	20,244	736,072
Unavailable Revenue - Court Judgments	0	0	0	677,309
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	20,244	1,579,296
Fund Balance				
Restricted	11,516,868	0	9,192,071	42,320,745
Committed	0	0	15,723,468	15,723,468
Assigned	0	25,197,993	0	25,197,993
Unassigned	0	0	(157,653)	10,837,990
Total Fund Balances	11,516,868	25,197,993	24,757,886	\$ 94,080,197
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 11,516,868	\$ 25,489,166	\$ 26,080,364	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2014

Total fund balances as shown on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet:	\$ 94,080,197
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. This amount reflects the initial investment in capital assets, including construction in progress at 12/31/14. This amount does not include internal service fund capital assets, which are included as a reconciling item in a note further down on this page.	219,826,270
Life to date depreciation on capital assets is reflected in the statement of net position. This amount does not include internal service fund depreciation which is included reconciling item in a note further down on this page.	(94,715,918)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the funds.	5,121,252
Internal Service funds are used to charge the costs of services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	18,856,950
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(23,807,261)
Total Net Position, as reflected on the Statement of Net Position:	\$ 219,361,491

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
 Governmental Funds
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Major Funds			
	General Fund	County Roads	Human Services	1/10% Criminal Justice Fund
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 20,257,322	\$ 5,404,139	\$ 398,123	\$ 0
Sales and Use Taxes	9,347,791	0	0	3,625,254
Other Taxes	387,459	78,910	3,339	0
Licenses and Permits	77,164	1,100	0	0
Intergovernmental	4,452,638	5,388,857	4,905,807	0
Charges for Services	17,055,046	441,086	1,466,356	0
Fines and Forfeits	3,560,753	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	1,641,830	12,403	0	0
Donations	7,912	0	0	0
Other Revenues	229,877	14,767	1,293	0
Total Revenues	57,017,793	11,341,262	6,774,918	3,625,254
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	23,318,142	269,732	0	48,152
Public Safety	25,554,456	0	0	0
Transportation	0	7,262,245	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	819,965	0	0	0
Social Services	798,148	0	7,431,316	0
Culture and Recreation	453,980	0	0	0
Debt Service:				
Principal	0	197,748	0	0
Interest	0	10,876	0	0
Capital Outlay	41,604	2,927,350	214,578	0
Total Expenditures	50,986,294	10,667,951	7,645,894	48,152
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	6,031,498	673,311	(870,976)	3,577,102
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Proceeds of Capital Assets	47,651	0	0	0
Transfers In	1,927,918	280,000	164	0
Transfers Out	(9,546,150)	0	(23,139)	(2,434,034)
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	(7,570,581)	280,000	(22,975)	(2,434,034)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,539,083)	953,311	(893,951)	1,143,068
Fund Balance-January 1	12,534,726	4,238,828	6,277,875	9,892,675
Fund Balance-December 31	\$ 10,995,643	\$ 5,192,139	\$ 5,383,924	\$ 11,035,743

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Major Funds			Total
	Rural County Capital Fund	Capital Acquisition	Other Governmental Funds	
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 179,951	\$ 26,239,535
Sales and Use Taxes	3,279,597	0	661,842	16,914,484
Other Taxes	0	0	367,091	836,799
Licenses and Permits	0	0	861,744	940,008
Intergovernmental	0	803,516	2,945,550	18,496,368
Charges for Services	0	124,944	6,584,009	25,671,441
Fines and Forfeits	0	0	4,476	3,565,229
Interest Earnings	0	1,000	158,005	1,813,238
Donations	0	0	769	8,681
Other Revenues	0	115,000	1,066,440	1,427,377
 Total Revenues	 <u>3,279,597</u>	 <u>1,044,460</u>	 <u>12,829,877</u>	 <u>95,913,161</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	0	399,456	2,744,757	26,780,239
Public Safety	0	0	8,882,702	34,437,158
Transportation	0	0	157,653	7,419,898
Natural & Economic Environment	0	0	2,230,998	3,050,963
Social Services	0	0	80,989	8,310,453
Culture and Recreation	0	100,000	644,510	1,198,490
Debt Service:				
Principal	0	0	2,240,000	2,437,748
Interest	0	0	915,032	925,908
Capital Outlay	0	1,547,287	774,622	5,505,441
 Total Expenditures	 <u>0</u>	 <u>2,046,743</u>	 <u>18,671,263</u>	 <u>90,066,297</u>
Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	 <u>3,279,597</u>	 <u>(1,002,283)</u>	 <u>(5,841,386)</u>	 <u>5,846,863</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Proceeds of Capital Assets	0	0	13,772	61,423
Transfers In	0	5,000,000	8,246,245	15,454,327
Transfers Out	(2,038,300)	0	(1,564,224)	(15,605,847)
 Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	 <u>(2,038,300)</u>	 <u>5,000,000</u>	 <u>6,695,793</u>	 <u>(90,097)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,241,297	3,997,717	854,407	5,756,766
Fund Balance-January 1	10,275,571	21,200,276	23,903,479	88,323,430
Fund Balance-December 31	<u>\$ 11,516,868</u>	<u>\$ 25,197,993</u>	<u>\$ 24,757,886</u>	<u>\$ 94,080,196</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Net change in fund balances as shown on Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance:	\$ 5,756,766
Internal Service Fund Interest, Misc Rev/Exp and Proceeds From Capital Asset Sales and Transfers	685,065
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and proceeds from the sale of capital assets as revenues. In the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and depreciated over the period of the asset's useful life. When capital assets are disposed of, the difference between original cost and depreciation, and the proceeds are booked as a gain or (loss) on the sale. This entry takes into account the differences in how capital costs are treated between the Statement of Activities and the governmental fund statements.	(3,895,038)
Internal service fund expenses are allocated to other funds. The net expense of certain internal service fund activities is reported with governmental activities on the Statement of Activities.	788,637
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This entry is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt issuance and payments.	2,437,748
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(36,754)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and accordingly, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(58,768)
Change in Net Position, as reflected on the Statement of Activities	\$ 5,677,657

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<i>Revenues</i>					
Taxes	\$ 58,240,559	\$ 58,240,559	\$ 29,738,984	\$ 29,992,572	\$ 1,490,997
Licenses and Permits	136,975	136,975	102,799	77,164	42,988
Intergovernmental Revenues	8,265,717	8,513,721	4,437,502	4,452,638	376,419
Charges for Services	32,641,036	32,641,036	15,274,888	17,055,046	(311,102)
Fines and Forfeitures	7,188,195	7,188,195	3,490,117	3,560,753	(137,324)
Miscellaneous Revenue	3,209,388	3,209,811	1,556,280	1,879,619	226,088
Total Revenues	<u>109,681,870</u>	<u>109,930,297</u>	<u>54,600,571</u>	<u>57,017,793</u>	<u>1,688,066</u>
<i>Expenditures</i>					
General Government Services	50,161,947	50,150,802	23,314,402	23,318,142	(3,518,258)
Public Safety	51,087,284	51,328,229	25,145,053	25,554,456	(628,721)
Natural & Economic Environment	2,002,233	1,939,780	1,000,941	819,965	(118,874)
Social Services	1,663,840	1,663,840	796,744	798,148	(68,948)
Culture and Recreation	943,813	955,148	456,120	453,980	(45,048)
Capital Outlay	132,775	189,464	141,223	41,604	(6,637)
Total Expenditures	<u>105,991,892</u>	<u>106,227,263</u>	<u>50,854,483</u>	<u>50,986,294</u>	<u>(4,386,486)</u>
Excess(Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>3,689,978</u>	<u>3,703,034</u>	<u>3,746,088</u>	<u>6,031,498</u>	<u>6,074,552</u>
<i>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</i>					
Sale of Capital Assets	3,000	3,000	2,676	47,651	47,327
Transfers In	3,875,558	3,875,558	1,922,314	1,927,918	(25,326)
Transfers Out	(7,644,874)	(13,657,930)	(3,486,805)	(9,546,150)	(624,975)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(3,766,316)</u>	<u>(9,779,372)</u>	<u>(1,561,815)</u>	<u>(7,570,581)</u>	<u>(646,976)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	(76,338)	(6,076,338)	2,184,273	(1,539,083)	6,721,528
Fund Balance, January 1	<u>7,300,000</u>	<u>7,300,000</u>	<u>10,350,453</u>	<u>12,534,726</u>	<u>3,050,453</u>
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 7,223,662</u>	<u>\$ 1,223,662</u>	<u>\$ 12,534,726</u>	<u>\$ 10,995,643</u>	<u>\$ 9,771,981</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

County Road

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Property Taxes	\$ 10,707,300	\$ 10,707,300	\$ 5,298,370	\$ 5,404,139	\$ (4,791)
Excise and Other Taxes	150,000	150,000	101,785	78,910	30,695
Total Taxes	<u>10,857,300</u>	<u>10,857,300</u>	<u>5,400,155</u>	<u>5,483,049</u>	<u>25,904</u>
Licenses and Permits	8,200	8,200	4,500	1,100	(2,600)
Intergovernmental Revenues	14,444,852	14,444,852	5,721,406	5,388,857	(3,334,589)
Charges for Services	2,111,400	2,111,400	346,589	441,086	(1,323,725)
Interest Earnings	10,000	10,000	12,501	12,403	14,904
Donations	15,000	15,000	0	0	(15,000)
Miscellaneous Revenues	14,400	14,400	1,623	14,767	1,990
Total Revenues	<u>27,461,152</u>	<u>27,461,152</u>	<u>11,486,774</u>	<u>11,341,262</u>	<u>(4,633,116)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Governmental Services	770,300	770,300	335,941	269,732	(164,627)
Transportation	18,211,053	18,209,053	5,643,635	7,262,245	(5,303,173)
Debt Service:					
Principal	396,000	396,000	197,748	197,748	(504)
Interest	27,000	27,000	11,865	10,876	(4,259)
Capital Outlay	11,544,367	11,546,367	4,813,186	2,927,350	(3,805,831)
Total Expenditures	<u>30,948,720</u>	<u>30,948,720</u>	<u>11,002,375</u>	<u>10,667,951</u>	<u>(9,278,394)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>(3,487,568)</u>	<u>(3,487,568)</u>	<u>484,399</u>	<u>673,311</u>	<u>4,645,278</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Proceeds of Capital Assets	0	1,000	0	0	(1,000)
Intergovernmental Payments	(228,000)	(228,000)	0	0	(228,000)
Transfers In	2,119,675	2,119,675	310,103	280,000	(1,529,572)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,891,675</u>	<u>1,892,675</u>	<u>310,103</u>	<u>280,000</u>	<u>(1,758,572)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures	<u>(1,595,893)</u>	<u>(1,594,893)</u>	<u>794,502</u>	<u>953,311</u>	<u>3,342,706</u>
Fund Balance, January 1	1,631,893	1,631,893	3,444,326	4,238,828	6,051,261
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 36,000</u>	<u>\$ 37,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,238,828</u>	<u>\$ 5,192,139</u>	<u>\$ 9,393,967</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Human Services

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Property Taxes	\$ 696,000	\$ 696,000	\$ 382,125	\$ 398,123	\$ 84,248
Excise and Other Taxes	2,000	2,000	1,305	3,339	2,644
Total Taxes	<u>698,000</u>	<u>698,000</u>	<u>383,430</u>	<u>401,462</u>	<u>86,892</u>
Intergovernmental Revenues	15,467,230	15,213,230	5,862,274	4,905,807	(4,445,149)
Charges for Services	1,992,000	2,246,000	1,018,415	1,466,356	238,771
Miscellaneous Revenues	115,800	115,800	56,111	1,293	(58,396)
Total Revenues	<u>18,273,030</u>	<u>18,273,030</u>	<u>7,320,230</u>	<u>6,774,918</u>	<u>(4,177,882)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Social Services	21,063,267	20,988,267	6,590,932	7,431,316	(6,966,019)
Capital Outlay	414,579	489,579	0	214,578	(275,001)
Total Expenditures	<u>21,477,846</u>	<u>21,477,846</u>	<u>6,590,932</u>	<u>7,645,894</u>	<u>(7,241,020)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>(3,204,816)</u>	<u>(3,204,816)</u>	<u>729,298</u>	<u>(870,976)</u>	<u>3,063,138</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Redemption of Long-Term Debt	(207,667)	(207,667)	0	0	207,667
Transfers In	6,200	6,200	2,752	164	(3,284)
Transfers Out	(66,000)	(66,000)	(17,535)	(23,139)	25,326
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(267,467)</u>	<u>(267,467)</u>	<u>(14,783)</u>	<u>(22,975)</u>	<u>229,709</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures	<u>(3,472,283)</u>	<u>(3,472,283)</u>	<u>714,515</u>	<u>(893,951)</u>	<u>3,292,847</u>
Fund Balance, January 1	<u>4,300,000</u>	<u>4,300,000</u>	<u>5,563,360</u>	<u>6,277,875</u>	<u>7,541,235</u>
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 827,717</u>	<u>\$ 827,717</u>	<u>\$ 6,277,875</u>	<u>\$ 5,383,924</u>	<u>\$ 10,834,082</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

1/10 Percent Criminal Justice Jail - Juvenile

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 6,240,000	\$ 6,240,000	\$ 3,559,071	\$ 3,625,254	\$ 944,325
Total Revenues	<u>6,240,000</u>	<u>6,240,000</u>	<u>3,559,071</u>	<u>3,625,254</u>	<u>944,325</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	158,605	200,000	0	48,152	(151,848)
Total Expenditures	<u>158,605</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>48,152</u>	<u>(151,848)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	6,081,395	6,040,000	3,559,071	3,577,102	1,096,173
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(4,785,278)	(4,826,673)	(2,392,639)	(2,434,034)	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	<u>(4,785,278)</u>	<u>(4,826,673)</u>	<u>(2,392,639)</u>	<u>(2,434,034)</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	1,296,117	1,213,327	1,166,432	1,143,068	1,096,173
Fund Balance as of January 1	8,600,000	8,600,000	8,726,243	9,892,675	10,018,918
Fund Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 9,896,117</u>	<u>\$ 9,813,327</u>	<u>\$ 9,892,675</u>	<u>\$ 11,035,743</u>	<u>\$ 11,115,091</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Rural County Capital

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 5,900,000	\$ 5,900,000	\$ 3,228,140	\$ 3,279,597	\$ 607,737
Total Revenues	<u>5,900,000</u>	<u>5,900,000</u>	<u>3,228,140</u>	<u>3,279,597</u>	<u>607,737</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	400,000	400,000	0	0	(400,000)
Total Expenditures	<u>400,000</u>	<u>400,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(400,000)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	5,500,000	5,500,000	3,228,140	3,279,597	1,007,737
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(4,075,400)	(4,075,400)	(2,037,100)	(2,038,300)	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	<u>(4,075,400)</u>	<u>(4,075,400)</u>	<u>(2,037,100)</u>	<u>(2,038,300)</u>	<u>0</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	1,424,600	1,424,600	1,191,040	1,241,297	1,007,737
Fund Balance as of January 1	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,084,531	10,275,571	10,360,102
Fund Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 10,424,600</u>	<u>\$ 10,424,600</u>	<u>\$ 10,275,571</u>	<u>\$ 11,516,868</u>	<u>\$ 11,367,839</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Net Position

Proprietary Funds

December 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities
	<u>Internal Service Funds</u>
<i>ASSETS</i>	
<u>Current Assets</u>	
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,097,339
Investments	1,854,254
Accounts Receivable	1,167
Interest Receivable	3,249
Due From Other Funds	220,004
Due from Other Governmental Units	12,829
Inventories/Prepayments	2,404,935
Total Current Assets	<u>14,593,777</u>
<u>Noncurrent Assets</u>	
Projects In Progress	194,085
Capital Assets	
Land	246,520
Buildings	3,023,609
Improvements Other Than Buildings	357,918
Machinery and Equipment	10,216,193
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(9,004,127)</u>
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>5,034,197</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 19,627,973</u>
 <i>LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</i>	
<u>Current Liabilities</u>	
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 571,996
Capital Leases Payable	5,805
Due To Other Funds	13,470
Accrued Wages Payable	150,940
Total Current Liabilities	<u>742,211</u>
<u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u>	
Compensated Absences	<u>28,812</u>
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>28,812</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>771,023</u>
<u>Net Position</u>	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,028,392
Unrestricted	<u>13,828,559</u>
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 18,856,950</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities
	<u>Internal Services</u>
	<u>Internal Services</u>
<i><u>Operating Revenues</u></i>	
Net Charges for Services	\$ 8,106,876
Other Operating Revenue	14,370
Total Operating Revenues	<u>8,121,246</u>
<i><u>Operating Expenses</u></i>	
Personal Services	2,004,346
Contractual services	2,805,511
Other Supplies and Expenses	1,050,058
Depreciation	753,922
Payment to Claimants	718,771
Total Operating Expenses	<u>7,332,609</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>788,637</u>
<i><u>Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)</u></i>	
Interest Revenue	23,534
Interest Expense	(6,551)
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	511,795
Other Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	4,766
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	<u>533,544</u>
Income (Loss) before Transfers	1,322,181
Transfers In	151,521
Change in Net Position	<u>1,473,702</u>
Net Position as of January 1	17,383,248
Net Position as of December 31	<u>\$ 18,856,950</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities
	<u>Internal Services</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</u>	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 122,890
Receipts from Interfund Services Provided	8,943,870
Miscellaneous Receipts	23,713
Payments to Employees	(2,242,119)
Payments to Suppliers	(4,545,789)
Payments for Interfund Services Used	<u>(203,225)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>2,099,340</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:</u>	
Transfers from Other Funds	<u>151,521</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>151,521</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities</u>	
Interest Paid on Capital Lease	(6,551)
Principal Paid on Capital Lease	(97,319)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	107,910
Purchases of capital assets	<u>(1,361,254)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(1,357,214)</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Investing Activities:</u>	
Interest Earnings	<u>23,677</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>23,677</u>
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	917,324
Balances as of January 1	<u>11,034,270</u>
Balances as of December 31	<u>\$ 11,951,594</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Statement of Cash Flows
 Proprietary Funds
 Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Governmental Activities Internal Services
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</u>	
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ <u>788,637</u>
<u>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:</u>	
Depreciation Expense	753,922
<u>Changes in assets and liabilities:</u>	
Receivables, net	381,794
Inventories	193,251
Accounts and other payables	<u>(18,264)</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ <u><u>2,099,340</u></u>
 <u>Non-cash Investing, Capital or Financing Activities</u>	
Lease of Capital Assets	\$ <u>4,612</u>
Total Non-Cash Activities	\$ <u><u>4,612</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2014

	<u>Investment Trust Funds</u>	<u>Agency Funds</u>
ASSETS		
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 161,089,829	\$ 60,319,477
Taxes Receivable		4,009,105
Total Assets	<u>161,089,829</u>	<u>64,328,582</u>
LIABILITIES		
Warrants Payable		12,308,482
Vouchers Payable		1,283,772
Due to Other Governments		50,736,328
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>64,328,582</u>
NET POSITION		
Net Position held in trust for pool Participants	<u>161,089,829</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>161,089,829</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

December 31, 2014

	<u>Investment Trust Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	
Additions by Participants	\$ 87,259,961
Total Contributions	<u>87,259,961</u>
Investment Income	
Unrealized Gains (Losses)	(1,095,150)
Net Investment Income	(1,095,150)
Total Additions	<u>86,164,811</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Distributions to Participants	<u>35,215,067</u>
Total Deductions	<u>35,215,067</u>
Change in Net Position Held For Individuals, Organizations & Other Governments	<u>50,949,744</u>
Net Position As Of January 1	110,140,085
Net Position As Of December 31	<u>\$ 161,089,829</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

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NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Benton County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Benton County was incorporated in March, 1905 and operates under the laws of the state of Washington applicable to a non-charter county. The County operates under a commissioner form of government and provides the following services to its constituents: police, road maintenance, planning and zoning, parks and recreation, judicial administration, health, social services, and general administrative services. As required by GAAP, the financial statements present Benton County, the primary government.

The County participates in two joint ventures. These include the Benton County Emergency Services (BCES) and the Metro Drug Forfeiture Fund. These organizations are not part of the County. The County's equity interest in these entities is presented in the Government-wide financial statements. Also, the County participates with the Bi-County Police Information Network (BI-PIN) through a joint cooperative agreement. See Note 15, Joint Ventures, which more fully describes these three organizations.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Benton County's reports present Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Benton County does not have, and, therefore, does not report any business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Additionally, the County's accounting system allocates a portion of its indirect costs to individual functions. These indirect costs have been included as part of the program expenses reported for the various functional activities.

Program revenue includes:

- Charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment.
- Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operation or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements are used to report additional and more detailed information about the primary government. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency fund financial statements do not have a measurement focus and are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or as soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual are earned interest, certain charges for services, and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, where program expenditures are the prime factor for determining reimbursement. Other revenues such as sales based taxes, licenses, fines and fees are not considered susceptible for accrual since they are not generally measurable until received. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Benton County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund.
- The *County Road Fund*, funded with tax revenues and state and federal grants and assistance, accounts for the design, construction, and maintenance of County roads.
- The *Human Services Fund*, funded with tax revenues and state and federal grants and assistance, accounts for the financial operations of County health programs including, but not limited to, mental health, developmental disabilities, alcoholism and drug abuse treatment and prevention programs.
- The *1/10% Criminal Justice Fund*, funded with sales tax revenue to assist the financing of the construction, maintenance and operation of the adult and juvenile jails.
- The *Rural County Capital Fund*, funded with retail sales tax for the purpose of financing public facilities.
- The *Capital Acquisition Fund* accounts for the expenditures incurred for the acquisition or construction of capital assets that are not identified with other capital funds.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- *Internal Service Funds* account for equipment rental, central services, worker's compensation insurance, insurance management and accumulated leave, provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.
- *Agency Funds* are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. These funds account for the cash balances that the County holds for others (such as local taxing districts and other governmental entities) in an agency capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include a) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, b) operating grants and contributions, and c) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally, dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. General revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of personal services, contractual services, other supplies and expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

1. Scope of Budget

Biennial appropriated budgets are adopted for the general and special revenue funds and for all proprietary funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. For governmental funds, there are no differences between the budgetary basis and generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary accounts are integrated into fund ledgers for all budgeted funds, but the financial statements include budgetary comparisons for biennially budgeted governmental funds only. Budgets for debt service and capital project funds are adopted at the level of the individual debt issue or project and for fiscal periods that correspond to the lives of debt issues or projects. National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement 1 does not require, and the financial statements do not present, budgetary comparisons for proprietary fund types.

Biennial appropriated budgets are adopted at the level of the fund, except in the general fund, where expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level and the budgets constitute the legal authority for expenditures at that level. Subsidiary revenue and expenditure ledgers are used to compare budgeted amounts with actual revenues and expenditures. As a management control device, the subsidiary ledgers monitor expenditures for individual functions and activities by object class.

Appropriations for governmental funds lapse at the end of the biennium.

2. Procedures for Adopting the Original Budget

The County's budget procedures are mandated by RCW 36.40. The steps in the budget process are as follows:

- a. Prior to the first Tuesday in September, in even number years, the County Auditor submits a proposed budget to the County Commission. This budget is based on priorities established by the Commission and estimates provided by County departments, during the preceding months, and balanced with revenue estimates made by the County Auditor.
- b. The Commission conducts public hearings on the proposed budget in October, November and December.
- c. The Commission makes its adjustments to the proposed budget and adopts, by resolution, a final balanced biennial budget no later than December 31.
- d. Within 30 days of adoption, the final biennial budget is available to the public.

3. Amending the Budget

The County Auditor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between the supplies and professional service categories of any department. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a department or fund, or that affect the number of authorized employee positions; salary ranges, hours, or other conditions of employment must be approved by the County Commission.

When the County Commission determines that it is in the best interest of the County to increase or decrease the appropriation for a particular fund or department, it may do so by resolution, approved by a simple majority, after holding two public hearings.

Unless stated otherwise, the budget amounts shown in the financial statements are the final authorized amounts as revised during the biennium.

The financial statements contain the original and final budget information. The original budget is the first complete appropriated budget. The final budget is the original budget adjusted by all reserves, transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriation, and other legally authorized changes.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

4. Deficit Fund Equity

At December 31, 2014, the following fund reported a deficit in its fund balance:

Fund Number	Fund Name	Deficit
373	CRID #21 Construction	\$157,653

County Road Improvement District (CRID) #21 is being financed using registered warrants which resulted in a deficit fund balance at the end of 2014.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balance, Deferred Inflows and Net Position

1. Cash/Cash Equivalents and Equity in Pooled Investments

It is the County's policy to invest all temporary cash surpluses. At December 31, 2014, the County Treasurer was holding \$303,229,156 in short-term residual investments of surplus cash as reported on the Benton County Treasurer's investment activity report. The County's portion of this amount, \$29,900,691, is classified on the Statement of Net Position as Cash/Cash Equivalents and Equity in Pooled Investments. The County's portion is classified on the Governmental Balance Sheet of the various funds as Cash/Cash Equivalents. The interest on these investments is credited to the General Fund.

The amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents also include compensating balances maintained with certain banks in lieu of payments for services rendered. The average compensating balances maintained during 2014 were approximately \$8,387,459.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

2. Temporary Investments - See Note 4

3. Receivables

Taxes receivable consists of property taxes and related interest and penalties (See Note 5). Accrued interest receivable consists of amounts earned on investments, notes, and contracts at the end of the year.

Special Assessments are recorded when levied. Special assessments receivable consist of current and delinquent assessments and related interest and penalties. Deferred assessments on the fund financial statements consist of unbilled special assessments that are liens against the property benefited. As of December 31, 2014, \$15,756 of special assessments receivable were delinquent.

Customer accounts receivable consist of amounts owed from private individuals or organizations for goods and services including amounts owed for which billings have not been prepared. Notes and contracts receivable consist of amounts owed on open account from private individuals or organizations for goods and services rendered.

4. Amounts Due to and from Other Funds; Interfund Loans and Advances Receivable

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund loans receivable/payable" or "advances to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." A schedule of Interfund Loans and a separate schedule of Interfund receivables and payables (Due To/From) is included in Note 13.

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve accounting in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

5. Inventories

Inventories in governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

Inventories in proprietary funds are valued by the first in, first out (FIFO) method, which approximates the market value. In accordance with GASB Statement 54, nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, including items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

6. Capital Assets - See Note 6

7. Other Property and Investments - See Note 4.

8. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are absences for which employees will be paid, such as vacation and sick leave. In governmental funds, compensated absences that are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and fund liability in the fund that will pay for them. In proprietary funds, compensated absences are recorded as an expense and liability of the fund that will pay for them.

Vacation pay, which may be accumulated up to 240 hours, is payable upon resignation, retirement or death. Sick leave may be accumulated up to 1040 hours. Employees hired prior to July 1, 1992, are eligible for half of their accumulated sick leave upon voluntary termination, retirement or death. Employees hired on or after July 1, 1992, may be eligible for twenty-five percent of their accumulated sick leave upon retirement with a maximum amount of \$5,000.

Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement).

9. Other Accrued Liabilities

These accounts consist of accrued wages and accrued employee benefits.

10. Long-Term Debt - See Note 9

11. Unearned Revenues

This account includes amounts recognized as receivables, but not revenues, in governmental funds (i.e., tax assessments) because the revenue recognition criteria has not been met.

12. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In July, 2011, the GASB issued Statement no. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of resources, and Net Position* (GASB 63). The County implemented GASB Statement 63 beginning in fiscal year 2011.

Deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements include delinquent taxes and court judgments that are earned, but not yet available under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

13. Fund Balance Classifications

In February, 2009, the GASB issued Statement no. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB 54). The County implemented GASB Statement 54 beginning in fiscal year 2011, including a reclassification of ending fund balances from the previous fiscal year ending December 31, 2010.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

By resolution number 11-793 dated December 13, 2011 the County has adopted the Budget Policies and Procedures authorizing fund balance designation and operational use.

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. For the classification of fund balances, the County considers amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which fund balance is both available and can be used. In accordance with GASB Statement 54, the fund balances of the County are classified into the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not is spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, including items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts where constraints have been placed on the use of resources by either (a) external imposition by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposition by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), the highest level of decision-making authority for the County. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the BOCC removes or changes the specified use through formal action by resolution. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County Board of Commissioner's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The BOCC has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the County Administrator or his/her designee. During the current reporting period, a designee was not assigned.

Unassigned fund balance represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed or assigned.

It is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first, then committed, then assigned, and then unassigned, as they are needed.

14. Minimum Fund Balance Policy

To assure sufficient reserves are available to meet the respective operational needs during low revenue periods within a budget cycle, the Benton County Board of County Commissioners may require the following County funds to maintain a minimum fund balance at the close of or during any given fiscal year:

- General Fund. The County shall maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the range of 10% to 15% of appropriated expenditures.
- Capital Projects. A fund balance of at least \$500,000.
- Central Services. A fund balance of at least \$250,000.
- Election Reserve. A fund balance of at least \$500,000.
- Park Development. A fund balance of at least \$500,000.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

15. Detailed Fund Balance Constraints

Fund Balances:	Major Special Revenue Funds					Major		Total
	General Fund	County Roads	Human Services	1/10% Criminal Justice Fund	Rural County Capital Fund	Capital Acquisition Fund	Other Funds	
Restricted for:								
Detention/Correction				11,035,743			1,368,451	12,404,194
Education							99,338	99,338
Financial/Records Services					11,516,868		917,110	12,433,978
Housing/Community Dev							2,973,147	2,973,147
Judicial							591,327	591,327
Juvenile Services							10,903	10,903
Legal							144,872	144,872
Mental/Health Services			5,383,924				1,351,508	6,735,432
Park Facilities							672,765	672,765
Planning/Community Dev							503,919	503,919
Transportation		5,192,139					59,844	5,251,983
Veterans Services							336,642	336,642
Weed Control							162,245	162,245
Committed to:								
Information Technology							1,814,783	1,814,783
Cultural/Recreational Facilities							4,971,007	4,971,007
Debt Service							1,393,712	1,393,712
Detention/Correction							243,888	243,888
Conservation/Environmental							903,698	903,698
Housing/Community Dev							312,904	312,904
Judicial							2,275,013	2,275,013
Juvenile Services							1,169,433	1,169,433
Law Enforcement							202,964	202,964
Legislative							297,482	297,482
Substance Abuse							17,428	17,428
Transportation							2,121,156	2,121,156
Assigned to:								
Capital Projects						25,197,993		25,197,993
Unassigned:								
General Fund	10,995,643							10,995,643
Transportation							(157,653)	(157,653)
	10,995,643	5,192,139	5,383,924	11,035,743	11,516,868	25,197,993	24,757,886	94,080,196

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

16. Net Position

In Government-wide Statements and Internal Service Fund statements, net position consists of assets invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted and unrestricted net positions. The restricted net positions are restricted by governmental statutes, actions and third parties.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance – total governmental funds and net position – governmental activities reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains, “Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the funds.” The details of this reconciliation are as follows:

Unavailable Revenue – Property Taxes	\$ 736,072
Unavailable Revenue – Court Judgements	677,309
Grant Revenue Received in Advance	165,916
Interest Earned, unavailable for >90 days	81,039
A/R Superior & District Courts, Treasurers O&M	<u>3,460,917</u>
 Net Adjustment to Increase Total Governmental Funds to Arrive At Net Position Governmental Funds	 <u>\$5,121,252</u>

Another element of that reconciliation explains, “Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.” The details of this reconciliation are as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ (17,205,000)
Special Assessment Debt	(230,000)
Long-Term Loans	(1,977,482)
Compensated Absences	(2,968,184)
Less Internal Service Funds Amount	<u>28,812</u>
Net Compensated Absences	(2,939,372)
Interest Payable	(76,630)
OPEB Accrual	(1,352,668)
Bond Discounts	5,766
Bond Premiums	<u>(31,875)</u>
Net Adjustment to Reduce - Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Net Position – Governmental Activities	 <u>\$ (23,807,261)</u>

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, “Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures”.

However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. When capital assets are disposed of, the difference between original cost minus depreciation, and the proceeds is booked as a gain or (loss) on the sale.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

The details of this difference is as follows:

Capital Outlay	\$ 5,505,441
Change in Joint Venture Equity	839,523
Depreciation Expense	(12,838,739)
Other Capital Outlay (Disposed/Int Svs Funds & Misc.)	<u>2,598,736</u>
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (3,895,038)</u>

Another element of that reconciliation states “The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.”

The details of this difference are as follows:

Net Issuance of Debt	\$ -0-
Principal Payments:	
General Obligation Debt	<u>2,437,748</u>
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,437,748</u>

One further element of that reconciliation states “Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.”

The details of this difference are as follows:

Change in Accrual for Superior Court A/R	\$ 14,355
Change in Accrual for District Court A/R	(18,713)
Change in Accrual for Treasurers O&M A/R	(3,427)
Amortization of Debt Premium	1,875
Change in Interest Receivable between 2013 & 2014	33,127
Change in Deferred Tax Revenue between 2013 & 2014	<u>(63,971)</u>
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (36,754)</u>

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

One further element of that reconciliation states “Some expenses in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources, and accordingly, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.”

The details of this difference are as follows:

OPEB for LEOFF		\$ (146,172)
Change in Interest Payable between 2013 & 2014		9,636
Amortization of Debt Discount		(2,174)
Change in Compensated Absences, 2013 to 2014	70,068	
Less Internal Service Funds Change	<u>9,874</u>	
Net Change in Compensated Absences between 2013 & 2014		<u>79,942</u>
Net Adjustment to Increase Net Changes in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds to Arrive at Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$ (58,768)</u>

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

There have been no material violations of finance-related legal or contractual provisions, and there have been no expenditures exceeding legal appropriations in any of the funds of the County.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

The County’s deposits, certificates of deposit and securities are fully covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held in a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (PDPC). Interest bearing certificates of deposit of \$2,000,000 and a Money Market of \$5,000,000 are on the government-wide and fund financial statements at cost.

INVESTMENTS

Investment oversight is provided by the Benton County Finance Committee pursuant to RCW 36.29.020. The County Finance Committee consists of the County Treasurer as Chair, the County Auditor as Secretary and Chair of the Board of County Commissioners. All investments are subject to written policies and procedures adopted by the Finance Committee. The committee meets not less than quarterly to review the investment portfolio and performance. In July 2010, the Investment Policy received a Certification of Excellence from the Association of Public Treasurers of the United States and Canada. All County held investments are either insured or registered in the County’s name and held by the County or its agent in the County’s name. Due to the current economic environment, banks are not taking public funds for investing in Certificate of Deposits. Monies that normally would have been invested as Certificate of Deposits are currently being sent to the State Pool or invested through the Treasurer’s Investment Pool (TIP). The philosophy in developing a Pool was to create a locally managed diversified investment option that would take advantage of the economies of scale, simplify administration and achieve a potentially higher yield than other available programs. The Benton County Treasurer’s Investment Pool, administered by the Benton County Treasurer’s Office, is an external investment pool.

The County uses a variety of financial institutions to determine the fair value of securities purchased on behalf of Benton County. A minimum of three quotes from brokers/dealers is used to determine the fair value of the securities on that specified date. A quarterly analysis is prepared for us by various financial institutions.

Benton County does not report any securities at amortized cost. All securities reported are disclosed using the securities fair market value.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

As of December 31, 2014, the County had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity Years</u>	<u>Fair value of County's investments</u>	<u>Fair value of invest- ments held by County as an agent for other local governments, individuals or private organizations</u>	<u>Total</u>
Certificates of Deposit	.69	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -0-	\$ 2,000,000
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	2.17	14,421,968	-0-	14,421,968
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.35	29,700,235	-0-	29,700,235
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.29	59,635,118	-0-	59,635,118
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2.16	48,820,212	-0-	48,820,212
Federal National Mortgage Association	1.62	25,018,533	-0-	25,018,533
Money Market	1.00	5,000,000	-0-	5,000,000
Municipal Bonds	3.33	914,382	-0-	914,382
Treasuries	1.14	19,973,215	-0-	19,973,215
State Pool	1.00	97,500,000	10,523,143	108,023,143
Total		<u>\$302,983,661</u>	<u>\$10,523,143</u>	<u>\$313,506,805</u>

The amount listed as County's Investments (stated at market) also includes idle Agency fund monies invested by the County upon which the County earns interest. The amount listed as Agency Investments includes investments that the Agencies have directed the County to purchase on their behalf.

Interest rate risk - Investments. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Through its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities. The policy also states that no single security will be purchased with a maturity date of more than five and one-half years from the date of purchase without approval of the Treasurer or Chief Deputy Treasurer.

Credit risk - Investments. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparts to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County investment policy minimizes its credit risk by limiting investments to selected types of securities and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers and intermediaries with which the County will do business. Presented below is the minimum rating required by the state statute and the actual rating as of the end of the year 2014 for each type of investment of which the Primary Government participates.

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Minimum Rating</u>	<u>Year End Rating</u>
Fixed Rate Agency Securities	AAA	AAA
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	N/A
State Local Government Investment Pool	N/R	N/R

Management intends to hold the time deposits and securities until maturity. In accordance with GAAP applicable to regulated industries and GASB Statement #31, changes in fair value are reflected as unrealized income in the financial statements. Other gains or losses on investments sold or exchanged are recognized at the time transactions are completed.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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With regards to the County’s participation in the Washington State Local Government Pool (LGIP), the State Treasurer’s Office maintains a third-party custodial arrangement with Bank of New York in order to provide the maximum degree of safety possible. All investment transactions conducted by the County are done on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis. In addition, in 1995 the LGIP developed an Advisory Committee to aid the Office of the State Treasurer in an advisory and oversight capacity. Other forms of oversight include the annual state and independent audits that the LGIP undergoes and as a result of that extensive oversight, the LGIP publishes monthly, quarterly and annual reports that allow participants to stay abreast of LGIP issues and activity. The LGIP is an unrated 2a-7 like pool, as defined by GASB 31. Accordingly, participants’ balances in the LGIP are not subject to interest rate risk, as the weighted average maturity of the portfolio will not exceed 90 days. Per GASB 40 guidelines the balances are also not subject to custodial credit risk. The credit risk of the LGIP is limited, as most investments are either obligations of the US government; government sponsored enterprises, or insured demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. The fair value of County shares in the LGIP is dollar for dollar equal to the value of pool shares.

External Investment Pool. The Benton County Treasurer’s Investment Pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Oversight is provided by the Benton County Finance Committee. In 2012 the Board of Commissioners, Finance Committee and County Treasurer authorized the expansion of the Treasurer Investment Pool and with that expansion, an alternative investment vehicle is available not only to the County, but allows for participation by other legally separate entities such as special districts and public agencies, for which the County is ex officio treasurer. Participation in the Pool by districts and agencies is voluntary, with a signed Investment Service Agreement submitted to the County Treasurer. The County and districts are able take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities by combining purchasing power while maintaining our objectives of safety, liquidity and yield. The TIP has grown from four participants with thirty-four funds at its implementation to fourteen participants encompassing 89 funds in 2014. It is expected that the growth of the Pool will continue.

The following schedule shows the types of investments, the fair value and the weighted average maturity in years of the Benton County Treasurer’s Investment Pool as of December 31, 2014.

Benton County Treasurer’s Investment Pool

Investment	Weighted Average Maturity Years	Fair value of Treasurer Investment Pool Investments	Total
Certificates of Deposit	0.00	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	2.17	6,458,515	6,458,515
Federal Farm Credit Bank	1.27	21,974,316	21,974,316
Federal Home Loan Bank	1.25	40,422,460	40,422,460
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	2.16	24,163,105	24,163,105
Federal National Mortgage Association	1.69	12,491,945	12,491,945
Money Market Account	0.00	-0-	-0-
Municipal Bonds	2.97	727,785	727,785
Treasuries	1.04	10,491,744	10,491,744
State Pool	1.00	\$63,548,823	63,548,823
Total			\$180,278,693

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Benton County Treasurer's Investment Pool
Condensed Statement of Net Position

Assets	
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$180,278,693
Receivables	-0-
Total Assets	<u>\$180,278,693</u>
Liabilities	
Total Liabilities	-0-
Net Position Held In Trust For Pool Participants	<u>\$180,278,693</u>

Benton County Treasurer's Investment Pool
Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

Net Position Beginning of Year	\$123,259,865
Net Change in Investments by Pool Participants	57,018,828
Net Position End Of Year	<u>\$180,278,693</u>

Concentration of credit risk – Investments. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the government's investment in a single issuer. The County's investment policy minimizes concentration risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. The investment policy sets forth maximum concentration guidelines whereby agency securities (combined) may comprise up to the following; US Treasury Obligations 100%, Washington LGIP 100%, US Agency (GSE) Securities 100%, FHLB 50%, FFCB 50%, FHLMC 50%, FNMA 50%, Other GSE's 10%, Bankers Acceptances (<360 days, A1/P1) 10%, Certificates of Deposit, including Bank Deposits 50%, Repos (<60 days) 20%, Registered Warrants 10% and Municipal GO Bonds (one of 3 highest ratings) 10%.

Presented below are investments in any one issuer in which the Primary Government participated as of December 31, 2014.

Benton County Investment Concentration

Investment	Percentage of County's Investments	Percentage of invest- ments held by County as an agent for other local governments, individuals or private organizations	Total
Certificates of Deposit (Banner Bank)	0.64%	-0-	0.64%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	4.60%	-0-	4.60%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	9.47%	-0-	9.47%
Federal Home Loan Bank	19.02%	-0-	19.02%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	15.57%	-0-	15.57%
Federal National Mortgage Association	7.98%	-0-	7.98%
Money Market (Umpqua Bank)	1.59%	-0-	1.59%
Municipal Bonds	0.29%	-0-	0.29%
Treasuries	6.37%	-0-	6.37%
State Pool	31.10%	3.36%	34.46%
Total	<u>96.64%</u>	<u>3.36%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Custodial credit risk – Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. County policy dictates that all investment instruments other than non-negotiable certificates of deposit and monies placed with the Washington State Local Government Investment Pool are transacted on the delivery versus payment basis. This means that payment is made simultaneously with the receipt of the security. Securities are held in safekeeping in the County’s name by an institution (custodian) under contract with the County Treasurer. Currently, safekeeping is with Bank of New York Mellon.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

The County Treasurer acts as an agent to collect property taxes levied in the County for all taxing authorities. Collections are distributed daily.

Property taxes are levied and become an enforceable lien against properties upon certification, with collection beginning after the Treasurer has completed the tax roll for the current year’s collection and provided the notification required. They may be paid in two installments—one half by April 30 and the second half by October 31. Interest is charged at the rate of 12% per annum, computed on a monthly basis from date of delinquency, until paid. A penalty of 3% of total delinquent tax is added on June 1 and an additional penalty of 8% is added December 1. On January 1, the assessed value of property is established for the next year’s levy at 100% of market value.

Property taxes are recorded as a receivable when levied, offset by deferred revenue. During the year, property tax revenues are recognized when cash is collected. At year-end, property tax revenues are recognized for collections that occur in January. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is established because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible by lien foreclosure.

The County may levy up to \$1.80 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental services, subject to three limitations:

- Washington State law, RCW 84.55.010, limits the growth of regular property taxes to the lesser rate of the implicit price deflator per year or 1%, excluding new construction.
- RCW Chapter 84.52 establishes a limitation on the levies for ports, public utilities, state schools, emergency medical services, counties, roads, cities and towns. Counties, roads, cities, towns and all other regular levies are proportionately reduced if a composite rate of \$5.90 per thousand is exceeded. Levies not subject to the \$5.90 Aggregate Limit: State, Ports, Public Utility Districts, Emergency Medical Services, Affordable Housing, Conservation Futures, County Ferry Districts, Criminal Justice, and County Transit.
- The Washington State Constitution limits the total regular property taxes to 1% of assessed valuation or \$10 per \$1,000 of value. If the taxes of all districts exceed this amount, each is proportionately reduced until the total is at or below the 1% limit. Exceptions include port districts and public utility districts.

For 2014, the County levied the following property taxes:

Purpose of Levy	Per \$1,000	Levy Amount
General Government (A)	\$1.2467	\$19,863,507
County Roads (B)	1.6252	5,941,209
Human Services (A)	0.0250	398,298
Veterans' Assistance (A)	0.0113	180,031
Totals	\$2.9082	\$26,383,045

(A) assessed value of \$15,931,933,330
(B) assessed value of \$ 3,655,650,777

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets include land, improvements to land, easements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Infrastructure assets are long-lived assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for a significantly greater number of years than most capital assets. Examples of infrastructure include roads, bridges, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, and lighting systems. The County has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the County expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. The total for Infrastructure on the government-wide Statement of Net Position is comprised all Infrastructure related capital expenses, including construction in progress and depreciation. Information about infrastructure assets is found in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the CAFR.

When capital assets are purchased, they are capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures of the current period in the government fund financial statements.

Capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date received.

Improvements to capital assets that materially add to the value or extend the life of the asset are capitalized. Other repairs and normal maintenance are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Depreciation of buildings, equipment, vehicles, and improvements is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are the lesser of the projects' estimated lives or the following:

Buildings - 20 years	Autos, Light Trucks – 5 years
Furniture & Equip - 10 years	Heavy Trucks – 7 years
Information Systems - 4 years	Land Improvements - 20 Years
Data Handling Equip - 4 years	Heavy Road Equipment - 10 Years

Machinery and equipment purchased on capital leases are treated as capital assets indicating a constructive or actual transfer of the benefits and risks of ownership to the County, and are valued at the lesser of the fair value of the leased property or the net present value of the minimum lease payments required by the contract.

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2014, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 2,654,787	\$ 17,979	\$ 0	\$ 2,672,766
Infrastructure	58,325,756	2,234,098	8,687,880	51,871,974
Construction in progress	2,766,889	1,928,156	0	4,695,045
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	<u>63,747,432</u>	<u>4,180,233</u>	<u>8,687,880</u>	<u>59,239,784</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Quarries	82,330	0	0	82,330
Buildings	87,465,590	0	34,440	87,431,150
Improvements	8,548,486	75,000	0	8,623,486
Intangibles	363,090	41,236	0	404,326
Machinery and equipment	13,482,839	4,251,649	1,111,000	16,623,488
Infrastructure	45,913,793	10,106,047	0	56,019,840
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>155,856,128</u>	<u>14,473,932</u>	<u>1,145,440</u>	<u>169,184,620</u>

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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Less accumulated depreciation for:

Quarries	(25,278)	0	0	(25,278)
Buildings	(49,682,529)	(7,681,679)	(24,108)	(57,340,100)
Improvements	(2,678,901)	(476,059)	0	(3,154,960)
Intangibles	(57,386)	(165,567)	0	(222,953)
Machinery and equipment	(9,422,659)	(3,168,296)	(1,024,597)	(11,566,358)
Infrastructure	(29,309,337)	(2,101,059)	0	(31,410,396)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(91,176,090)</u>	<u>(13,592,661)</u>	<u>(1,048,705)</u>	<u>(103,720,046)</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	64,680,038	881,271	96,735	65,464,574
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 128,427,470</u>	<u>\$ 5,061,503</u>	<u>\$ 8,784,614</u>	<u>\$ 124,704,359</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General Government	1,524,407
Public Safety	7,193,993
Utilities	0
Transportation	2,103,068
Natural & Economic Environment	3,119
Social Services	1,547,603
Culture and Recreation	466,549
	<u>12,838,739</u>

Depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal service funds (included in the totals above) is charged to the various functions based upon their usage of the assets.

Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$ 13,592,661</u>
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NOTE 7 - PENSION PLANS

Substantially all county full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, under cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit retirement plans. The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to: Department of Retirement Systems, Communications Unit, P.O. Box 48380, Olympia, WA 98504-8380; or it may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov. The following disclosures are made pursuant to GASB Statements No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers* and No. 50, *Pension Disclosures, an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27*.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) Plans 1, 2, and 3

Plan Description

The Legislature established PERS in 1947. Membership in the system includes: elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals, and Superior courts; employees of legislative committees; employees of district and municipal courts; and employees of local governments. Membership also includes higher education employees not participating in higher education retirement programs. Approximately 49 percent of PERS salaries are accounted for by state employment. PERS retirement benefit provisions are established in Chapters 41.34 and 41.40 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

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PERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of three separate plans for membership purposes: Plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans and Plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

PERS members who joined the system by September 30, 1977 are Plan 1 members. Those who joined on or after October 1, 1977 and by either, February 28, 2002 for state and higher education employees, or August 31, 2002 for local government employees, are Plan 2 members unless they exercised an option to transfer their membership to Plan 3. PERS members joining the system on or after March 1, 2002 for state and higher education employees, or September 1, 2002 for local government employees have the irrevocable option of choosing membership in either PERS Plan 2 or PERS Plan 3. The option must be exercised within 90 days of employment. An employee is reported in Plan 2 until a choice is made. Employees who fail to choose within 90 days default to PERS Plan 3.

PERS is comprised of and reported as three separate plans for accounting purposes: Plan 1, Plan 2/3, and Plan 3. Plan 1 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 1 members. Plan 2/3 accounts for the defined benefits of Plan 2 members and the defined benefit portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Plan 3 accounts for the defined contribution portion of benefits for Plan 3 members. Although members can only be a member of either Plan 2 or Plan 3, the defined benefit portions of Plan 2 and Plan 3 are accounted for in the same pension trust fund. All assets of this Plan 2/3 may legally be used to pay the defined benefits of any of the Plan 2 or Plan 3 members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of the plan. Therefore, Plan 2/3 is considered to be a single plan for accounting purposes.

PERS Plan 1 and Plan 2 retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings and employer and employee contributions. Employee contributions to the PERS Plan 1 and Plan 2 defined benefit plans accrue interest at a rate specified by the Director of DRS. During DRS' Fiscal Year 2013, the rate was five and one-half percent compounded quarterly. Members in PERS Plan 1 and Plan 2 can elect to withdraw total employee contributions and interest thereon upon, in lieu of any retirement benefit, separation from PERS-covered employment.

PERS Plan 1 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Plan 1 members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, or at the age of 55 with 25 years of service, or at the age of 60 with five years of service,. Plan 1 members retiring from inactive status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits.

The monthly benefit is 2 percent of the average final compensation (AFC) per year of service, but the benefit may not exceed 60 percent of the AFC. The AFC is the monthly average of the 24 consecutive highest-paid service credit months.

PERS Plan 1 retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice, if made, of a survivor option.

Plan 1 members may elect to receive an optional COLA that provides an automatic annual adjustment based on the Consumer Price Index. The adjustment is capped at 3 percent annually. To offset the cost of this annual adjustment, the benefit is reduced.

PERS Plan 1 provides duty and non-duty disability benefits. Duty disability retirement benefits for disablement prior to the age of 60 consist of a temporary life annuity. The benefit amount is \$350 a month, or two-thirds of the monthly AFC, whichever is less. The benefit is reduced by any workers' compensation benefit and is payable as long as the member remains disabled or until the member attains the age of 60, at which time the benefit is converted to the member's service retirement amount.

A member with five years of covered employment is eligible for non-duty disability retirement. Prior to the age of 55, the benefit amount is 2 percent of the AFC for each year of service reduced by 2 percent for each year that the member's age is less than 55. The total benefit is limited to 60 percent of the AFC and is actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor option. Plan 1 members may elect to receive an optional COLA amount (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually. To offset the cost of this annual adjustment, the benefit is reduced.

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PERS Plan 1 members can receive credit for military service while actively serving in the military if such credit makes them eligible to retire. Members can also purchase up to 24 months of service credit lost because of an on-the-job injury.

The survivor of a PERS Plan 1 member who dies after having earned ten years of service credit has the option, upon the member's death, of either a monthly survivor benefit or the lump sum of contributions plus interest.

PERS Plan 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 2 members are eligible for normal retirement at the age of 65 with five years of service. The monthly benefit is 2 percent of the AFC per year of service. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service months. There is no cap on years of service credit; and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually.

PERS Plan 2 members who have at least 20 years of service credit, and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a reduced benefit. The benefit is reduced by an early retirement factor (ERF) that varies according to age, for each year before age 65.

PERS Plan 2 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions, if hired prior to May 1, 2013:

- With a benefit that is reduced by 3 percent for each year before age 65. Or
- With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 2 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of 5 percent for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service.

PERS Plan 2 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice, if made, of a survivor option. PERS Plan 3 has a dual benefit structure. Employer contributions finance a defined benefit component and member contributions finance a defined contribution component. As established by Chapter 41.34 RCW, employee contribution rates to the defined contribution component range from 5 percent to 15 percent of salaries, based on member choice. Members who do not choose a contribution rate default to a 5 percent rate. There are currently no requirements for employer contributions to the defined contribution component of PERS Plan 3.

PERS Plan 3 defined contribution retirement benefits are dependent upon the results of investment activities. Members may elect to self-direct the investment of their contributions. Any expenses incurred in conjunction with self-directed investments are paid by members. Absent a member's self-direction, PERS Plan 3 contributions are invested in the Retirement Strategy Fund that assumes the member will retire at age 65.

For DRS's fiscal year 2013, PERS Plan 3 employee contributions were \$99.0 million, and plan refunds paid out were \$69.4 million.

The defined benefit portion of PERS Plan 3 members provides a monthly benefit that is 1 percent of the AFC per year of service. The AFC is the monthly average of the 60 consecutive highest-paid service months. There is no cap on years of service credit, and Plan 3 provides the same cost-of-living allowance as Plan 2.

Effective June 7, 2006, PERS Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after ten years of service; or after five years of service, if twelve months of that service are earned after age 44; or after five service credit years earned in PERS Plan 2 prior to June 1, 2003. Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Vested Plan 3 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 65, or they may retire early with the following conditions and benefits:

- If they have at least ten service credit years and are 55 years old, the benefit is reduced by an ERF that varies with age, for each year before age 65.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

- If they have 30 service credit years and are at least 55 years old, and were hired before May 1, 2013, they have the choice of a benefit that is reduced by 3 percent for each year before age 65; or a benefit with a smaller (or no) reduction factor (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.
- If they have 30 service credit years, are at least 55 years old, and were hired after May 1, 2013, they have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of 5 percent for each year before age 65.

PERS Plan 3 defined benefit retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice, if made, of a survivor option.

PERS Plan 2 and Plan 3 provide disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. The Plan 2 monthly benefit amount is 2 percent of the AFC per year of service. For Plan 3, the monthly benefit amount is 1 percent of the AFC per year of service. These disability benefit amounts are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 65, and to reflect the choice of a survivor option. There is no cap on years of service credit, and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index) capped at 3 percent annually.

PERS members meeting specific eligibility requirements have options available to enhance their retirement benefits. Some of these options are available to their survivors.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the beneficiary or the estate of a PERS member who dies as a result of injuries sustained in the course of employment, or if the death resulted from an occupational disease or infection that arose naturally and proximately out of member's covered employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

From January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2007, judicial members of PERS were given the choice to participate in the Judicial Benefit Multiplier Program (JBM) enacted in 2006. Justices and judges in PERS Plan 1 and Plan 2 were able to make an irrevocable election to pay increased contributions that would fund a retirement benefit with a 3.5 percent multiplier. The benefit would be capped at 75 percent of AFC. Judges in PERS Plan 3 could elect a 1.6 percent of pay per year of service benefit, capped at 37.5 percent of AFC.

Newly elected or appointed justices and judges who chose to become PERS members on or after January 1, 2007, or who had not previously opted into PERS membership, were required to participate in the JBM Program.

There are 1,176 participating employers in PERS. Membership in PERS consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plans of June 30, 2013:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	85,328
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	31,047
Active Plan Members Vested	150,706
Active Plan Members Non-vested	101,191
Total	368,272

Funding Policy

Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts PERS Plan 1 employer contribution rates, PERS Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates, and PERS Plan 3 employer contribution rates. Employee contribution rates for Plan 1 are established by statute at 6 percent for state agencies and local government unit employees, and at 7.5 percent for state government elected officials. The employer and employee contribution rates for Plan 2 and the employer contribution rate for Plan 3 are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. Under PERS Plan 3, employer contributions finance the defined benefit portion of the plan and member contributions finance the defined contribution portion. The Plan 3 employee contribution rates range from 5 percent to 15 percent.

Benton County, Washington
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As a result of the implementation of the Judicial Benefit Multiplier Program in January 2007, a second tier of employer and employee rates was developed to fund, along with investment earnings, the increased retirement benefits of those justices and judges that participate in the program.

The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statute in accordance with Chapters 41.40 and 41.45 RCW.

The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

Members Not Participating in JBM:

	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
Employer*	9.21%**	9.21%**	9.21%***
Employee	6.00%****	4.92%****	*****

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.18%.

** The employer rate for state elected officials is 13.73% for Plan 1 and 9.21% for Plan 2 and Plan 3.

*** Plan 3 defined benefit portion only.

**** The employee rate for state elected officials is 7.50% for Plan 1 and 4.92% for Plan 2.

***** Variable from 5.0% minimum to 15.0% maximum based on rate selected by the PERS 3 member.

Members Participating in JBM:

	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
Employer-State Agency*	11.71%	11.71%	11.71%**
Employer-Local Govt.*	9.21%	9.21%	9.21%**
Employee-State Agency	9.76%	9.80%	7.50%***
Employee-Local Govt.	12.26%	12.30%	7.50%***

* The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.18%.

** Plan 3 defined benefit portion only.

***Minimum rate.

Both Benton County and the employees made the required contributions. The County's required contributions for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

Year	PERS Plan 1	PERS Plan 2	PERS Plan 3
2014	\$69,918	\$1,214,532	\$189,276
2013	\$83,110	\$1,961,648	\$180,383
2012	\$86,475	\$1,651,941	\$160,384

Law Enforcement Officers' and Fire Fighters' Retirement System (LEOFF) Plans 1 and 2

Plan Description

The Legislature established LEOFF in 1970. Membership in the system includes all full-time, fully compensated, local law enforcement commissioned officers, firefighters and, as of July 24, 2005, emergency medical technicians. LEOFF membership is comprised primarily of non-state employees, with Department of Fish and Wildlife enforcement officers, who were first included prospectively effective July 27, 2003, being an exception. LEOFF retirement benefit provisions are established in Chapter 41.26 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

LEOFF is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of two separate defined benefit plans. LEOFF members who joined the system by September 30, 1977 are Plan 1 members. Those who joined on or after

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
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October 1, 1977 are Plan 2 members.

Effective July 1, 2003, the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board was established by Initiative 790 to provide governance of LEOFF Plan 2. The Board's duties include adopting contribution rates and recommending policy changes to the Legislature.

LEOFF retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings, employer and employee contributions, and a special funding situation in which the state pays through state legislative appropriations. Employee contributions to the LEOFF Plan 1 and Plan 2 defined benefit plans accrue interest at a rate specified by the Director of DRS. During DRS' fiscal year 2013, the rate was five and one-half percent compounded quarterly. Members in LEOFF Plan 1 and Plan 2 can elect to withdraw total employee contributions and interest earnings upon separation from LEOFF covered employment.

LEOFF Plan 1 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. Plan 1 members are eligible for retirement with five years of service at the age of 50.

The benefit per year of service calculated as a percent of final average salary (FAS) is as follows:

Term of Service	Percent of Final Average Salary
20 or more years	2.0%
10 but less than 20 years	1.5%
5 but less than 10 years	1.0%

The FAS is the basic monthly salary received at the time of retirement, provided a member has held the same position or rank for 12 months preceding the date of retirement. Otherwise, it is the average of the highest consecutive 24 months' salary within the last 10 years of service. A cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index).

LEOFF Plan 1 provides death and disability benefits. Death benefits for survivors of Plan 1 members on active duty consist of the following: (1) If there is an eligible spouse, 50 percent of the FAS, plus 5 percent of FAS for each eligible surviving child, with a limitation on the combined benefit of 60 percent of the FAS; or (2) If no eligible spouse, eligible children receive 30 percent of FAS for the first child plus 10 percent for each additional child, subject to a 60 percent limitation of FAS, divided equally.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the beneficiary or the estate of a LEOFF Plan 1 member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, or if the death resulted from an occupational disease or infection that arose naturally and proximately out of the member's covered employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

The LEOFF Plan 1 disability benefit is 50 percent of the FAS plus 5 percent for each child up to a maximum of 60 percent. Upon recovery from disability before the age of 50, a member is restored to service with full credit for service while disabled. Upon recovery after the age of 50, the benefit continues as the greater of the member's disability allowance or service retirement benefit.

LEOFF Plan 2 members are vested after the completion of five years of eligible service.

Plan 2 members are eligible for retirement at the age of 53 with five years of service, or at age 50 with 20 years of service. Plan 2 members receive a benefit of 2 percent of the FAS per year of service (the FAS is based on the highest consecutive 60 months), actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor option. Members who retire prior to the age of 53 receive reduced benefits. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is 3 percent for each year prior to age 53. Otherwise, the benefits are actuarially reduced for each year prior to age 53. A cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually.

LEOFF Plan 2 provides disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. The Plan 2 benefit amount is 2 percent of the FAS for each year of service. Benefits are reduced to reflect the choice of survivor option and for each year that the member's age is less than 53, unless the disability is duty-related. If the member has at least 20 years of service and is age 50, the reduction is 3 percent for each year prior to age 53.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2014*

A disability benefit equal to 70 percent of their FAS, subject to offsets for workers' compensation and Social Security disability benefits received, is also available to those LEOFF Plan 2 members who are catastrophically disabled in the line of duty and incapable of future substantial gainful employment in any capacity. Effective June 2010, benefits to LEOFF Plan 2 members who are catastrophically disabled include payment of eligible health care insurance premiums.

Members of LEOFF Plan 2 who leave service because of a line of duty disability are allowed to withdraw 150 percent of accumulated member contributions. This withdrawal benefit is not subject to federal income tax. Alternatively, members of LEOFF Plan 2 who leave service because of a line of duty disability may be eligible to receive a retirement allowance of at least 10 percent of FAS and 2 percent per year of service beyond five years. The first 10 percent of the FAS is not subject to federal income tax.

LEOFF Plan 2 retirees may return to work in an eligible position covered by another retirement system, choose membership in that system and suspend their pension benefits, or not choose membership and continue receiving pension benefits without interruption.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the beneficiary of a LEOFF Plan 2 member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, or if the death resulted from an occupational disease or infection that arose naturally and proximately out of the member's covered employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

Benefits to eligible surviving spouses and dependent children of LEOFF Plan 2 members killed in the course of employment include the payment of eligible health care insurance premiums.

Legislation passed in 2009 provides to the Washington-state-registered domestic partners of LEOFF Plan 2 members the same treatment as married spouses, to the extent that the treatment is not in conflict with federal laws.

LEOFF members meeting specific eligibility requirements have options available to enhance their retirement benefits. Some of these options are available to their survivors.

There are 374 participating employers in LEOFF. Membership in LEOFF consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plans of June 30, 2013:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	10,511
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	699
Active Plan Members Vested	16,830
Active Plan Members Non-vested	1,600
Total	29,640

Funding Policy

Employer and employee contributions rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund the plans. Starting on July 1, 2000, Plan 1 employers and employees contribute zero percent as long as the plan remains fully funded. Plan 2 employers and employees are required to pay at the level adopted by the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board.

The Legislature, by means of a special funding arrangement, appropriated money from the state General Fund to supplement the current service liability and fund the prior service costs of Plan 2 in accordance with the recommendations of the Pension Funding Council and the LEOFF Plan 2 Retirement Board. This special funding situation is not mandated by the state constitution and this funding requirement could be returned to the employers by a change of statute. For DRS's fiscal year 2014, the state contributed \$55.6 million to LEOFF Plan 2.

The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statute in accordance with Chapters 41.26 and 41.45 RCW.

Benton County, Washington
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The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	LEOFF Plan 1	LEOFF Plan 2
Employer*	0.18%	5.23%**
Employee	0.00%	8.41%
State	N/A	3.36%

*The employer rates include the employer administrative expense fee currently set at 0.18%.

** The employer rate for ports and universities is 8.59%.

Both Benton County and the employees made the required contributions. The County's required contributions for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	LEOFF Plan 1	LEOFF Plan 2
2014	\$0	\$256,091
2013	\$0	\$264,105
2012	\$0	\$250,758

Public Safety Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) Plan 2

Plan Description

PSERS was created by the 2004 Legislature and became effective July 1, 2006. PSERS retirement benefit provisions have been established by Chapter 41.37 RCW and may be amended only by the State Legislature.

PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system comprised of a single defined benefit plan, PSERS Plan 2.

PSERS membership includes:

- PERS 2 or 3 employees hired by a covered employer before July 1, 2006, who met at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria and elected membership during the period of July 1, 2006 to September 30, 2006; and
- Employees, hired on or after July 1, 2006 by a covered employer, that meet at least one of the PSERS eligibility criteria.

Covered employers include the following:

- State of Washington agencies: Department of Corrections, Department of Natural Resources, Gambling Commission, Liquor Control Board, Parks and Recreation Commission, and Washington State Patrol;
- Washington State counties;
- Washington State cities except for Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane; and
- Correctional entities formed by PSERS employers under the Interlocal Cooperation Act.

To be eligible for PSERS, an employee must work on a full-time basis and:

- Have completed a certified criminal justice training course with authority to arrest, conduct criminal investigations, enforce the criminal laws of Washington and carry a firearm as part of the job; or
- Have primary responsibility to ensure the custody and security of incarcerated or probationary individuals; or
- Function as a limited authority Washington peace officer, as defined in RCW 10.93.020; or
- Have primary responsibility to supervise eligible members who meet the above criteria.

PSERS retirement benefits are financed from a combination of investment earnings and employer and employee contributions. Employee contributions to the plan accrue interest at a rate specified by the Director of DRS. During DRS's fiscal year 2014, the rate was five and one-half percent compounded quarterly. Members in PSERS Plan 2 can elect to withdraw total employee contributions and interest thereon, in lieu of any retirement benefit, upon separation from PSERS-covered employment.

PSERS Plan 2 members are vested after completing five years of eligible service.

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PSERS members may retire with a monthly benefit of 2 percent of the average final compensation (AFC) at the age of 65 with five years of service, or at the age of 60 with at least 10 years of PSERS service credit, or at age 53 with 20 years of service. The AFC is the monthly average of the member's 60 consecutive highest-paid service credit months. There is no cap on years of service credit; and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually.

PSERS members who retire prior to the age of 60 receive reduced benefits. If retirement is at age 53 or older with at least 20 years of service, a 3 percent per year reduction for each year between the age at retirement and age 60 applies.

PSERS Plan 2 provides disability benefits. There is no minimum amount of service credit required for eligibility. The monthly benefit is 2 percent of the AFC for each year of service. The AFC is based on the member's 60 consecutive highest creditable months of service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for each year that the member's age is less than 60 (with ten or more service credit years in PSERS), or less than 65 (with fewer than ten service credit years). There is no cap on years of service credit, and a cost-of-living allowance is granted (based on the Consumer Price Index), capped at 3 percent annually.

PSERS members meeting specific eligibility requirements have the option available to enhance their retirement benefits. Some of these options are available to their survivors.

A one-time duty-related death benefit is provided to the beneficiary or the estate of a PSERS member who dies as a result of injuries or illness sustained in the course of employment, or if the death resulted from an occupational disease or infection that arose naturally and proximately out of the member's covered employment, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries.

There are 75 participating employers in PSERS. Membership in PSERS consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation date for the plan of June 30, 2013:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	43
Terminated Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	119
Active Plan Members Vested	4,513
Active Plan Members Non-vested	1,383
Total	6,058

Funding Policy

Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates. The employer and employee contribution rates for Plan 2 are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2.

The methods used to determine the contribution requirements are established under state statute in accordance with Chapters 41.37 and 41.45 RCW.

The required contribution rates expressed as a percentage of current-year covered payroll, as of December 31, 2014, are as follows:

	PSERS Plan 2
Employer*	10.54%
Employee	6.36%

- The employer rate includes an employer administrative expense fee of 0.18%.

Both Benton County and the employees made the required contributions. The County's required contributions for the years ended December 31 were as follows:

	PSERS Plan 2
2014	\$347,392
2013	\$500,022
2012	\$447,762

NOTE 8A - RISK POOL

Benton County remains one of several Washington counties that are members of the Washington Counties Risk Pool (“Pool” or “WCRP”). The others include: Adams, Chelan and Clallam, Columbia, Cowlitz, Douglas and Franklin, Garfield, Grays Harbor, Island and Jefferson, Kittitas, Lewis, Mason and Okanogan, Pacific, Pend Oreille, San Juan and Skagit, Skamania, Spokane, Thurston and Walla Walla, Whatcom and Yakima Counties.

Clark, Kitsap, Klickitat and Whitman Counties were Pool members. Clark had its membership cancelled by the Pool’s Board of Directors effective April 29, 2014. The others voluntarily terminated their memberships effective October 1st of 2010, 2002 and 2003 respectively.

Background: The Pool was “Created *by Counties for Counties*” in August 1988 as an association of member counties independent of all other associations of which the counties are members. WCRP’s foundational agreement authorized its creation pursuant to Chapters 48.62 and 39.34, Revised Code of Washington (“RCW”), “to provide member counties programs of joint self-insurance, joint purchasing of insurance, and joint contracting for or hiring of personnel to provide risk management, claims handling, and administrative services.”

Noteworthy is the definition of “insurer” in RCW 48.01.050 as it pertains to the application of the Washington Insurance Code (Title 48). The statutory definition reads:

Two or more local government entities, under any provision of law, that join together and organize to form an organization for the purpose of jointly self-insuring or self-funding are not an “insurer” under this code.

WCRP is not an “insurer” and thus not an insurance company or subject to the special laws and rules that govern insurers and insurance companies. Washington’s pools operate under the state’s “pooling” laws and regulations, specifically Chapters 48.62 RCW and 200-100 Washington Administrative Code (“WAC”). Pools are risk-sharing entities that initially must be approved by then annually report to and are overseen by the State Risk Manager – they are not regulated by the Office of the Insurance Commissioner. In addition, as public entities, pools are subject to annual audits by the State Auditor’s Office.

The mission for the Pool as determined by the members’ directors and alternate directors is to:

- Provide comprehensive and economical risk coverage;
- Reduce the frequency and severity of losses;
- Decrease costs incurred in the managing and litigation of claims.

The core values adopted by the Pool’s Board of Directors include: being committed to learn, understand and respond to the member counties’ insurance needs; being committed to establish working relationships with all members that identify business issues and jointly develop solutions; member counties commit to allocate necessary resources to risk management in their own operations; the Pool’s Board and professional staff share a commitment to manage the organization based on sound business principles, benchmarked industry standards and measurable outcomes; and being committed to continuous planning and innovation in product development and service delivery.

The Pool’s Membership Compact, added in 2000 as an addendum to the Interlocal Agreement, constitutes a commitment to strengthen the Pool by helping member counties implement and/or enhance their local risk management efforts to reduce losses and support the best management of the Pool and its resources. The Compact obligates the member counties to support these goals through three major elements – membership involvement, risk control practices, and a targeted risk management program(s).

New members may be asked to pay modest fees to cover the costs to analyze their loss data and risk profiles. In recent years, new members have only been required to contribute their proportional shares of the entry year’s assessments. New members contract under the Interlocal Agreement to remain in the Pool for at least five years. Following its initial 60-month term, any county may terminate its membership at the conclusion of any Pool fiscal year, provided the county timely files the required advance written notice. Otherwise, the Interlocal Agreement and membership automatically renews for another year. Even after termination, former members remain responsible for reassessments by the Pool for the members’ proportional shares of any unresolved, unreported, and in-process claims for the periods that the former members were signatories to the Interlocal Agreement.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

Joint Self-Insurance Liability Program (“JSILP”): The Washington Counties Risk Pool has since its beginning administered the membership’s occurrence-based, jointly purchased and/or jointly self-insured liability coverage for bodily injury, personal injury, property damage, errors and omissions, and advertising injury caused by a covered occurrence during an eligible period and occurring anywhere in the world. Total coverage limits per occurrence have grown from the \$1 million existing during the Pool’s initial two months to \$5 million, then to \$10 million and onto \$15 million before reaching the \$20 million limit that has existed since October 2003. (Note: Additional \$5 million limits were available as individual county-by-county options during many recent years, including the 2013-14 and 2014-15 coverage years.)

Since the 2003-04 coverage year, the initial \$10 million per occurrence, subject to the member-reimbursed deductible, has been provided as jointly self-insured coverage that is “risk shared” amongst the membership. Each member selects its occurrence deductible amount for the ensuing coverage year from these options: \$10,000, \$25,000, \$50,000, \$100,000, \$250,000 or \$500,000.

The Board of Directors has decided for years now to acquire reinsurance as further protection from larger losses, direct protection for the Pool and indirect for the member counties due to the contingent liabilities they would otherwise incur from risk-sharing those losses. The reinsurance agreements are written with self-insured retentions (“SIRs”) equal to the greater of the deductible for the member with the claim or \$100,000. More recent years’ reinsurance programs have included “corridor deductibles” with aggregated stop losses which have the effect of increasing the Pool’s SIR. For 2013-14, there were two (2) such corridors – the first raising the occurrence SIR to \$1 million, but with an aggregated stop loss of \$2.975 million (later reduced with Clark County’s termination to \$2,900,625), and the second increasing the SIR further, to \$2 million, but with an aggregated stop loss of \$650,000 (also reduced with Clark County’s departure to \$596,875). Other reinsurance agreements respond to the remaining \$8 million – one for the \$3 million excess of the \$2 million SIR, and another for the \$5 million excess of \$5 million.

The remaining \$10 million (or \$15 million) of JSILP occurrence coverage has been acquired as “following form” excess insurance. And while there are no aggregate limits to the payments that the Pool makes for any member county or for all member counties, the reinsurance agreements contain aggregate limits for the maximum annual reimbursements to the Pool of \$40 million (lowest reinsured layer), \$20 million, (second layer), \$30 million (third layer) and \$50 million (final reinsured layer).

584 third-party liability claims (and lawsuits) were reported by member counties to the Pool during the 2013-14 coverage year, a 5.5% reduction in year-over-year filings and a continuation of the decline in filings experienced the past several years. The new filings raised the to-date (October 1988 – September 2014) total to 19,820. Yet only 359 remained classified as ‘open’ at year-end. Projections from the required independent actuary retained by the Pool’s Board of Directors suggest another 283 cases from all years as being *incurred but not yet reported* (“IBNR”) and raise the Pool’s estimated ultimate case count (as of September 30, 2014) to 20,103. Total incurred losses (payments made plus estimates for *open* claims) increased \$14.6 million during the year to \$264.6 million. And while that represents a significant increase from recent years’ corresponding amounts, it is less than the several earlier years’ amounts of \$16.0M (2010-11), \$17.8M (2009-10), and the \$20.8M (average for 2006-07 through 2008-09).

Claims reserves for the JSILP coverage are determined annually, and the actuary’s estimates of net reserves as of September 30, 2014 totalled \$14.68 million, a modest year-over-year increase of \$0.06 million (0.4%), and included \$2.69 million for losses in the basic SIR, \$10.84 million for the increased SIRs from the “corridor” programs, \$0.13 million for losses in the quota-shared (10%) upper reinsured layer retained by the Pool during 2012-13, and \$1.02 million for unallocated loss adjustment expenses (ULAE). NOTE: Estimates for gross reserves declined \$1.10 million (3.3%) to \$32.67 million, with \$17.99 million ceded to the commercial insurers.

Washington Counties Property Program (“WCPP”): The Board of Directors agreed to add property insurance, beginning with the 2005-06 coverage year, as a county-by-county option. This optional coverage is jointly-purchased from a consortium of higher rated commercial carriers. Both participation and the total values of covered properties have nearly doubled since the WCPP was added. Twenty six counties participated in the WCPP during 2013-14 with covered properties totaling in excess of \$2.7 billion.

Losses are covered under the WCPP to the participating counties’ buildings and contents, vehicles, mobile/contractors equipment, EDP and communication equipment, etc. that have been scheduled. The WCPP includes ‘All Other Perils (“AOP”)’ coverage limits of \$500 million per occurrence as well as Flood and Earthquake (catastrophe) coverages with separate occurrence limits, each being \$200 million. There are no AOP annual aggregate limits, but the flood and earthquake coverages include annual aggregate limits of \$200 million each.

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Coverage also includes sublimited items, e.g. Equipment Breakdown / Boiler & Machinery (\$100 million), Special Flood Hazard Areas (\$25 million), and endorsements for LEED (Green Construction) Upgrades, optional Reproduction Coverage for historic structures, and Terrorism (\$20 million).

AOP occurrence deductibles, which each participating county confirms each year and is solely responsible for paying, range between \$5,000 and \$50,000. Higher deductibles apply to losses resulting from catastrophe-type losses.

Cyber Risk and Other Coverages: Beginning this coverage year (2014-15), the Board agreed to add jointly-purchased cyber risk and security coverage from a higher-rated commercial insurer.

Other Insurances: Several member counties use the producer (broker) retained by the Board on behalf of the Pool to secure other (specialty) coverages. Examples include public officials bonds and insurance coverages for crime (and fidelity), special events/concessionaires, UST and other environmental hazards, as well as airport, ferry, and railroad operations.

Governance / Oversight: The Pool is governed by a board of directors that consists of one director (and at least one alternate director) representing each member county and appointed by the county's legislative authority. The Board of Directors, which includes both elected and appointed officials, meets three times each year with the Annual Meeting of the Pool being held mid-summer. The Board a) determines the extent of risk-sharing from the 3rd-party self-insured liability coverage by approving the JSILP Coverage Form, b) selects the reinsurance(s) to acquire and the excess insurance(s) to jointly-purchase or offer for "member option" purchase, c) approves the Pool's annual operating budget(s) and work program(s), and d) approves the formulas used for computing members' deposit assessments and, when necessary, reassessments.

Ongoing oversight of the Pool is furnished by an 11-person executive committee that is elected by and from the WCRP Board for staggered, 3-year terms. The membership of the 2014-15 committee averages more than nine years with the Pool. The committee meets throughout the year and a) approves all disbursements and reviews the Pool's financial health, b) approves case settlements exceeding the applicable member's deductible by at least \$50,000, c) reviews all claims with incurred loss estimates exceeding \$100,000, and d) evaluates the Pool's operations and program deliverables, and the Executive Director's performance. Committee members are expected to participate in the Board's standing committees (finance, personnel, risk management, and underwriting) which develop or review/revise proposals for and/or recommendations to the association's policies and its coverages for the Board to consider and act upon.

Staffing and Support Teams: Six of the Pool's 11-person staff handle and/or manage the several hundred liability cases filed annually upon the member counties and submitted for risk-shared coverage consideration. This includes determining coverage, establishing reserves for covered events by estimating future payments for the losses and their related claims adjustment expenses. The claims staff have 115 years of combined claims handling experience.

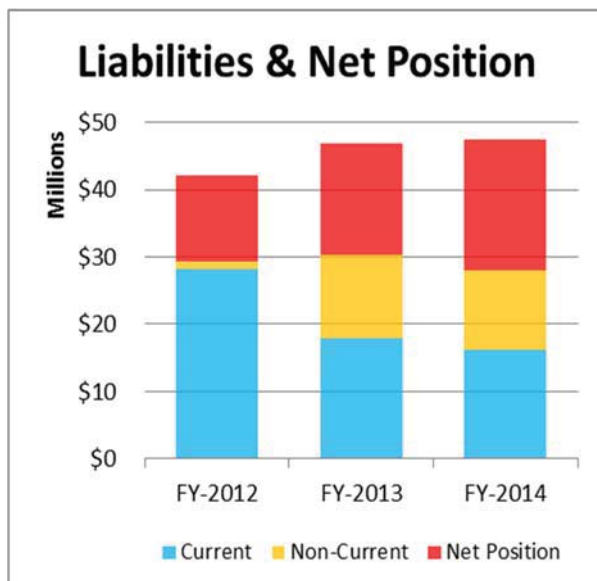
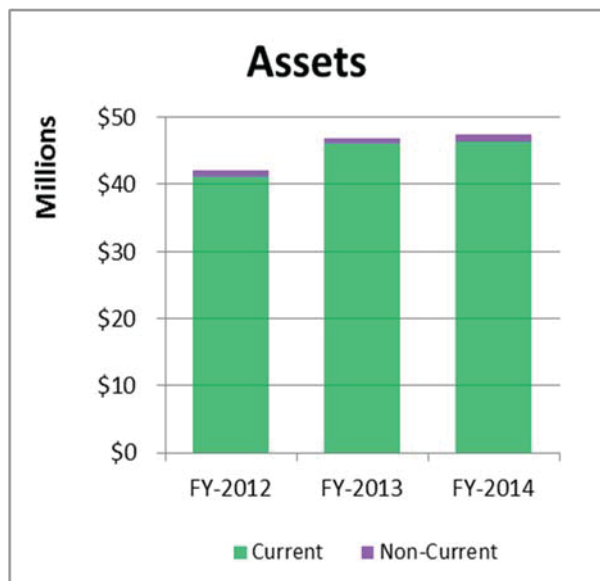
The remaining staff support the Pool's administrative needs and provide member services that include, but are not limited to assessing the memberships' risks, coordinating trainings, performing compliance audits, and developing and presenting/promoting coverages.

There are also the professionals from some of the most respected organizations worldwide which are retained by the Board to address specific needs of the Pool – PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP furnishes independent actuarial services; Strategic Claims Direction, LLC conducts independent claims auditing; Arthur J. Gallagher Risk Management Services, Inc. provides insurance producer (broker) and advanced loss control services; and J. William Ashbaugh of Hackett Beecher & Hart serves as coverage counsel. NOTE: Claims audits are occasionally performed by commercial insurers. The numerous attorneys retained and assigned to defend covered claims as well as the State Risk Manager and State Auditor's Offices cannot be overlooked.

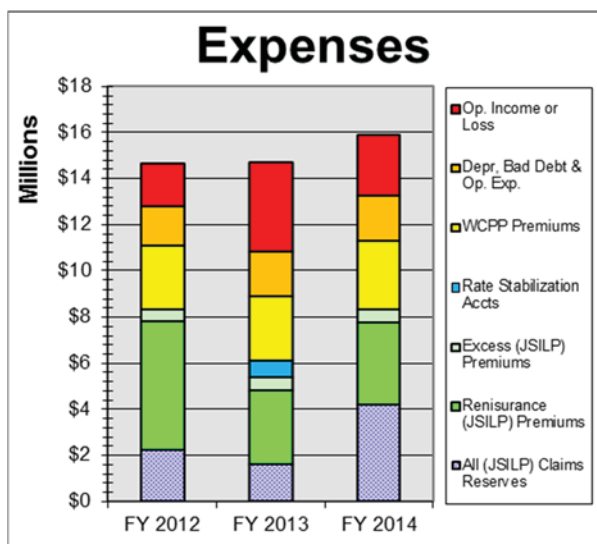
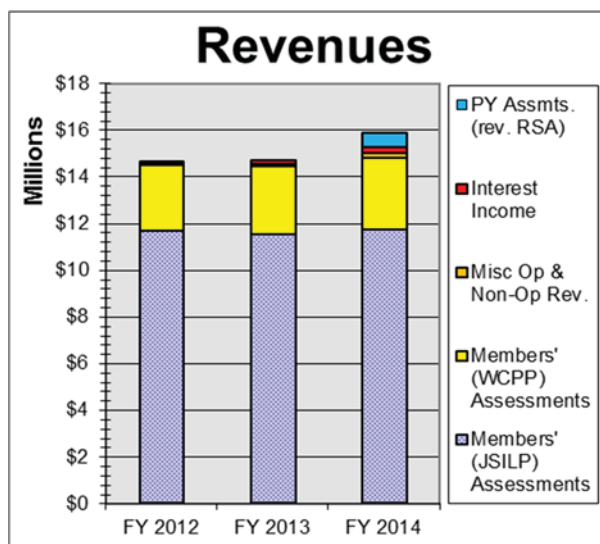
Financial Summary: During fiscal 2014, WCRP assets grew 1% (\$0.48 million) to \$47.41 million while its liabilities decreased 7% (\$2.17 million) to \$28.04 million. That produced a (assets to liabilities) ratio of 1.69:1. For comparison, the fiscal 2004 ratio was 0.94:1 which, except for the members' reassessments receivables ("retroactive assessments") that were included, would have been 0.74:1.

*Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014*

et Position, which is frequently referred to as “Net Assets” or “Owners’ Equity”, improved 16% (\$2.65 million) to \$19.37 million as of September 30, 2014. And since 2004 ended “negative” \$0.69 million, Net Position improved by more than \$20 million over the course of the past decade. \$1.07 million of Net Position were held in Capital Assets (net of debt), leaving \$18.30 million to both satisfy the State Risk Manager’s solvency provisions (WAC 200.100.03001(3)) and substantially fulfill WCRP’s own sufficiency requirements in section D.2 of the Board of Directors’ Underwriting Policy.



Operating Income of \$2.38 million was realized in fiscal 2014. And though a 37% decrease from 2013, the 2014 amount was the third greatest in recent years and 55% more than the annual average from 2004 through 2013. Revenues grew \$1.05 million (7%) while Expenses increased \$2.42 million (22%), primarily due to the \$2.54 million in independent actuary adjustments to the Pool’s claims-related reserves and \$0.58 million in premium increases for the reinsurance and excess liability and property insurance policies acquired.



Contingent Liability: The Pool is a cooperative program with joint liability amongst its participating members. Contingent liabilities occur when assets are not sufficient to cover liabilities. Deficits of the Pool resulting from any fiscal year are financed by reassessments (aka retroactive assessments) of the deficient year’s membership in proportion with the initially levied and collected deposit assessments.

The Pool’s reassessments receivable balance as of December 31, 2014 was ZERO (\$0). As such, there are no known contingent liabilities at that time for disclosure by the member counties.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE 8B - UNPAID CLAIMS LIABILITIES

Benton County maintains insurance coverage for the following: General liability, auto liability, property damage, excess workers' compensation and employers' liability, surety bonds, and employee dishonesty. These coverages insure against most normal hazards such as torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters.

Claims settlements and loss expenses are accrued in the Insurance Management Fund. This fund is responsible for collecting interfund premiums from insured funds and departments, and for purchasing insurance policies, and claim settlements. Every two years, Benton County has an actuarial review of the liability program that determines the interfund premiums to be allocated to each department. The interfund assessments are based on total budget dollars, worker hours and vehicle counts, as well as the loss history of each department. Claims settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three years.

Benton County maintains reserves at a funding confidence level as recommended by the actuary. The reserves are sufficient to cover estimated future payments on claims incurred and/or outstanding as of the year-end.

NOTE 8C - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County maintains insurance against most normal hazards, except for workers' compensation and unemployment, where it has elected to become self-insured. The County is required by the State to set aside for protection, to the Workers' Compensation Fund, \$100,000 in cash reserves. Workers' Compensation Fund reserves, at December 31, 2014, were \$3,271,576.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Advance Due to Other Governments

On June 28, 1985, Benton County entered into a contract with the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) and began receiving funding to be used as working advances for specific client services. The current amount of the advance is \$207,667. The contract has been renewed every two years since it was first signed. Since its inception, the contract with DSHS has required that the County "shall record" these advances as "Long-Term Payables in its financial records". The County has complied with this requirement and listed them in the governmental balance sheets for the Human Services Special Revenue Fund and on the combining Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds as "Due To Other Governmental Units". The County recognizes that this is a departure from GAAP but has chosen to continue presenting the advances in this manner since the amount is not material and presenting them in this format meets the specific contractual requirement mandated by the DSHS.

On July 16, 2007, Benton County accepted the first draw on a loan from the Washington State Department of Community Trade and Economic Development in the amount of \$1,462,500. On July 24, 2008, a second draw of \$812,500 was accepted by Benton County and on December 29, 2008 an additional draw of \$812,500 was accepted. The final draw was completed on March 31, 2009 in the amount of \$162,500 bringing the total to \$3,250,000. This loan was for the development of the I-82 to SR397 Intertie Project. The loan has a low-interest rate of 0.50% and the repayment term is approximately 20 years from completion of the project.

The completion of the Intertie road in 2008 resulted in a route jurisdictional transfer of the road to the state that was signed by the Governor and became effective July 26, 2009. Benton County remains accountable for the loan.

Public Works Trust Fund Loan debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Trust Fund Loan		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 197,748	\$ 9,887	\$ 207,635
2016	197,748	8,899	206,647
2017	197,748	7,910	205,658
2018	197,748	6,921	204,669
2019	197,748	5,932	203,680
2020-2024	988,742	14,831	1,003,573
Totals	\$1,977,482	\$54,380	\$2,031,862

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

B. Special Assessment Bonds

On May 1, 2003 Benton County issued \$382,995 in Special Assessment bonds payable by levy against real property in the County's Road Improvement District numbers 11 and 12. These bonds bear an interest rate of 2.05% to 5.55% and reach maturity in the year 2023. The principal outstanding on December 31, 2014 is \$65,000. There was \$15,211 in delinquent special assessment receivables on December 31, 2014. Debt service requirements for special assessment bonds will be met by the collection of assessment receivable that have been levied against property owners. Benton County has established a CRID Guaranty fund whereby the County will cover expenses if the property owners do not pay the assessments necessary to finance the debt. The County will recover all funds spent in this manner, as the assessments are liens against the property and subject to foreclosure.

On December 31, 2005, Benton County issued \$899,598 in Special Assessment bonds payable by levy against real property in the County's Road Improvement District numbers 15 and 16. These bonds bear an interest rate of 3.80% to 5.25% and reach maturity in the year 2025. The principal outstanding on December 31, 2014 is \$165,000. There was \$19,279 in delinquent special assessment receivables on December 31, 2014. Debt service requirements for special assessment bonds will be met by the collection of assessment receivable that have been levied against property owners. Benton County has established a CRID Guaranty fund whereby the County will cover expenses if the property owners do not pay the assessments necessary to finance the debt. The County will recover all funds spent in this manner, as the assessments are liens against the property and subject to foreclosure.

Year Ending December 31	Special Assessment Bonds		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 0	\$ 15,475	\$ 15,475
2016	0	12,130	12,130
2017	0	12,130	12,130
2018	0	12,130	12,130
2019	5,000	12,130	17,130
2020-2024	190,000	42,175	232,175
2025	35,000	1,837	36,837
Totals	\$230,000	\$108,007	\$338,007

C. Long-Term Debt

The County issues general obligation bonds to finance the purchase of land and the acquisition or construction of buildings. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. General obligation bonds are being repaid from the applicable resources using debt service funds.

On November 1, 2003 Benton County issued \$20,885,000 in General Obligation bonds to refinance portions of the bonds issued in July of 2000 and September of 1996. These bonds bear an interest rate of 2.00% to 5.00% and reach maturity in the year 2020. The principal outstanding on December 31, 2014 is \$11,230,000.

On July 15, 2006 Benton County issued \$7,245,000 in General Obligation bonds for the cost of acquiring, designing, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new facility to accommodate the Benton Franklin Health District Center. These bonds bear an interest rate of 3.95% to 4.75% and reach maturity in the year 2031. The principal outstanding on December 31, 2014 is \$5,975,000.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding debt, including interest, are as follows:

Year(s)	Health Building	CRID Special Assessment Debt 2005	CRID Special Assessment Debt 2003	G.O. Bonded Debt 2003	Public Works Trust Fund Loan	Total Debt Payments
2015	\$ 515,225	\$ 11,950	\$ 3,525	\$ 2,541,500	\$ 207,635	\$ 3,279,835
2016	514,813	8,605	3,525	2,541,500	206,647	3,275,090
2017	513,975	8,605	3,525	2,017,500	205,658	2,749,263
2018	512,713	8,605	3,525	2,014,500	204,669	2,744,012
2019	515,337	8,605	8,525	2,017,500	203,681	2,753,648
2020-2031	6,161,732	200,792	68,220	2,016,000	1,003,572	9,450,164
Totals	\$8,733,795	\$247,162	\$90,845	\$13,148,500	\$2,031,862	\$24,252,012

General Obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Refinance portions of outstanding bonds for reduced rate	2.77%-5.00%	\$11,230,000
Juvenile Justice Center Jail	3.00%-4.95%	0
Construction, expansion and renovations to Justice Center	4.70%-5.10%	0
Health Building	3.95%-4.75%	5,975,000
Total		\$17,205,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 2,245,000	\$ 811,725	\$ 3,056,725
2016	2,335,000	721,313	3,056,313
2017	1,925,000	606,475	2,531,475
2018	2,015,000	512,213	2,527,213
2019	2,120,000	412,837	2,532,837
2020-2024	3,565,000	1,020,510	4,585,510
2025-2029	2,040,000	523,347	2,563,347
2030-2031	960,000	68,875	1,028,875
	\$17,205,000	\$4,677,295	\$21,882,295

At December 31, 2014, the County has \$1,393,712 available in debt service funds to service the general obligation bonded debt.

The County's legal non-voted debt limit is \$238,979,000 with \$219,304,000 still available. The legal voted debt limit (with 3/5 vote) is \$398,298,333 with \$378,623,333 still available.

At December 31, 2014, the County estimates that it has \$186,493 of compensated absences due within one year.

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE 10 – LEASES

A. Operating Leases

The County leases copiers and other office machines and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total cost for such leases was \$183,948 for the year ended December 31, 2014. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Amount
2015	\$152,091
2016	110,765
2017	71,532
2018	40,370
2019	7,974
2020-2024	-0-
Total	\$382,732

B. Capital Leases

The County has entered into lease agreements for financing telecommunication equipment with no down payment and no purchase option at the end of the lease. The equipment is accounted for in the Central Services Internal Service Fund.

These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

Asset	Central Services Internal Service Fund
2009 Telecommunications Equipment	\$ 345,735
2010 Telecommunications Equipment	263,599
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(574,694)
Total	\$ 34,640

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2014 were as follows:

Year Ending December 31	Amount
2015	\$ 5,863
2016	0
2017	0
2018	0
2019	0
Total Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 5,863
Less: Interest	(58)
Present Value Of Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 5,805

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

NOTE 11 – CHANGES IN GENERAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the following changes occurred in Long-Term Liabilities:

Description	Balance 01/01/14	Additions	Reductions	Balance 12/31/14	Due Within One Year
Employee Leave Benefits*	\$ 3,038,252	\$3,883,835	\$3,953,903	\$ 2,968,184	\$ 186,493
DSHS Working Advances	207,667	0	0	207,667	0
Economic Development Loan	2,175,230	0	197,748	1,977,482	197,748
2003 CRID Special Assessment	85,000	0	20,000	65,000	0
2005 CRID Special Assessment	230,000	0	65,000	165,000	0
Health Building	6,210,000	0	235,000	5,975,000	245,000
2003 Refinancing	13,150,000	0	1,920,000	11,230,000	2,000,000
OPEB Benefit For LEOFF**	1,206,496	304,175	158,003	1,352,668	0
Capital Leases	98,512	0	92,707	5,805	5,805
Total Debt	\$26,401,157	\$4,188,010	\$6,642,361	\$23,946,806	\$2,635,046

*Departments are reimbursed leave expenditures from the Accumulated Leave fund.

**OPEB benefits for LEOFF obligations are liquidated through the Current Expense Fund.

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end \$28,812 of internal service funds compensated absences and \$5,805 of internal service funds capital leases are included in the above amounts.

NOTE 12 – CONTINGENCIES AND LITIGATIONS

The County participates in a number of federal and state grant assisted programs. These grants are subject to audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. County management believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Benton County's financial statements include all material liabilities. There are no material contingent liabilities to record. In the opinion of management the County's insurance policies and self-insurance reserves are adequate to pay all known pending claims without adversely affecting the financial viability of the County.

NOTE 13 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

A. Classification of Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are classified as follows:

1. Transactions that would be treated as revenues, expenditures or expenses if they involved external organizations, such as buying goods and services or payment in lieu of taxes, are similarly treated when they involve other funds of the County.
2. Transfers to support the operations of other funds are recorded as "Transfers" and classified with "Other Financing Sources or Uses".

*Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014*

B. Interfund Reconciliations

1. Interfund Due To & Due From

The composition of interfund Due To and Due From as of December 31, 2014, is as follows:

Due To	Due From	Amount
General Fund	County Road	\$4,205
	Human Services	23,884
	NonMajor Governmental Funds	1,630
	Sub-total	29,719
County Road	NonMajor Governmental Funds	24,781
	Internal Service Funds	11,855
	Sub-total	36,636
Human Services	NonMajor Governmental Funds	15,988
	Sub-total	15,988
NonMajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	800
	Sub-total	800
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	25,356
	County Road	167,848
	NonMajor Governmental Funds	26,800
	Sub-total	220,004
	Total	\$303,147

These interfund transactions usually involve the exchange of goods and services in a normal business relationship. The amounts due to the internal service funds consists primarily of County Road fund equipment rental fees and material purchases of approximately \$167,000 and departmental vehicle repairs and maintenance of \$16,000. Other interfund transactions include court costs, legal fees and administrative charges.

2. Transfers

Transfers represent subsidies and contributions provided to operating funds and capital project funds with no corresponding debt or promise to repay. Transfers out on non-major governmental funds generally represent debt service and capital project funding. Interfund transfers occurring between individual major funds, non-major governmental, and internal service funds of the County during the year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

Transferring In Fund	Transferring Out Fund	Amount
General Fund	Major Governmental Funds	\$1,623,139
	NonMajor Governmental Funds	304,779
	Sub-total	1,927,918
County Road	NonMajor Governmental Funds	280,000
	Sub-total	280,000
Human Services	General Fund	164
	Sub-total	164
Capital Acquisition	General Fund	5,000,000
	Sub-total	5,000,000
NonMajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	4,545,986
	Major Governmental Funds	2,872,334
	NonMajor Governmental Funds	827,925
	Sub-total	8,246,245
Internal Service Funds	NonMajor Governmental Funds	151,521
	Sub-total	151,521
	Total	\$15,605,848

Benton County, Washington
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

For the year ended December 31, 2014, the following transfers were significant or of a nonroutine nature:

- \$2.74 million transferred to Debt Service Funds to fund routine debt service payments consisting of the following: \$2.04 million from the Rural County Capital fund; \$0.50 million from the 1/10% Criminal Justice Jail-Juvenile fund; and \$0.20 million from the ¼ Percent Real Estate Excise Tax fund
- \$5.00 million transferred to Capital Projects Fund from the General Fund to finance capital projects
- \$3.73 million transferred to the Benton Franklin Juvenile Center to fund operations, consisting of the following: \$3.40 million from the General Fund and \$0.33 million from the 1/10% Criminal Justice Jail-Juvenile fund
- \$1.60 million from 1/10% Criminal Justice Jail-Juvenile fund to the General Fund for maintenance and operation of the adult and juvenile jails

NOTE 14 – RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$42,491,931 of restricted net position, of which \$42,326,015 is restricted by enabling legislation.

NOTE 15 - JOINT VENTURES

A. Benton County Emergency Services

Benton County Emergency Services (BCES), providing public safety communications and emergency management services, was formed January 1, 1997, when an Inter-local Agreement was entered into by the Cities of Kennewick, Richland, West Richland, Benton City, Prosser and the County. This Inter-local superseded an Inter-local Agreements previously associated with Benton County Emergency Management and the Southeast Communications Center Amended and restated January 5, 2012, the Public Utility District #1, a municipal corporation, was approved as a new member with limited participation. . These agreements shall continue indefinitely, unless terminated by a participant. Upon dissolution of the Inter-local Agreement, the net position will be shared equitably among the participants.

Benton County Emergency Services is served by an Executive Board composed of the City Managers (or designees) of Kennewick and Richland, City Administrators for Prosser and West Richland, a Council member from Benton City and a County Commissioner.

BCES is comprised of four funds: the Southeast Communications (SECOMM), 800 MHz Radio, Benton County Emergency Management (BCEM) and Microwave.

1. SECOMM

The Southeast Communications Center (SECOMM) provides public safety communications services to three principal participating jurisdictions: The Cities of Kennewick and Richland and the County. The three principal participating jurisdictions own an equal share of net position. Allocation of financial participation among the three principle jurisdictions is based on an equal share of capital expense, predetermined fixed costs, direct costs and percentages of use.

SECOMM also provides public safety communication services via contract to the City of West Richland, Benton County Fire Protection Districts #1, #2, #3, #4 and #6. These agencies contract with SECOMM and are assessed on a cost per capita or cost per call basis.

2. 800 MHz Radio

The 800 MHz Radio fund provides communication infrastructure and technology for the dispatching of public safety agencies throughout Benton County. Participating agencies (Benton County Sheriff's Office, Jail, Juvenile Justice Center, Public Works, Public Utility District and

Benton County, Washington
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Animal Control; the Cities of Richland, Kennewick, Prosser and West Richland, as well as PNNL and the Areva Corporation) are charged an annual fee per radio to fund system maintenance and upgrades.

3. BCEM

Benton County Emergency Management provides disaster response planning, event and response coordination and disaster recovery for the County and its political subdivisions per RCW 38.52. BCEM is funded by five grant programs: Radiological Emergency Preparedness, Emergency Management Program, Department of Energy Emergency Preparedness, Chemical Stockpile Emergency Preparedness, and State Homeland Security Program. The six participating jurisdictions of the Cities of Kennewick, Richland, West Richland, Prosser and Benton City as well as Benton County participate in the grant programs through the Inter-local Agreement for Emergency Management. Financial position is allocated based on equal shares of a predetermined basic charge and a variable charge calculated using population percentages and assessed valuations.

4. Microwave

The microwave system is accounted for separately within its own fund and the user groups are charged a portion of costs based on number of circuits utilized. The Cities of Kennewick, Richland and Benton County each own an equal share of Microwave's net assets. The change in equity is reflected in Public Safety under the government-wide Statement of Activities. Upon dissolution of the Interlocal Agreement, the net position will be shared equitably among the participants.

Effective January 1, 1997, the City of Richland assumed responsibility for operation of Benton County Emergency Services. As the Operating Jurisdiction, the City of Richland provides all of the necessary administrative services for the operation of BCES. The total amount paid by BCES in 2014 for these services was \$242,203. No distributions of income to Richland are expected since charges are assessed only to recover anticipated expenses.

The County's equity interests in SECOMM, 800 MHZ Radio, BCEM and Microwave were \$1,293,359; \$3,893,969; \$23,717; and \$50,473 on December 31, 2014. The total of these amounts is reported as Joint Venture capital assets on the government-wide statement of net position. The change in equity is reflected in the government-wide statement of activities under Public Safety. The County does not anticipate any income distributions from BCEM since charges are assessed only to recover anticipated expenses. Complete and separate financial statements for BCES may be obtained at the Benton County Emergency Services, 651 Truman Avenue, Richland, WA.

B. Metro Drug Forfeiture Fund

The Metropolitan Controlled Substance Enforcement Group (Metro) was established in 1987, when an Inter-local Agreement was entered into by six participating municipal corporations, the cities of Kennewick, Pasco, Richland, and West Richland, and Benton and Franklin Counties (West Richland has subsequently opted out of the task force). Metro was established to account for the proceeds of forfeitures, federal grants, and court ordered contributions, and to facilitate the disbursement of those proceeds for the purpose of drug enforcement and investigations.

Metro is served by an Executive Committee composed of the City Manager or designee of each of the cities and a member or designee from each of the Boards of County Commissioners of Benton and Franklin Counties. In addition, a Governing Board, consisting of the Chiefs of Police from the cities and the Sheriffs from the counties administers daily activity.

Effective July 1, 2009, the City of Kennewick assumed responsibility for the operation of Metro. As the Operating Jurisdiction, the City provides all necessary support services for the operation of Metro such as accounting, legal services and risk management.

The County's equity interest in Metro was \$3,422 on June 30, 2014. The County does not anticipate any income distribution from Metro since charges are assessed only to recover anticipated expense. Complete separate financial statements for Metro may be obtained at the City of Kennewick, 210 West Sixth Avenue, Kennewick, WA.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

C. Bi-County Police Information Network

The Bi-County Police Information Network (BI-PIN) was established November 24, 1982, when an Inter-local Agreement was entered into by five participant municipal corporations: the Cities of Kennewick, Pasco, Richland, Connell, West Richland, Prosser, and Benton and Franklin Counties. This particular agreement is considered a joint cooperative agreement. BI-PIN was established to assist the participating police and sheriff's departments in the deterrence and solution of criminal incidents. BI-PIN is served by an Executive Committee composed of the City Manager for each city and a member from each Board of County Commissioners. A liaison from the Bi-County Chiefs and Sheriffs is an ex-officio, non-voting member.

The allocation of financial participation among the participating jurisdictions is based upon the approved budget for that year and is billed quarterly in advance to each agency. On dissolution of the Inter-local Agreement, the net position will be shared based upon participant contribution.

Effective January 1, 1992, the City of Kennewick assumed responsibility for operation of the BI-PIN system. As the Operating Jurisdiction, the City of Kennewick provides all of the necessary support services for the operation of BI-PIN. These services include accounting and legal services, risk management and information systems. The total amount paid by BI-PIN, in 2013, for these transactions were \$119,000.

The County's equity interest in BI-PIN was \$175,251 on December 31, 2014. The change in equity is reflected in the government-wide statement of activities under Public Safety. Complete and separate financial statements for BI-PIN may be obtained at the City of Kennewick, 210 West Sixth Avenue, Kennewick, WA.

NOTE 16 – POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 7, the County provides post-retirement health care benefits, in accordance with RCW 41.26.150, to LEOFF Plan I employees who were employed on or before September 30, 1977. Currently, 16 retirees meet eligibility requirements.

The County reimburses 100 percent of the amount of validated claims for medical and hospitalization costs incurred by pre-Medicare retirees. During 2014 the County reimbursed up to \$104.90 per month per employee as a Medicare supplement for LEOFF retirees eligible for Medicare. Employer contributions are financed on pay-as-you-go basis. Expenditures for post-retirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees report claims and include a provision for estimated claims incurred, but not yet reported to the County.

During the year, expenditures of \$158,003 were recognized for post-retirement health care.

During 2008, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 45 (GASB 45), Accounting and Financial reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Accordingly, the government-wide financial statements include activity for the LEOFF retiree healthcare plan as discussed below. This liability is included in the long-term accrued liabilities in the accompanying December 31, 2014 Statement of Net Position.

Due to the size of the plan (less than 100 participants) the County elected to use the alternative measurement method permitted under GASB 45. A single retirement age of 56.24 was assumed for all active members for the purpose of determining the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) and normal cost. Interest discount rates for retirement, disablement, termination, and mortality were assumed to follow the LEOFF 1 rates used in the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation report issued by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). Healthcare costs and trends were determined by Milliman and used by OSA in the state-wide LEOFF 1 medical study performed in 2007. The results were based on grouped data with 4 active groupings and 4 inactive groupings. The actuarial cost method used to determine the AAL was Projected Unit Credit. Medical inflation rates were expected to start at 8.5% and decrease to 5.0% for years beginning in 2016. A return on investment earnings rate of 4.5% was assumed. General inflation was projected at 3.5%. General salary increases (including inflation) were projected at 4.5%. The AAL and Net OPEB Obligation (NOO) are amortized on an open basis as a level dollar over 15 years.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

These assumptions are individually and collectively reasonable for the purposes of this valuation and reflect a long-term perspective. The above described valuations for OPEB involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future and any actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

As of January 1, 2014 the plan was unfunded as allowed by GASB 45. The accrued liability for benefits was \$3.9 million, and the actuarial value of plan assets was zero, resulting in an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of \$3.9 million. The UAAL is being amortized on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2011 was 9 years.

Annual costs include the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined based on certain assumptions. The ARC represents the annual contribution to fund plan benefits that, if paid on an ongoing basis, would fully fund normal costs of benefits earned each year and would provide sufficient funding to amortize a portion of any unfunded actuarial liability over a period of 9 years as of January 1, 2015.

Calculations of OPEB benefits are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the LEOFF 1 plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the costs paid by the County to that point. A summary of the components of annual OPEB cost, current employer contributions, and changes in the net OPEB obligation for 2013 follows:

Components of Other Postemployment Employee Benefit Plan – LEOFF
Prior Three Years

	2014	2013	2012
Determination of Annual Required Contribution (ARC)			
Normal cost	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
Amortization of UAAL	362,224	379,518	411,086
ARC	\$362,224	\$379,518	\$411,086
Annual OPEB Cost			
ARC	\$362,224	\$379,518	\$411,086
NOO Interest	54,292	49,170	42,768
NOO Amortization	(112,341)	(101,743)	(88,496)
Annual OPEB Cost	\$304,175	\$326,946	\$365,359
NOO			
Starting NOO	\$1,206,496	\$1,092,674	\$950,408
Annual OPEB Cost	304,175	326,946	365,359
Less Contributions Paid to LEOFF Retirees	(158,003)	(213,124)	(223,093)
NOO	\$1,352,668	\$1,206,496	\$1,092,674
Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	51.9%	65.1%	61.1%

Funding Status

As of December 31, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The accrued liability for benefits was \$3,890,118 and the actuarial value of the assets was \$0 resulting in a UAAL of \$3,890,118. The annual covered payroll was \$0 and the ratio of the UAAL to annual covered payroll could not be calculated due to having zero as the divisor.

Additional information, presenting multi-year trend information about the actuarial value of plan assets relative to the AAL for benefits for OPEB is found in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of the CAFR following the Notes. The same actuarial method used to determine the ARC for the County was employed to prepare the RSI.

NOTE 17 – OTHER DISCLOSURES

A. Related Organizations

In 2002 Benton County established a Public Facilities District as provided by RCW 36.100. The district was established to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the development of a regional center (convention, conference and/or special events center) at a cost of at least \$10 million.

The County has reviewed the District as a potential component unit. It is a legally separate entity. Although the District's board members are appointed by the Benton County Commissioners, the County receives no financial benefit and assumes no financial responsibility, whatsoever, for the District.

The Benton County Commissioners, by statute, are the governing board for the Benton City Library Capital Facility Area (BCLCFA). However, it is a separate quasi-municipal corporation and management and supervision of the project to build a library in Benton City were contractually transferred to the Building Committee for construction and the Mid-Columbia Library District for acquiring equipment, furnishings and collections and administering the finances of the BCLCFA.

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BENTON COUNTY

Required Supplementary Information

Information about Infrastructure Assets Reported Using the Modified Approach

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, the County has adopted an alternative process for recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the modified approach, the County expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under the modified approach include approximately 343 lane miles of arterial roads and approximately 53 bridges that the County is responsible to maintain. Access roads are accounted for under the depreciation method in 2014.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the County is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the County.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

ROADS

Measurement Scale

The Benton County Department of Public Works uses a number of methods to determine the condition of roadway pavements; however, the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) serves as the County’s primary method to measure and monitor pavement conditions of its arterial roads. The PCI is a visual analysis conducted by an engineering technician and includes a 5-point scale, as follows:

Letter Grade	Number Rating	Verbal Group	Condition Group	Surface	Typical Maint/Repair
A	89-100	Excellent	I	Pavements which have little or no distress.	Seal Cracks
B	67-88	Good			Single Chip Seal
C	49-66	Fair	II & III	Pavements which have a significant level of distress, nonload related. Pavements which have a significant level of distress, load related.	Thin Overlay
D	21-48	Poor	IV	Pavements which have major distress.	Treat base with cement and thin overlay or thick overlay
E	0-20	Very Poor/Failed	V	Pavements which have extensive amounts of major distress.	Reconstruct Surface

Established Condition Level

No more than 20% of the arterial road pavements shall be rated as “poor” or “very poor”.

Assessed Conditions

The County generally assesses condition on a biannual basis. The 2010 assessment was delayed until 2011; the biannual assessment is now scheduled for every odd numbered year. The following table reports the percentage of pavements meeting rating of “Good” or “Poor”, for the past three assessment years. “Good” represents ratings of A through C and “Poor” represents ratings of D and E.

Rating	2013	2011	2008
Good	97%	98%	98%
Poor	3%	2%	2%

BRIDGES

The National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS) published in the Code of Federal Regulations defines a bridge as follows:

“A structure including supports erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, highway, or railway, and having a track or passageway for carrying traffic or other moving loads, and having an opening measured along the center of the roadway of more than 20 feet between under copings of abutments or spring lines of arches, or extreme ends of openings for multiple boxes: it may also include multiple pipes, where the clear distance between openings is less than half of the smaller contiguous opening.”

Measurement Scale

The sufficiency rating (SR) is the basis for establishing eligibility and priority for replacement or rehabilitation of bridges with Federal Highway Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation Program (HBRRP) funds. The sufficiency rating is a numeric value that indicates a bridge's relative ability to serve its intended purpose. The value ranges from 100 (a bridge in new condition) to a 0 (a bridge incapable of carrying traffic). The sufficiency rating is the summation of four calculated values: Structural Adequacy and Safety, Serviceability and Functional Obsolescence, Essentiality for Public Use, and Special Reductions.

There are two types of deficient bridges – structurally deficient (SD) and functionally obsolete (FO). A structurally deficient bridge, as defined by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is one whose condition or design has impacted its ability to adequately carry its intended traffic loads. A functionally obsolete bridge is one in which the deck geometry, load carrying capacity, clearance or approach roadway alignment has reduced its ability to adequately meet the traffic needs. Those bridges meeting the criteria for both SD and FO are only considered SD. The structural deficiency overrides the functional obsolescence and the bridge will be considered in the SD classification.

In general, the lower the sufficiency rating, the higher the priority. To qualify for replacement, a bridge must have a sufficiency rating of less than 50.0 and be structurally deficient or functionally obsolete. To be eligible for rehabilitation, a bridge must have a SR of 80.0 or less and be structurally deficient or functionally obsolete. The bridges must be greater than ten years old. Federal funding only applies to bridges or structures that meet the NBIS definition. Currently, sufficiency ratings prioritize the funding for these bridges or structures.

Bridges or structures 20 feet or less in length along the centerline of the roadway do not qualify for Federal funding. State and Local funding sources are used for these structures. There are no priority-rating systems established for the replacement fund from the Federal or State governments for these structures. The replacement priority is determined by the owner agency.

Established Condition Level

No more than 10% of the bridges shall be rated as “structurally deficient”.

Assessed Conditions

“Structurally deficient” results when a sufficiency rating of 50 or less is assessed to the summation of four calculated values (e.g. Structural Adequacy and Safety, Serviceability and Functional Obsolescence, Essentiality for Public Use, and Special Reductions). The following table reports the percentage of bridges whose condition was assessed as “structurally deficient” during the past five years.

Calendar Year	Structurally Deficient
2014	0%
2013	0%
2012	0%
2011	0%
2010	0%

BUDGETED AND ESTIMATED COSTS TO MAINTAIN INFRASTRUCTURE

The following table presents the County’s estimate of spending necessary to preserve and maintain the roads and bridges at, or above, the “Established Condition Levels” cited above, and the actual amount spent during the past five fiscal years (in millions):

Fiscal Year	Estimated Spending	Actual Spending
2014	7.102	5.632
2013	5.446	5.160
2012	6.945	5.769
2011	7.015	5.463
2010	6.607	5.971

Required Supplementary Information

Other Post Employment Benefit Schedule of Funding Progress Year Ended December 31, 2014

Benton County LEOFF 1 Retiree Healthcare Plan

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) – Entry Age (b)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2014	\$ 0	\$3,890,118	\$3,890,118	0.00%	\$-0-	n/a
12/31/2013	\$ 0	\$4,075,856	\$4,075,856	0.00%	\$-0-	n/a
12/31/2012	\$ 0	\$4,414,881	\$4,414,881	0.00%	\$-0-	n/a
12/31/2011	\$ 0	\$4,665,361	\$4,665,361	0.00%	\$-0-	n/a
12/31/2010	\$ 0	\$4,847,852	\$4,847,852	0.00%	\$103,556	4,681.38%
12/31/2009	\$ 0	\$5,057,431	\$5,057,431	0.00%	\$102,782	4,920.54%
12/31/2008	\$ 0	\$5,128,064	\$5,128,064	0.00%	\$ 98,125	5,226.05%

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BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

December 31, 2014

	Nonmajor Funds			Total
	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
ASSETS				
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,677,133	\$ 128,202	\$ 17,422	\$ 8,822,757
Investments	15,338,451	1,265,510	0	16,603,961
Taxes Receivable	4,487	0	0	4,487
Accounts Receivable	189,098	0	0	189,098
Assessments Receivable	15,757	0	0	15,757
Interest Receivable	2,228	0	6	2,234
Due From Other Funds	800	0	0	800
Due From Other Governmental Units	441,270	0	0	441,270
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ <u>24,669,224</u>	\$ <u>1,393,712</u>	\$ <u>17,428</u>	\$ <u>26,080,364</u>
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 411,879	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 411,879
Due To Other Funds	44,417	0	24,781	69,198
Interfund Payable	0	0	132,872	132,872
Accrued Wages Payable	688,285	0	0	688,285
Total Liabilities	<u>1,144,581</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>1,302,234</u>
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	20,244	0	0	20,244
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>20,244</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>20,244</u>
<u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	9,192,071	0	0	9,192,071
Committed	14,312,328	1,393,712	17,428	15,723,468
Unassigned	0	0	(157,653)	(157,653)
Total Fund Balances	<u>23,504,399</u>	<u>1,393,712</u>	<u>(140,225)</u>	<u>24,757,886</u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ <u>24,669,224</u>	\$ <u>1,393,712</u>	\$ <u>17,428</u>	\$ <u>26,080,364</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Nonmajor Funds			Total
	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 179,951	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 179,951
Sales and Use Taxes	661,842	0	0	661,842
Other Taxes	367,091	0	0	367,091
Licenses and Permits	861,744	0	0	861,744
Intergovernmental	2,945,550	0	0	2,945,550
Charges for Services	6,584,009	0	0	6,584,009
Fines and Forfeits	4,476	0	0	4,476
Interest Earnings	128,205	29,757	43	158,005
Donations	769	0	0	769
Other Revenues	711,628	354,812	0	1,066,440
 Total Revenues	<u>12,445,265</u>	<u>384,569</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>12,829,877</u>
 <u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	2,744,757	0	0	2,744,757
Public Safety	8,882,702	0	0	8,882,702
Transportation	0	0	157,653	157,653
Natural & Economic Environment	2,230,998	0	0	2,230,998
Social Services	80,989	0	0	80,989
Culture and Recreation	644,510	0	0	644,510
Debt Service:				
Principal	0	2,240,000	0	2,240,000
Interest	0	915,032	0	915,032
Capital Outlay	774,622	0	0	774,622
 Total Expenditures	<u>15,358,578</u>	<u>3,155,032</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>18,671,263</u>
 Excess (Deficit) Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(2,913,313)</u>	<u>(2,770,463)</u>	<u>(157,610)</u>	<u>(5,841,386)</u>
 <u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Proceeds of Capital Assets	13,772	0	0	13,772
Transfers In	5,508,933	2,737,312	0	8,246,245
Transfers Out	(1,564,224)	0	0	(1,564,224)
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)	<u>3,958,481</u>	<u>2,737,312</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6,695,793</u>
 Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>1,045,168</u>	<u>(33,151)</u>	<u>(157,610)</u>	<u>854,407</u>
 Fund Balance-January 1	22,459,231	1,426,863	17,385	23,903,479
 Fund Balance-December 31	<u>\$ 23,504,399</u>	<u>\$ 1,393,712</u>	<u>\$ (140,225)</u>	<u>\$ 24,757,886</u>

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are utilized to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources other than Expendable Trusts or major capital projects that are legally restricted for the purposes so designated. Both revenues and expenditures are budgeted in compliance with the Revised Code of Washington 36.40. The modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. The descriptions of the funds are as follows:

County Road Improvement - A fund to account for PILT monies to be utilized by the Public Works Department to gain funding through state and federal highway programs to improve the County road system.

Flood Control - A fund to finance the control of waters subject to flood conditions.

Veterans' Assistance - A fund to finance emergency financial assistance to qualifying veterans and their dependents.

Auditor's O & M - Established, by the state, for restoration and preservation of recorded documents.

Treasurer's Investment Pool – A fund to collect fees from Treasurer Investment Pool participants in accordance with the County Investment policy.

Park Development - A fund to finance the planning, development and maintenance of a comprehensive parks and recreation program.

Election Reserve - Established to finance all County voter maintenance and elections.

Treasurer's O & M - A fund to account for extraordinary costs incurred collecting delinquent real and personal property taxes.

Paths and Trails Reserve - Established for the development of paths and trails within the County.

Benton Franklin Juvenile Center - A fund established to provide justice, detention and treatment services for juveniles.

Inmate Benevolence - A fund to account for the purchase and sale of personal supplies to prisoners.

Crime Victim Compensation - A fund established to provide assistance to the victims of crimes.

Fairgrounds Operating Budget - A fund created to provide for the operations of the fairgrounds.

Sheriff's Investigations - A fund created to support the special investigative needs of the Sheriff's office.

Canine and Boat Patrol - A fund established to maintain the Sheriff's canine and boat patrol programs.

Treasurer's Service Fee Fund - A fund established to collect fees charged for property tax payments using Automatic Clearing House (ACH) transactions and payment of expenses for administering the program.

REET Technology – A fund established per State of Washington Legislature SSHB 1240, section 2 to increase excise fees on Real Estate Excise Tax to provide for the development and implementation of an automated system for the electronic processing of the real estate excise tax compatible with the system developed by the Washington State Department of Revenue.

1/4 Percent Real Estate Excise Tax - A fund to account for the revenues generated by a special 1/4 of 1 percent excise tax levied on the sale of real property within the County.

Probation Assessment - A fund created to account for probation counseling in district court.

Central Services Computer Replacement - An accumulative reserve fund created to provide funding for the replacement of computer equipment.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

(CONTINUED)

Noxious Weed Control - A fund established to control noxious weeds within the County.

Sustainable Development - Established to promote economic development and diversity within the County.

Courthouse Facilitator - A fund established to provide legal document assistance to domestic violence litigants. Revenues are generated from domestic, probate and adoption filings.

Family Services - A fund created to provide family services within the juvenile court system.

Family Services Superior Court - Established to provide family services within the superior court system.

Jail Depreciation Reserve - Established for the purpose of holding the monies charged for depreciation on the County jail.

Distressed County Tax - A fund established to receive money from the Department of Revenue for sales tax in distressed rural areas for the purpose of financing public facilities.

Clerks Collection Fund - A fund providing tracking and collection of overdue Court costs and restitution fees.

Protective Inspection Services Fund - Established to provide tracking and collection of building permits and inspection services.

Pest Board - Providing tracking and collection of activities associated with pest control.

Work Crew Replacement - A fund established to track fees received from inmates, assigned to work crews, and assist in the purchase of replacement vehicles for the work crew program.

State Housing Income - To account for 60% of a surcharge on recording fees to fund housing projects for very low-income persons. Established by amendment to RCW 36.22, effective 6/13/02.

Vit Impact – A fund created to aid the County in accommodating the impact of labor force changes during the construction of the radioactive waste vitrification plant.

Homeless Housing & Assistance – A fund established per State of Washington Legislature SSB 2163, to collect a surcharge of ten dollars on recorded documents by the County Auditor to prevent and end homelessness in the State of Washington.

Solid Waste Collection – A fund established to collect fees and assist in the planning and administration of solid waste management plans.

Trial Court Improvement – A fund established per State of Washington Legislature 2ESSB 5454 for improvements to superior and district court staffing, programs, facilities and services. An amount equal to 100 per cent of the State's contribution received by the county for district court judge's salaries is to be retained for the fund.

Historical Preservation – A fund established to promote historical preservation or historical programs, which may include preservation of historical documents.

Domestic Violence Assessment – A fund created per RCW 10.99.080, which established a penalty assessment for any person convicted of a crime involving domestic violence. The fund's purpose is to support domestic violence advocacy and domestic violence prevention and prosecution programs.

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	County Road Improvement	Flood Control	Veteran's Assistance	Auditor's O & M
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,120,115	\$ 59,825	\$ 28,966	\$ 26,707
Investments	0	0	315,133	290,528
Taxes Receivable	0	0	4,487	0
Accounts Receivable	0	0	0	50
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	691	19	0	0
Due From Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Governments	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 2,120,806	\$ 59,844	\$ 348,586	\$ 317,285
 <i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Vouchers Payable	\$ (350)	\$ 0	\$ 7,457	\$ 2,209
Due To Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Accrued Liabilities	0	0	0	11,188
Total Liabilities	(350)	0	7,457	13,397
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	4,487	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	4,487	0
 <u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	0	59,844	336,642	303,888
Committed	2,121,156	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	2,121,156	59,844	336,642	303,888
 Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 \$ 2,120,806	 \$ 59,844	 \$ 348,586	 \$ 317,285

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	Treasurer's Investment Pool	Park Development	Election Reserve	Treasurer's O & M
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 134,168	\$ 653,417	\$ 25,628	\$ 217,931
Investments	0	0	278,776	0
Taxes Receivable	0	0	0	0
Accounts Receivable	0	316	0	0
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	43	57	0	72
Due From Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Governments	0	0	35,706	0
Total Assets	\$ 134,211	\$ 653,790	\$ 340,110	\$ 218,003
 <i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Vouchers Payable	\$ 5,000	\$ 14,155	\$ 13,031	\$ 0
Due To Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Accrued Liabilities	0	0	29,597	8,664
Total Liabilities	5,000	14,155	42,628	8,664
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
 <u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	129,211	639,635	0	209,339
Committed	0	0	297,482	0
Total Fund Balance	129,211	639,635	297,482	209,339
 Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 \$ 134,211	 \$ 653,790	 \$ 340,110	 \$ 218,003

Paths and Trails Reserve	Benton Franklin Juvenile Center	Inmate Benevolence	Crime Victim Compen- sation	Fairgrounds Operating Budget
\$ 33,120	\$ 125,787	\$ 53,031	\$ 11,725	\$ 67,578
0	1,351,988	577,318	127,297	735,249
0	0	0	0	0
0	102	0	4,722	125,617
0	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0
0	800	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	<u>206,345</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>\$ 33,130</u>	<u>\$ 1,685,022</u>	<u>\$ 630,349</u>	<u>\$ 143,744</u>	<u>\$ 928,444</u>
\$ 0	\$ 91,948	\$ 45,720	\$ 1,360	\$ 43,755
0	2,386	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	<u>421,255</u>	<u>19,318</u>	<u>21,111</u>	<u>11,744</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>515,589</u>	<u>65,038</u>	<u>22,471</u>	<u>55,499</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
33,130	0	565,311	121,273	0
<u>0</u>	<u>1,169,433</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>872,945</u>
<u>33,130</u>	<u>1,169,433</u>	<u>565,311</u>	<u>121,273</u>	<u>872,945</u>
<u>\$ 33,130</u>	<u>\$ 1,685,022</u>	<u>\$ 630,349</u>	<u>\$ 143,744</u>	<u>\$ 928,444</u>

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	Sheriff's Investi- gations	Canine/Boat Patrol	Treasurer's Service Fee	REET Technology
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,886	\$ 1,152	\$ 156	\$ 8,687
Investments	172,633	12,105	1,259	94,196
Taxes Receivable	0	0	0	0
Accounts Receivable	0	0	0	0
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Governments	0	0	0	0
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 190,519</u>	 <u>\$ 13,257</u>	 <u>\$ 1,415</u>	 <u>\$ 102,883</u>
 <i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Vouchers Payable	\$ 307	\$ 265	\$ 0	\$ 0
Due To Other Funds	0	240	0	0
Accrued Liabilities	0	0	0	0
 Total Liabilities	 <u>307</u>	 <u>505</u>	 <u>0</u>	 <u>0</u>
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	0	0
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>0</u>	 <u>0</u>	 <u>0</u>	 <u>0</u>
 <u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	0	0	1,415	102,883
Committed	190,212	12,752	0	0
 Total Fund Balance	 <u>190,212</u>	 <u>12,752</u>	 <u>1,415</u>	 <u>102,883</u>
 Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	 <u>\$ 190,519</u>	 <u>\$ 13,257</u>	 <u>\$ 1,415</u>	 <u>\$ 102,883</u>

1/4 Percent Real Estate Excise Tax	Probation Assessment	Central Services Computer Replacement	Noxious Weed Control	Sustainable Development
\$ 113,660	\$ 31,165	\$ 154,708	\$ 14,843	\$ 43,506
1,237,848	339,091	1,685,051	161,269	471,911
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	11,181	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	36,301	0	0	0
<u>\$ 1,351,508</u>	<u>\$ 406,557</u>	<u>\$ 1,839,759</u>	<u>\$ 187,293</u>	<u>\$ 515,417</u>
\$ 0	\$ 937	\$ 0	\$ 3,607	\$ 2,669
0	0	24,976	0	0
0	44,979	0	10,260	8,829
<u>0</u>	<u>45,916</u>	<u>24,976</u>	<u>13,867</u>	<u>11,498</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11,181</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>11,181</u>	<u>0</u>
1,351,508	0	0	162,245	503,919
0	360,641	1,814,783	0	0
<u>1,351,508</u>	<u>360,641</u>	<u>1,814,783</u>	<u>162,245</u>	<u>503,919</u>
<u>\$ 1,351,508</u>	<u>\$ 406,557</u>	<u>\$ 1,839,759</u>	<u>\$ 187,293</u>	<u>\$ 515,417</u>

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	Courthouse Facilitator	Family Services	Family Services Superior Court	Jail Depreciation Reserve
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,252	\$ 1,117	\$ 1,861	\$ 802,879
Investments	24,098	11,734	19,835	0
Taxes Receivable	0	0	0	0
Accounts Receivable	436	0	110	0
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	0	0	0	261
Due From Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Governments	0	735	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 26,786	\$ 13,586	\$ 21,806	\$ 803,140
<i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Vouchers Payable	\$ 1,020	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Due To Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Accrued Liabilities	0	2,683	0	0
Total Liabilities	1,020	2,683	0	0
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
<u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	25,766	10,903	21,806	803,140
Committed	0	0	0	0
Total Fund Balance	25,766	10,903	21,806	803,140
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 26,786	\$ 13,586	\$ 21,806	\$ 803,140

Distressed County Tax	Clerk's Collection	Protective Inspection Services	Pest Board	Work Crew Replacement
\$ 4,808	\$ 163,168	\$ 30,608	\$ 8,953	\$ 243,809
51,944	1,777,219	329,760	97,100	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	8,706	50	0	0
0	0	0	4,576	0
0	0	0	0	79
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
<u>56,752</u>	<u>1,949,093</u>	<u>360,418</u>	<u>110,629</u>	<u>243,888</u>
\$ 0	\$ 2,407	\$ 1,681	\$ 51	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0
0	32,314	45,833	6,664	0
<u>0</u>	<u>34,721</u>	<u>47,514</u>	<u>6,715</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,576</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>4,576</u>	<u>0</u>
56,752	0	0	99,338	0
<u>0</u>	<u>1,914,372</u>	<u>312,904</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>243,888</u>
<u>56,752</u>	<u>1,914,372</u>	<u>312,904</u>	<u>99,338</u>	<u>243,888</u>
<u>\$ 56,752</u>	<u>\$ 1,949,093</u>	<u>\$ 360,418</u>	<u>\$ 110,629</u>	<u>\$ 243,888</u>

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
 December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	State Housing	Vit Impact	Homeless Housing & Assistance	Solid Waste Collection
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,118,518	\$ 344,566	\$ 1,880,186	\$ 72,971
Investments	0	3,753,496	0	794,554
Taxes Receivable	0	0	0	0
Accounts Receivable	119	0	645	44,526
Assessments Receivable	0	0	0	0
Interest Receivable	373	0	623	0
Due From Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Due From Other Governments	0	0	3,063	159,120
Total Assets	\$ 1,119,010	\$ 4,098,062	\$ 1,884,517	\$ 1,071,171
<i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Vouchers Payable	\$ 8,280	\$ 0	\$ 6,112	\$ 159,658
Due To Other Funds	1,877	0	14,111	174
Accrued Liabilities	0	0	0	7,641
Total Liabilities	10,157	0	20,223	167,473
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Tax	0	0	0	0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	0	0	0	0
<u>Fund Balance</u>				
Restricted	1,108,853	0	1,864,294	0
Committed	0	4,098,062	0	903,698
Total Fund Balance	1,108,853	4,098,062	1,864,294	903,698
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,119,010	\$ 4,098,062	\$ 1,884,517	\$ 1,071,171

Trial Court Improvement	Historical Preservation	Domestic Violence Assessment	2014 Totals
\$ 45,586	\$ 9,586	\$ 2,504	\$ 8,677,133
496,203	104,011	26,845	15,338,451
0	0	0	4,487
3,219	25	455	189,098
0	0	0	15,757
0	0	0	2,228
0	0	0	800
0	0	0	441,270
<u>\$ 545,008</u>	<u>\$ 113,622</u>	<u>\$ 29,804</u>	<u>\$ 24,669,224</u>
\$ 600	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 411,879
653	0	0	44,417
0	0	6,205	688,285
<u>1,253</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6,205</u>	<u>1,144,581</u>
0	0	0	20,244
0	0	0	20,244
543,755	113,622	23,599	9,192,071
0	0	0	14,312,328
<u>543,755</u>	<u>113,622</u>	<u>23,599</u>	<u>23,504,399</u>
<u>\$ 545,008</u>	<u>\$ 113,622</u>	<u>\$ 29,804</u>	<u>\$ 24,669,224</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	County Road Improve- ment	Flood Control	Veteran's Assistance	Auditor's O & M
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 179,951	\$ 0
Sales and Use Taxes	0	0	0	0
Other Taxes	0	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	924,080	835	6,425	80,138
Charges for Services	0	0	0	65,979
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	4,250	146	0	0
Donations	0	0	0	0
Other Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Revenues	<u>928,330</u>	<u>981</u>	<u>186,376</u>	<u>146,117</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	0	0	0	247,612
Public Safety	0	0	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	0	0	0	0
Social Services	0	0	80,989	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>80,989</u>	<u>247,612</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>928,330</u>	<u>981</u>	<u>105,387</u>	<u>(101,495)</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	0	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(280,000)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(280,000)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net change in fund balances	648,330	981	105,387	(101,495)
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,472,826	58,863	231,255	405,383
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 2,121,156</u>	<u>\$ 59,844</u>	<u>\$ 336,642</u>	<u>\$ 303,888</u>

Treasurer's Investment Pool	Park Development	Election Reserve	Treasurer's O & M	Paths and Trails Reserve
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2,230	0	15,508
0	316	190,156	112,822	0
0	0	0	0	0
112,365	612	0	549	63
0	532	0	0	0
0	16,992	0	983	0
<u>112,365</u>	<u>18,452</u>	<u>192,386</u>	<u>114,354</u>	<u>15,571</u>
14,643	0	816,620	132,430	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	204,238	0	0	148
0	17,979	0	0	0
<u>14,643</u>	<u>222,217</u>	<u>816,620</u>	<u>132,430</u>	<u>148</u>
<u>97,722</u>	<u>(203,765)</u>	<u>(624,234)</u>	<u>(18,076)</u>	<u>15,423</u>
0	0	0	0	0
0	500,000	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
97,722	296,235	(624,234)	(18,076)	15,423
31,489	343,400	921,716	227,415	17,707
<u>\$ 129,211</u>	<u>\$ 639,635</u>	<u>\$ 297,482</u>	<u>\$ 209,339</u>	<u>\$ 33,130</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Benton Franklin Juvenile Center	Inmate Benevolence	Crime Victim Compen- sation	Fairgrounds Operating Budget
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Sales and Use Taxes	0	0	0	0
Other Taxes	0	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	1,160,557	0	40,572	0
Charges for Services	2,461,220	595,522	215,740	0
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	0	0	0	0
Donations	125	0	0	0
Other Revenue	1,533	38,893	0	267,503
Total Revenues	<u>3,623,435</u>	<u>634,415</u>	<u>256,312</u>	<u>267,503</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	0	0	278,895	0
Public Safety	7,392,570	514,844	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	0	0	0	0
Social Services	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	440,124
Capital Outlay	88,146	0	0	550,678
Total Expenditures	<u>7,480,716</u>	<u>514,844</u>	<u>278,895</u>	<u>990,802</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>(3,857,281)</u>	<u>119,571</u>	<u>(22,583)</u>	<u>(723,299)</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	3,734,977	0	0	928,913
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>3,734,977</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>928,913</u>
Net change in fund balances	(122,304)	119,571	(22,583)	205,614
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,291,737	445,740	143,856	667,331
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 1,169,433</u>	<u>\$ 565,311</u>	<u>\$ 121,273</u>	<u>\$ 872,945</u>

Sheriff's Investi- gations	Canine/Boat Patrol	Treasurer's Service Fee	REET Technology	1/4 Percent Real Estate Excise Tax	Probation Assessment
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	367,091	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,214	66,404	0	14,232	0	0
6,250	6,250	697	16,615	0	494,818
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	112	0	0	0	0
39,931	0	0	0	0	0
<u>47,395</u>	<u>72,766</u>	<u>697</u>	<u>30,847</u>	<u>367,091</u>	<u>494,818</u>
0	0	490	4,000	0	613,893
27,672	82,547	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	9,774	0	0	0	0
<u>27,672</u>	<u>92,321</u>	<u>490</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>613,893</u>
<u>19,723</u>	<u>(19,555)</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>26,847</u>	<u>367,091</u>	<u>(119,075)</u>
0	12,971	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	(727,925)	0
0	12,971	0	0	(727,925)	0
19,723	(6,584)	207	26,847	(360,834)	(119,075)
170,489	19,336	1,208	76,036	1,712,342	479,716
<u>\$ 190,212</u>	<u>\$ 12,752</u>	<u>\$ 1,415</u>	<u>\$ 102,883</u>	<u>\$ 1,351,508</u>	<u>\$ 360,641</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Central Services Computer Replacement	Noxious Weed Control	Sustainable Development	Courthouse Facilitator
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Sales and Use Taxes	0	0	0	0
Other Taxes	0	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	0	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	110,812	0
Charges for Services	273,985	19,392	0	50,933
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	0	0	0	0
Donations	0	0	0	0
Other Revenue	0	246,983	1,398	0
Total Revenues	<u>273,985</u>	<u>266,375</u>	<u>112,210</u>	<u>50,933</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	0	0	0	30,455
Public Safety	0	0	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	0	203,905	167,167	0
Social Services	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>203,905</u>	<u>167,167</u>	<u>30,455</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>273,985</u>	<u>62,470</u>	<u>(54,957)</u>	<u>20,478</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	0	0	200,000	0
Transfers Out	(151,520)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(151,520)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>0</u>
Net change in fund balances	122,465	62,470	145,043	20,478
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,692,318	99,775	358,876	5,288
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 1,814,783</u>	<u>\$ 162,245</u>	<u>\$ 503,919</u>	<u>\$ 25,766</u>

Family Services	Family Services Superior Court	Jail Depreciation Reserve	Distressed County Tax	Clerk's Collection
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
29,645	11,020	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	14,841
0	8,060	57,636	0	743,617
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1,839	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
<u>29,645</u>	<u>19,080</u>	<u>59,475</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>758,458</u>
0	0	0	0	546,647
28,397	0	117,868	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	54,304	0	0
<u>28,397</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>172,172</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>546,647</u>
<u>1,248</u>	<u>19,080</u>	<u>(112,697)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>211,811</u>
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	120,363	0	0
0	(20,000)	0	0	0
<u>0</u>	<u>(20,000)</u>	<u>120,363</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
1,248	(920)	7,666	0	211,811
9,655	22,726	795,474	56,752	1,702,561
<u>\$ 10,903</u>	<u>\$ 21,806</u>	<u>\$ 803,140</u>	<u>\$ 56,752</u>	<u>\$ 1,914,372</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Protective Inspection Services	Pest Board	Work Crew Replacement	State Housing
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Sales and Use Taxes	0	0	0	0
Other Taxes	0	0	0	0
Licenses and Permits	821,079	0	0	0
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0
Charges for Services	6,072	0	33,075	140,732
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	0	0	567	2,894
Donations	0	0	0	0
Other Revenue	12	97,400	0	0
Total Revenues	<u>827,163</u>	<u>97,400</u>	<u>33,642</u>	<u>143,626</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General Governmental Services	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	718,804	0	0	0
Natural & Economic Environment	0	92,457	0	239,693
Social Services	0	0	0	0
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	<u>718,804</u>	<u>92,457</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>239,693</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>108,359</u>	<u>4,943</u>	<u>33,642</u>	<u>(96,067)</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Transfers In	24,680	0	0	0
Transfers Out	0	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>24,680</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net change in fund balances	133,039	4,943	33,642	(96,067)
Fund Balance as of January 1	179,865	94,395	210,246	1,204,920
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 312,904</u>	<u>\$ 99,338</u>	<u>\$ 243,888</u>	<u>\$ 1,108,853</u>

Vit Impact	Homeless Housing & Assistance	Solid Waste Collection	Trial Court Improvement	Historical Preservation	Domestic Violence Assessment	2014 Totals
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 179,951
661,842	0	0	0	0	0	661,842
0	0	0	0	0	0	367,091
0	0	0	0	0	0	861,744
0	80,040	308,053	119,609	0	0	2,945,550
0	729,875	263,646	57,444	33,157	0	6,584,009
0	0	0	0	0	4,476	4,476
0	4,920	0	0	0	0	128,205
0	0	0	0	0	0	769
0	0	0	0	0	0	711,628
<u>661,842</u>	<u>814,835</u>	<u>571,699</u>	<u>177,053</u>	<u>33,157</u>	<u>4,476</u>	<u>12,445,265</u>
0	0	0	19,061	30,781	9,230	2,744,757
0	0	0	0	0	0	8,882,702
0	1,117,621	410,155	0	0	0	2,230,998
0	0	0	0	0	0	80,989
0	0	0	0	0	0	644,510
0	0	0	53,741	0	0	774,622
<u>0</u>	<u>1,117,621</u>	<u>410,155</u>	<u>72,802</u>	<u>30,781</u>	<u>9,230</u>	<u>15,358,578</u>
<u>661,842</u>	<u>(302,786)</u>	<u>161,544</u>	<u>104,251</u>	<u>2,376</u>	<u>(4,754)</u>	<u>(2,913,313)</u>
0	0	801	0	0	0	13,772
0	0	0	0	0	0	5,508,933
(384,779)	0	0	0	0	0	(1,564,224)
<u>(384,779)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>801</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>3,958,481</u>
277,063	(302,786)	162,345	104,251	2,376	(4,754)	1,045,168
3,820,999	2,167,080	741,353	439,504	111,246	28,353	22,459,231
<u>\$ 4,098,062</u>	<u>\$ 1,864,294</u>	<u>\$ 903,698</u>	<u>\$ 543,755</u>	<u>\$ 113,622</u>	<u>\$ 23,599</u>	<u>\$ 23,504,399</u>

NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the payment of general long-term debt, principal, interest and related costs. Expenditure limits are determined by the terms of each debt issue. The modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. The descriptions of the funds are as follows:

CRID #11 & #12 Debt Service – A fund to accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest on the \$382,995 to make county road improvements to which the residents assessed will receive the benefit. Installments will be made over twenty years.

CRID #15 Debt Service – A fund to accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest on the \$803,109 to make county road improvements to which the residents assessed will receive the benefit. Installments will be made over twenty years.

CRID #16 Debt Service – A fund to accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest on the \$96,489 to make county road improvements to which the residents assessed will receive the benefit. Installments will be made over twenty years.

Health Building Bond - A fund to accumulate monies for payment of principal and interest on the \$7,245,000 in General Obligation bonds issued for the cost of acquiring, designing, constructing, furnishing and equipping a new facility to accommodate the Benton Franklin Health District Center.

Justice Center Expansion Refunding Bond – A fund to accumulate monies for the payment of principal and interest on \$23,615,000 (issued 2000) for the Justice Center and Jail Expansion Project and principal and interest on \$5,410,000 (issued 2001) for Completion of the third floor of the Jail. The year 2000 bonds are part of the 2003 Refunding bond (reducing the outstanding portion to \$6,865,000 at 12/31/03); installments are made annually with maturity at 2020. The 2001 bonds are paid in annual installments with maturity at 2021. The 2003 Refunding bonds, used to reduce the above mentioned bonds, are paid in annual installments over twenty years.

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 December 31, 2014

	<u>CRID #11 & #12 Debt Service</u>	<u>CRID #15 Debt Service</u>	<u>CRID #16 Debt Service</u>
<i>ASSETS</i>			
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,984	\$ 3,115	\$ 863
Investments	0	0	0
Total Assets	<u>\$ 7,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,115</u>	<u>\$ 863</u>
<i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Custodial Accounts	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Fund Balance</u>			
Committed	7,984	3,115	863
Total Fund Balance	<u>7,984</u>	<u>3,115</u>	<u>863</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 7,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,115</u>	<u>\$ 863</u>

Combining Balance Sheet
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 December 31, 2014

	<u>Health Building Bond</u>	<u>Justice Center Bond</u>	<u>2014 Total</u>
<i>ASSETS</i>			
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 5,440	\$ 110,800	\$ 128,202
Investments	58,824	1,206,686	1,265,510
Total Assets	<u>\$ 64,264</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,393,712</u>
<i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Custodial Accounts	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Fund Balance</u>			
Committed	64,264	1,317,486	1,393,712
Total Fund Balance	<u>64,264</u>	<u>1,317,486</u>	<u>1,393,712</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 64,264</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,393,712</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	CRID #11 & #12 <u>Debt Service</u>	CRID #15 <u>Debt Service</u>	CRID #16 <u>Debt Service</u>
<u>Revenues</u>			
Interest	\$ 7,301	\$ 19,462	\$ 2,994
Other Revenue	13,504	43,292	3,999
Total Revenues	<u>20,805</u>	<u>62,754</u>	<u>6,993</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Debt Service:			
Principal	20,000	58,000	7,000
Interest	4,570	10,516	1,434
Total Expenditures	<u>24,570</u>	<u>68,516</u>	<u>8,434</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(3,765)	(5,762)	(1,441)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>			
Transfers In	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,765)	(5,762)	(1,441)
Fund Balance as of January 1	11,749	8,877	2,304
Fund Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 7,984</u>	<u>\$ 3,115</u>	<u>\$ 863</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Health Building Bond	Justice Center Bond	2014 Total
<u>Revenues</u>			
Interest	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 29,757
Other Revenue	294,017	0	354,812
Total Revenues	<u>294,017</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>384,569</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>			
Debt Service:			
Principal	235,000	1,920,000	2,240,000
Interest	280,212	618,300	915,032
Total Expenditures	<u>515,212</u>	<u>2,538,300</u>	<u>3,155,032</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(221,195)	(2,538,300)	(2,770,463)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>			
Transfers In	199,012	2,538,300	2,737,312
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>199,012</u>	<u>2,538,300</u>	<u>2,737,312</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(22,183)	0	(33,151)
Fund Balance as of January 1	86,447	1,317,486	1,426,863
Fund Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 64,264</u>	<u>\$ 1,317,486</u>	<u>\$ 1,393,712</u>

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are established to account for programs involving the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets. Both revenues and expenditures are budgeted in compliance with the procedures established in the Revised Code of Washington. The modified accrual basis of accounting is applied. The descriptions of the funds are as follows:

Detox Center Construction - A fund to account for the cost of constructing the Detoxification Center.

CRID #21 Construction – A fund to account for the cost of constructing CRID #21.

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2014

<i>ASSETS</i>	<u>Detox Center Construction</u>	<u>CRID #21 Construction</u>	<u>2014 Totals</u>
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,422	\$ 0	\$ 17,422
Interest Receivable	6	0	6
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 17,428</u>	 <u>\$ 0</u>	 <u>\$ 17,428</u>
 <i>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE</i>			
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Interfund Payable	\$ 0	\$ 132,872	\$ 132,872
Due To Other Funds	<u>0</u>	<u>24,781</u>	<u>24,781</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>157,653</u>
 <u>Fund Balance</u>			
Reserved:			
Committed	17,428	0	17,428
Unassigned	<u>0</u>	<u>(157,653)</u>	<u>(157,653)</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>17,428</u>	<u>(157,653)</u>	<u>(140,225)</u>
 Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	 <u>\$ 17,428</u>	 <u>\$ 0</u>	 <u>\$ 17,428</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2014**

	Detox Center Construction	CRID #21 Construction	2014 Totals
<u>Revenues</u>			
Interest Earnings	\$ 43	\$ 0	\$ 43
Total Revenues	<u>43</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>43</u>
 <u>Expenditures</u>			
Current:			
Transportation	<u>0</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>157,653</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>0</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>157,653</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>43</u>	<u>(157,653)</u>	<u>(157,610)</u>
Net change in fund balances	43	(157,653)	(157,610)
Fund Balance as of January 1	17,385	0	17,385
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 17,428</u>	<u>\$ (157,653)</u>	<u>\$ (140,225)</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Schedule of Revenues - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<i>Taxes</i>					
General Property Taxes	\$ 39,309,651	\$ 39,309,651	\$ 19,512,929	\$ 20,257,322	\$ 460,600
Retail Sales and Use Taxes	18,122,408	18,122,408	9,840,239	9,347,791	1,065,622
Excise Taxes	808,500	808,500	385,816	337,743	(84,941)
Interest and Penalty on Taxes	0	0	0	49,716	49,716
Total Taxes	58,240,559	58,240,559	29,738,984	29,992,572	1,490,997
<i>Licenses and Permits</i>					
Non-Business Licenses and Permits	136,975	136,975	102,799	77,164	42,988
Total Licenses and Permits	136,975	136,975	102,799	77,164	42,988
<i>Intergovernmental Revenues</i>					
Federal Grants	120,000	120,000	30,988	15,782	(73,230)
Federal Entitlements	203,350	203,350	101,858	109,515	8,023
Federal Shared Revenues	1,671,608	1,674,108	840,402	839,536	5,830
State Grants	1,495,759	1,741,263	886,138	644,490	(210,635)
State Shared Revenues	2,507,000	2,507,000	1,375,584	1,366,311	234,895
State Entitlements	2,268,000	2,268,000	1,202,532	1,475,235	409,767
Intergovernmental Service Revenues	0	0	0	1,769	1,769
Total Intergovernmental Revenues	8,265,717	8,513,721	4,437,502	4,452,638	376,419
<i>Charges For Services</i>					
General Government	13,535,620	13,535,620	5,946,759	5,949,272	(1,639,589)
Security of Persons and Property	19,067,416	19,067,416	9,321,099	11,096,750	1,350,433
Economic Environment	38,000	38,000	7,030	9,024	(21,946)
Total Charges for Services	32,641,036	32,641,036	15,274,888	17,055,046	(311,102)
<i>Fines and Forfeitures</i>					
Superior Court Penalties	1,010,200	1,010,200	464,901	446,710	(98,588)
Civil Penalties	36,000	36,000	21,051	17,040	2,091
Non-Parking Infractions	2,295,470	2,295,470	1,316,036	1,273,327	293,893
Civil Parking Infractions	500	500	1,547	2,824	3,870
Criminal Traffic Penalties	812,000	812,000	409,072	395,433	(7,495)
Non-Traffic Penalties	1,771,525	1,771,525	642,223	808,665	(320,638)
Criminal Costs	1,262,500	1,262,500	635,288	616,754	(10,458)
Total Fines and Forfeitures	7,188,195	7,188,195	3,490,117	3,560,753	(137,324)
<i>Miscellaneous Revenues</i>					
Sale of Capital Assets	3,000	3,000	2,676	47,651	47,327
Transfers In	3,875,558	3,875,558	1,922,314	1,927,918	(25,326)
Interest Earnings	2,637,950	2,637,950	1,253,372	1,641,830	257,252
Rents and Royalties	477,993	477,993	222,960	198,608	(56,425)
Contributions & Donations	20,500	20,500	8,198	7,912	(4,390)
Other Miscellaneous Revenue	72,945	73,368	71,751	31,269	29,652
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	7,087,946	7,088,369	3,481,270	3,855,188	248,089
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 113,560,428	\$ 113,808,855	\$ 56,525,561	\$ 58,993,362	\$ 1,710,068

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
 General Fund
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<i>GENERAL GOVERNMENT</i>					
<u>County Commissioners</u>					
Personnel	\$ 1,551,169	\$ 1,530,381	\$ 763,876	\$ 744,880	\$ (21,625)
Personnel Benefits	508,063	512,168	238,648	239,563	(33,958)
Supplies	25,438	37,238	7,932	21,042	(8,263)
Other Services and Charges	293,399	289,874	148,440	130,096	(11,337)
Total County Commissioners	\$ 2,378,069	\$ 2,369,661	\$ 1,158,896	\$ 1,135,581	\$ (75,184)
<u>Superior Court</u>					
Personnel	\$ 3,282,128	\$ 3,308,503	\$ 1,634,531	\$ 1,650,667	\$ (23,305)
Personnel Benefits	770,376	870,676	419,624	441,737	(9,314)
Supplies	30,700	29,064	13,283	12,139	(3,642)
Other Services and Charges	786,728	787,364	382,871	384,605	(19,888)
Intergovernmental Services	800	1,800	620	550	(630)
Total Superior Court	\$ 4,870,732	\$ 4,997,407	\$ 2,450,929	\$ 2,489,698	\$ (56,780)
<u>County Clerk</u>					
Personnel	\$ 2,374,929	\$ 2,470,909	\$ 1,180,382	\$ 1,204,721	\$ (85,806)
Personnel Benefits	1,014,640	1,091,796	543,943	601,331	53,478
Supplies	42,692	64,525	37,597	18,908	(8,020)
Other Services and Charges	877,200	879,241	399,310	357,508	(122,423)
Total County Clerk	\$ 4,309,461	\$ 4,506,471	\$ 2,161,232	\$ 2,182,467	\$ (162,771)
<u>District Court</u>					
Personnel	\$ 3,740,045	\$ 3,715,845	\$ 1,848,610	\$ 1,857,787	\$ (9,448)
Personnel Benefits	1,400,791	1,451,691	697,224	749,010	(5,457)
Supplies	103,526	123,526	62,624	60,055	(847)
Other Services and Charges	1,133,771	1,175,771	577,401	593,175	(5,195)
Total District Court	\$ 6,378,133	\$ 6,466,833	\$ 3,185,859	\$ 3,260,026	\$ (20,948)
<u>County Auditor</u>					
Personnel	\$ 1,752,386	\$ 1,693,694	\$ 871,802	\$ 813,765	\$ (8,128)
Personnel Benefits	689,392	737,584	356,517	363,261	(17,806)
Supplies	19,302	31,199	6,866	20,718	(3,615)
Other Services and Charges	734,376	732,979	345,735	377,767	(9,477)
Total County Auditor	\$ 3,195,456	\$ 3,195,456	\$ 1,580,920	\$ 1,575,511	\$ (39,025)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>County Treasurer</u>					
Personnel	\$ 1,348,347	\$ 1,316,096	\$ 650,986	\$ 662,651	\$ (2,458)
Personnel Benefits	545,117	575,805	275,939	298,022	(1,844)
Supplies	31,732	33,852	15,039	17,691	(1,122)
Other Services and Charges	713,502	712,945	345,477	360,270	(7,198)
Total County Treasurer	\$ 2,638,698	\$ 2,638,698	\$ 1,287,440	\$ 1,338,635	\$ (12,623)
<u>Board of Equalization</u>					
Personnel	\$ 55,392	\$ 54,502	\$ 26,898	\$ 24,824	\$ (2,780)
Personnel Benefits	4,237	4,237	2,058	1,899	(280)
Supplies	800	800	283	286	(232)
Other Services and Charges	20,324	21,214	9,935	9,427	(1,852)
Total Board of Equalization	\$ 80,753	\$ 80,753	\$ 39,174	\$ 36,436	\$ (5,143)
<u>County Assessor</u>					
Personnel	\$ 2,577,314	\$ 2,529,314	\$ 1,249,187	\$ 1,205,088	\$ (75,039)
Personnel Benefits	1,003,715	1,051,715	506,941	532,064	(12,710)
Supplies	35,714	35,714	12,065	15,209	(8,440)
Other Services and Charges	850,413	850,413	416,941	413,196	(20,276)
Total County Assessor	\$ 4,467,156	\$ 4,467,156	\$ 2,185,134	\$ 2,165,557	\$ (116,466)
<u>County Prosecuting Attorney</u>					
Personnel	\$ 5,765,902	\$ 5,771,733	\$ 2,837,436	\$ 2,897,468	\$ (36,829)
Personnel Benefits	2,091,014	2,256,843	1,072,642	1,163,902	(20,300)
Supplies	73,932	84,932	49,822	30,387	(4,724)
Other Services and Charges	818,887	810,913	393,519	399,880	(17,515)
Total County Prosecuting Attorney	\$ 8,749,735	\$ 8,924,421	\$ 4,353,418	\$ 4,491,636	\$ (79,367)
<u>Personnel Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 312,306	\$ 301,394	\$ 157,854	\$ 137,872	\$ (5,668)
Personnel Benefits	118,321	125,516	61,827	57,689	(6,000)
Supplies	2,000	2,000	472	283	(1,244)
Other Services and Charges	108,643	108,768	60,161	45,345	(3,263)
Total Personnel Department	\$ 541,270	\$ 537,678	\$ 280,315	\$ 241,188	\$ (16,175)
<u>L.E.O.F.F.</u>					
Personnel Benefits	\$ 376,200	\$ 346,200	\$ 169,592	\$ 146,107	\$ (30,501)
Other Services and Charges	94,800	74,800	45,290	14,260	(15,250)
Total L.E.O.F.F.	\$ 471,000	\$ 421,000	\$ 214,882	\$ 160,367	\$ (45,751)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
 General Fund
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>GIS Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 362,910	\$ 370,210	\$ 185,170	\$ 184,986	\$ (54)
Personnel Benefits	139,757	153,657	74,754	78,934	31
Supplies	2,001	2,951	829	1,518	(604)
Other Services and Charges	166,246	160,296	81,606	78,636	(54)
Total GIS Department	\$ 670,914	\$ 687,114	\$ 342,359	\$ 344,074	\$ (681)
<u>Facilities Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 1,083,781	\$ 1,039,437	\$ 389,558	\$ 297,902	\$ (351,977)
Personnel Benefits	436,225	424,860	158,973	127,486	(138,400)
Supplies	163,234	173,909	40,621	37,561	(95,727)
Other Services and Charges	2,360,661	2,394,360	564,519	661,357	(1,168,484)
Total Facilities Department	\$ 4,043,901	\$ 4,032,566	\$ 1,153,670	\$ 1,124,307	\$ (1,754,589)
<u>Indigent Public Defense</u>					
Personnel	\$ 563,494	\$ 689,296	\$ 335,497	\$ 353,579	\$ (219)
Personnel Benefits	199,420	263,648	125,599	138,125	77
Supplies	4,474	11,133	4,295	6,004	(834)
Other Services and Charges	4,316,751	4,120,062	2,056,610	1,879,127	(184,325)
Total Indigent Public Defense Department	\$ 5,084,139	\$ 5,084,139	\$ 2,522,001	\$ 2,376,836	\$ (185,302)
<u>Adult & Juvenile Drug Court</u>					
Personnel	\$ 193,790	\$ 190,345	\$ 91,397	\$ 96,887	\$ (2,062)
Personnel Benefits	61,236	72,381	34,086	36,724	(1,572)
Supplies	6,500	10,100	4,441	4,193	(1,465)
Other Services and Charges	181,132	168,635	64,416	63,090	(41,129)
Total Adult & Juvenile Drug Court	\$ 442,658	\$ 441,461	\$ 194,339	\$ 200,894	\$ (46,227)
<u>Non-Departmental</u>					
Personnel Benefits	\$ 150,800	\$ 100,800	\$ 27,437	\$ 0	\$ (73,363)
Other Services and Charges	1,683,072	1,193,188	174,301	192,762	(826,125)
Intergovernmental Services	6,000	6,000	2,096	2,166	(1,738)
Transfers Out	7,644,874	13,657,930	3,486,805	9,546,150	(624,975)
Total Non-Departmental	\$ 9,484,746	\$ 14,957,918	\$ 3,690,638	\$ 9,741,079	\$ (1,526,201)
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 57,806,821	\$ 63,808,732	\$ 26,801,207	\$ 32,864,292	\$ (4,143,233)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual
 General Fund
 For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<i>PUBLIC SAFETY</i>					
<u>County Sheriff-Administration</u>					
Personnel	\$ 1,200,091	\$ 1,208,891	\$ 604,848	\$ 602,986	\$ (1,057)
Personnel Benefits	394,625	413,025	202,898	207,751	(2,376)
Supplies	33,770	28,070	12,275	13,631	(2,164)
Other Services and Charges	297,289	291,750	140,842	146,817	(4,091)
Intergovernmental Services	1,061	400	140	140	(121)
Total County Sheriff-Administration	\$ 1,926,836	\$ 1,942,136	\$ 961,002	\$ 971,324	\$ (9,810)
<u>Civil Service</u>					
Personnel	\$ 48,768	\$ 48,768	\$ 17,138	\$ 11,688	\$ (19,942)
Personnel Benefits	20,974	20,974	7,455	5,965	(7,554)
Supplies	7,000	1,500	240	263	(997)
Other Services and Charges	36,917	38,417	14,315	22,593	(1,509)
Total Civil Service	\$ 113,659	\$ 109,659	\$ 39,149	\$ 40,508	\$ (30,002)
<u>County Sheriff-Patrol</u>					
Personnel	\$ 8,105,699	\$ 8,326,131	\$ 4,059,623	\$ 4,164,945	\$ (101,564)
Personnel Benefits	2,366,346	2,446,440	1,216,134	1,205,197	(25,108)
Supplies	712,468	690,559	312,560	340,292	(37,707)
Other Services and Charges	1,629,489	1,724,905	830,268	863,401	(31,236)
Intergovernmental Services	1,114,411	1,289,373	669,612	619,567	(194)
Total County Sheriff-Patrol	\$ 13,928,413	\$ 14,477,408	\$ 7,088,197	\$ 7,193,402	\$ (195,808)
<u>County Sheriff-Traffic Control</u>					
Personnel	\$ 581,637	\$ 591,065	\$ 294,631	\$ 295,240	\$ (1,194)
Personnel Benefits	180,338	180,338	91,933	86,569	(1,836)
Supplies	63,455	54,821	23,841	24,304	(6,677)
Other Services and Charges	82,511	85,011	41,913	39,813	(3,286)
Intergovernmental Services	56,357	58,063	27,237	30,825	(1)
Total County Sheriff-Traffic Control	\$ 964,298	\$ 969,298	\$ 479,555	\$ 476,751	\$ (12,993)
<u>County Sheriff-Corrections</u>					
Personnel	\$ 16,765,435	\$ 16,193,665	\$ 8,275,346	\$ 7,822,260	\$ (96,059)
Personnel Benefits	6,689,527	6,362,765	3,191,049	3,088,532	(83,184)
Supplies	1,021,877	976,121	446,641	461,583	(67,897)
Other Services and Charges	7,429,767	8,347,051	3,676,527	4,548,798	(121,725)
Intergovernmental Services	956,447	667,607	353,876	313,730	(1)
Total County Sheriff-Corrections	\$ 32,863,053	\$ 32,547,209	\$ 15,943,440	\$ 16,234,903	\$ (368,866)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>County Sheriff-Communications and Records</u>					
Personnel	\$ 665,796	\$ 652,796	\$ 321,484	\$ 329,852	\$ (1,460)
Personnel Benefits	275,242	292,832	143,702	147,918	(1,212)
Supplies	10,073	12,393	7,308	4,328	(756)
Other Services and Charges	156,458	154,496	72,292	80,585	(1,619)
Intergovernmental Services	121,474	128,020	69,532	58,598	110
Total County Sheriff-Communications and Records	\$ 1,229,043	\$ 1,240,537	\$ 614,319	\$ 621,281	\$ (4,937)
<u>Non-Departmental</u>					
Intergovernmental Services	\$ 61,982	\$ 41,982	\$ 19,391	\$ 16,286	\$ (6,305)
Total Non-Departmental	\$ 61,982	\$ 41,982	\$ 19,391	\$ 16,286	\$ (6,305)
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	\$ 51,087,284	\$ 51,328,229	\$ 25,145,053	\$ 25,554,456	\$ (628,721)
<i>NATURAL & ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT</i>					
<u>Planning Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 843,404	\$ 834,404	\$ 430,513	\$ 375,914	\$ (27,977)
Personnel Benefits	319,315	328,315	167,457	150,798	(10,060)
Supplies	12,670	12,670	5,331	6,651	(688)
Other Services and Charges	305,691	305,691	173,861	108,804	(23,026)
Total Planning Department	\$ 1,481,080	\$ 1,481,080	\$ 777,161	\$ 642,168	\$ (61,751)
<u>Animal Control</u>					
Personnel	\$ 209,703	\$ 159,703	\$ 87,675	\$ 58,573	\$ (13,455)
Personnel Benefits	89,126	87,876	39,841	25,880	(22,155)
Supplies	45,571	39,056	14,574	17,524	(6,958)
Other Services and Charges	94,140	89,452	40,990	35,780	(12,682)
Intergovernmental Services	9,627	9,627	4,569	4,440	(618)
Total Animal control	\$ 448,167	\$ 385,714	\$ 187,649	\$ 142,197	\$ (55,868)
<u>Non-Departmental</u>					
Intergovernmental Services	\$ 72,986	\$ 72,986	\$ 36,131	\$ 35,601	\$ (1,254)
Total Non-Departmental	\$ 72,986	\$ 72,986	\$ 36,131	\$ 35,601	\$ (1,254)
TOTAL NATURAL & ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT	\$ 2,002,233	\$ 1,939,780	\$ 1,000,941	\$ 819,965	\$ (118,874)
<i>SOCIAL SERVICES</i>					
<u>County Coroner</u>					
Personnel	\$ 370,658	\$ 386,458	\$ 184,837	\$ 196,252	\$ (5,369)
Personnel Benefits	93,980	101,480	49,169	52,144	(168)
Supplies	13,208	20,208	5,764	12,764	(1,680)
Other Services and Charges	251,980	221,680	106,096	91,913	(23,671)
Total County Coroner	\$ 729,826	\$ 729,826	\$ 345,866	\$ 353,073	\$ (30,887)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>TB Hospital</u>					
Supplies	\$ 24,600	\$ 24,600	\$ 1,043	\$ 0	\$ (23,557)
Other Services and Charges	22,500	22,500	2,472	1,618	(18,410)
Intergovernmental Services	93,750	93,750	50,781	46,875	3,906
Total TB Hospital	\$ 140,850	\$ 140,850	\$ 54,296	\$ 48,493	\$ (38,061)
<u>Non-Department</u>					
Intergovernmental Services	\$ 793,164	\$ 793,164	\$ 396,582	\$ 396,582	\$ 0
Total Non-Departmental	\$ 793,164	\$ 793,164	\$ 396,582	\$ 396,582	\$ 0
TOTAL SOCIAL SERVICES	\$ 1,663,840	\$ 1,663,840	\$ 796,744	\$ 798,148	\$ (68,948)
<i>CULTURE AND RECREATION</i>					
<u>WSU Extension Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 193,477	\$ 193,477	\$ 82,804	\$ 85,174	\$ (25,499)
Personnel Benefits	53,656	53,656	25,150	27,297	(1,209)
Supplies	12,162	12,102	2,769	7,054	(2,279)
Other Services and Charges	305,808	305,868	150,084	150,659	(5,125)
Total WSU Extension Department	\$ 565,103	\$ 565,103	\$ 260,807	\$ 270,184	\$ (34,112)
<u>Parks Department</u>					
Personnel	\$ 180,488	\$ 184,638	\$ 91,673	\$ 92,880	\$ (85)
Personnel Benefits	75,900	83,385	40,679	42,425	(281)
Supplies	44,552	41,505	19,634	15,992	(5,879)
Other Services and Charges	77,770	80,517	43,327	32,498	(4,692)
Total Parks Department	\$ 378,710	\$ 390,045	\$ 195,313	\$ 183,796	\$ (10,936)
TOTAL CULTURE AND RECREATION	\$ 943,813	\$ 955,148	\$ 456,120	\$ 453,980	\$ (45,048)
<i>CAPITAL OUTLAY</i>					
General Government	\$ 46,000	\$ 57,268	\$ 50,967	\$ 0	\$ (6,301)
Public Safety	86,775	132,196	90,256	41,604	(336)
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	\$ 132,775	\$ 189,464	\$ 141,223	\$ 41,604	\$ (6,637)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 113,636,766	\$ 119,885,193	\$ 54,341,288	\$ 60,532,445	\$ (5,011,461)

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget (GAAP Basis) and Actual

Capital Acquisition

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 545,300	\$ 803,516	\$ 248,816
Charges for Services	140,000	140,000	175,045	124,944	159,989
Interest Earnings	0	0	0	1,000	1,000
Miscellaneous Revenues	233,000	233,000	117,000	115,000	(1,000)
Total Revenues	<u>1,473,000</u>	<u>1,473,000</u>	<u>837,345</u>	<u>1,044,460</u>	<u>408,805</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government	0	363,071	0	399,456	36,385
Capital Outlay	16,400,000	16,036,929	2,599,537	1,547,287	(11,890,105)
Total Expenditures	<u>16,500,000</u>	<u>16,500,000</u>	<u>2,599,537</u>	<u>2,046,743</u>	<u>(11,853,720)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(15,027,000)	(15,027,000)	(1,762,192)	(1,002,283)	12,262,525
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Proceeds of Capital Assets	0	0	48,575	0	48,575
Transfers In	0	0	0	5,000,000	5,000,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>48,575</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>5,048,575</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures	(15,027,000)	(15,027,000)	(1,713,617)	3,997,717	17,311,100
Fund Balance, January 1	22,700,237	22,700,237	22,913,893	21,200,276	21,413,932
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 7,673,237</u>	<u>\$ 7,673,237</u>	<u>\$ 21,200,276</u>	<u>\$ 25,197,993</u>	<u>\$ 38,725,032</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

County Road Improvement

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,568,000	\$ 1,568,000	\$ 734,025	\$ 924,080	\$ 90,105
Interest Earnings	3,000	3,000	4,482	4,250	5,732
Total Revenues	1,571,000	1,571,000	738,507	928,330	95,837
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,571,000	1,571,000	738,507	928,330	95,837
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(1,965,000)	(1,965,000)	(235,000)	(280,000)	1,450,000
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,965,000)	(1,965,000)	(235,000)	(280,000)	1,450,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(394,000)	(394,000)	503,507	648,330	1,545,837
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,110,000	1,110,000	969,319	1,472,826	1,332,145
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 716,000	\$ 716,000	\$ 1,472,826	\$ 2,121,156	\$ 2,877,982

Flood Control

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 0	\$ 835	\$ (1,165)
Interest Earnings	150	150	230	146	226
Total Revenues	2,150	2,150	230	981	(939)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	2,150	2,150	230	981	(939)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	60,794	60,794	0	0	(60,794)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	60,794	60,794	0	0	(60,794)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	62,944	62,944	230	981	(61,733)
Fund Balance as of January 1	58,644	58,644	58,633	58,863	58,852
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 121,588	\$ 121,588	\$ 58,863	\$ 59,844	\$ (2,881)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Veteran's Assistance

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 330,600	\$ 330,600	\$ 172,720	\$ 179,951	\$ 22,071
Intergovernmental	6,500	6,500	4,956	6,425	4,881
Total Revenues	337,100	337,100	177,676	186,376	26,952
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Social Services	328,763	328,763	101,637	80,989	(146,137)
Total Expenditures	328,763	328,763	101,637	80,989	(146,137)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	8,337	8,337	76,039	105,387	173,089
Fund Balance as of January 1	140,000	140,000	155,216	231,255	246,471
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 148,337	\$ 148,337	\$ 231,255	\$ 336,642	\$ 419,560

Auditor's O & M

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 99,062	\$ 80,138	\$ (20,800)
Charges For Services	160,000	160,000	85,634	65,979	(8,387)
Total Revenues	360,000	360,000	184,696	146,117	(29,187)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	690,990	696,990	237,349	247,612	(212,029)
Capital Outlay	122,779	116,779	11,267	0	(105,512)
Total Expenditures	813,769	813,769	248,616	247,612	(317,541)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(453,769)	(453,769)	(63,920)	(101,495)	288,354
Fund Balance as of January 1	453,769	453,769	469,303	405,383	420,917
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 405,383	\$ 303,888	\$ 709,271

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Treasurer's Investment Pool

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Interest Earnings	74,027	79,027	75,321	112,365	108,659
Total Revenues	74,027	79,027	75,321	112,365	108,659
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	21,286	26,286	9,643	14,643	(2,000)
Debt Service:					
Interest	2,100	2,100	1,154	0	(946)
Total Expenditures	23,386	28,386	10,797	14,643	(2,946)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	50,641	50,641	64,524	97,722	111,605
Fund Balance as of January 1	20,000	20,000	(33,035)	31,489	(21,546)
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 70,641	\$ 70,641	\$ 31,489	\$ 129,211	\$ 90,059

Park Development

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 44,000	\$ 44,000	\$ 12,110	316	\$ (31,574)
Interest Earnings	400	400	1,299	612	1,511
Donations	2,000	2,000	615	532	(853)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	8,836	16,992	15,828
Total Revenues	56,400	56,400	22,860	18,452	(15,088)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Culture and Recreation	112,400	272,400	50,805	204,238	(17,357)
Capital Outlay	250,000	90,000	5,156	17,979	(66,865)
Total Expenditures	362,400	362,400	55,961	222,217	(84,222)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(306,000)	(306,000)	(33,101)	(203,765)	69,134
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	0	0	0	500,000	500,000
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	500,000	500,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(306,000)	(306,000)	(33,101)	296,235	569,134
Fund Balance as of January 1	306,000	306,000	376,501	343,400	413,901
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 343,400	\$ 639,635	\$ 983,035

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Election Reserve				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 9,000	\$ 9,000	\$ 2,291	\$ 2,230	\$ (4,479)
Charges For Services	839,775	839,775	487,172	190,156	(162,447)
Miscellaneous	0	0	2,500	0	2,500
Total Revenues	848,775	848,775	491,963	192,386	(164,426)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	1,881,079	1,881,079	763,645	816,620	(300,814)
Total Expenditures	1,881,079	1,881,079	763,645	816,620	(300,814)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,032,304)	(1,032,304)	(271,682)	(624,234)	136,388
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	267,696	267,696	0	0	(267,696)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	267,696	267,696	0	0	(267,696)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(764,608)	(764,608)	(271,682)	(624,234)	(131,308)
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,262,004	1,262,004	1,193,398	921,716	853,110
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 497,396	\$ 497,396	\$ 921,716	\$ 297,482	\$ 721,802
<u>Treasurer's O & M</u>					
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 68,432	\$ 112,822	\$ (18,746)
Interest Earnings	1,400	1,400	1,794	549	943
Miscellaneous	0	0	146	983	1,129
Total Revenues	201,400	201,400	70,372	114,354	(16,674)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	340,462	340,462	119,218	132,430	(88,814)
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000	0	0	(5,000)
Total Expenditures	345,462	345,462	119,218	132,430	(93,814)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(144,062)	(144,062)	(48,846)	(18,076)	77,140
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Fixed Assets	1,000	1,000	0	0	(1,000)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	1,000	1,000	0	0	(1,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(143,062)	(143,062)	(48,846)	(18,076)	76,140
Fund Balance as of January 1	150,783	150,783	276,261	227,415	352,893
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 7,721	\$ 7,721	\$ 227,415	\$ 209,339	\$ 429,033

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Paths and Trails Reserve

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 30,031	\$ 30,031	\$ 15,172	\$ 15,508	\$ 649
Interest Earnings	100	100	146	63	109
Total Revenues	30,131	30,131	15,318	15,571	758
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Culture and Recreation	150	150	0	148	(2)
Total Expenditures	150	150	0	148	(2)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	29,981	29,981	15,318	15,423	760
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(93,731)	(93,881)	(62,047)	0	31,834
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(93,731)	(93,881)	(62,047)	0	31,834
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(63,750)	(63,900)	(46,729)	15,423	32,594
Fund Balance as of January 1	63,750	63,750	64,436	17,707	18,393
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ (150)	\$ 17,707	\$ 33,130	\$ 50,987

Benton Franklin Juvenile Center

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,074,952	\$ 2,831,599	\$ 1,045,038	\$ 1,160,557	\$ (626,004)
Charges For Services	5,108,391	4,351,744	2,586,643	2,461,220	696,119
Donations	0	0	5,550	125	5,675
Miscellaneous	0	0	5,830	1,533	7,363
Total Revenues	7,183,343	7,183,343	3,643,061	3,623,435	83,153
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	15,666,908	15,666,908	7,321,726	7,392,570	(952,612)
Capital Outlay	0	134,981	0	88,146	(46,835)
Total Expenditures	15,666,908	15,801,889	7,321,726	7,480,716	(999,447)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(8,483,565)	(8,618,546)	(3,678,665)	(3,857,281)	1,082,600
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	1,873	0	1,873
Transfers In	7,661,127	7,661,127	3,616,041	3,734,977	(310,109)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	7,661,127	7,661,127	3,617,914	3,734,977	(308,236)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(822,438)	(957,419)	(60,751)	(122,304)	774,364
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,122,244	1,122,244	1,352,488	1,291,737	1,521,981
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 299,806	\$ 164,825	\$ 1,291,737	\$ 1,169,433	\$ 2,296,345

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Inmate Benevolence

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 998,000	\$ 998,000	\$ 462,128	\$ 595,522	\$ 59,650
Miscellaneous	361,000	361,000	90,994	38,893	(231,113)
Total Revenues	1,359,000	1,359,000	553,122	634,415	(171,463)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	1,298,480	1,298,480	431,482	514,844	(352,154)
Total Expenditures	1,298,480	1,298,480	431,482	514,844	(352,154)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	60,520	60,520	121,640	119,571	180,691
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	0	26,394	0	0	(26,394)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	26,394	0	0	(26,394)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	60,520	86,914	121,640	119,571	154,297
Fund Balance as of January 1	300,000	300,000	324,100	445,740	469,840
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 360,520	\$ 386,914	\$ 445,740	\$ 565,311	\$ 624,137

Crime Victim Compensation

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 74,148	\$ 74,148	\$ 27,285	\$ 40,572	\$ (6,291)
Charges For Services	430,000	430,000	220,816	215,740	6,556
Fines and Forfeitures	0	0	0	1	1
Total Revenues	504,148	504,148	248,101	256,313	266
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	631,713	631,713	287,911	278,895	(64,907)
Total Expenditures	631,713	631,713	287,911	278,895	(64,907)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(127,565)	(127,565)	(39,810)	(22,582)	65,173
Fund Balance as of January 1	200,379	200,379	183,666	143,856	127,143
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 72,814	\$ 72,814	\$ 143,856	\$ 121,274	\$ 192,316

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Fairgrounds Operating Budget

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 30,000	\$ 0	\$ 30,000
Miscellaneous	555,098	555,098	265,777	267,503	(21,818)
Total Revenues	555,098	555,098	295,777	267,503	8,182
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Culture and Recreation	1,400,531	1,379,118	343,738	440,124	(595,256)
Capital Outlay	730,000	751,413	200,734	550,678	(1)
Total Expenditures	2,130,531	2,130,531	544,472	990,802	(595,257)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,575,433)	(1,575,433)	(248,695)	(723,299)	603,439
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	930,000	930,000	100,000	928,913	98,913
Total Other Sources (Uses)	930,000	930,000	100,000	928,913	98,913
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(645,433)	(645,433)	(148,695)	205,614	702,352
Fund Balance as of January 1	782,000	782,000	816,026	667,331	701,357
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 136,567	\$ 136,567	\$ 667,331	\$ 872,945	\$ 1,403,709

Sheriff's Investigations

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000	\$ 4,150	\$ 1,214	\$ (4,636)
Charges For Services	10,000	10,000	3,750	6,250	0
Miscellaneous	0	0	24,739	39,931	64,670
Total Revenues	20,000	20,000	32,639	47,395	60,034
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	123,590	123,590	42,779	27,672	(53,139)
Capital Outlay	14,000	14,000	0	0	(14,000)
Total Expenditures	137,590	137,590	42,779	27,672	(67,139)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(117,590)	(117,590)	(10,140)	19,723	127,173
Fund Balance as of January 1	170,000	170,000	180,629	170,489	181,118
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 52,410	\$ 52,410	\$ 170,489	\$ 190,212	\$ 308,291

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Canine and Boat Patrol

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 170,000	\$ 170,000	\$ 78,098	\$ 66,404	\$ (25,498)
Charges For Services	7,500	7,500	3,750	6,250	2,500
Donations	0	0	154	112	266
Total Revenues	177,500	177,500	82,002	72,766	(22,732)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	248,548	248,548	92,123	82,547	(73,878)
Capital Outlay	15,700	15,700	4,631	9,774	(1,295)
Total Expenditures	264,248	264,248	96,754	92,321	(75,173)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(86,748)	(86,748)	(14,752)	(19,555)	52,441
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0	12,971	12,971
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	12,971	12,971
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(86,748)	(86,748)	(14,752)	(6,584)	65,412
Fund Balance as of January 1	95,500	95,500	34,088	19,336	(42,076)
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 8,752	\$ 8,752	\$ 19,336	\$ 12,752	\$ 23,336

Treasurer's Service Fee

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Charges For Services	705	705	534	697	526
Total Revenues	705	705	534	697	526
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	705	705	0	490	(215)
Total Expenditures	705	705	0	490	(215)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	0	0	534	207	741
Fund Balance as of January 1	705	705	674	1,208	1,177
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 705	\$ 705	\$ 1,208	\$ 1,415	\$ 1,918

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

REET Technology

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 14,232	\$ 14,232
Charges For Services	0	0	0	16,615	16,615
Total Revenues	0	0	0	30,847	30,847
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	80,000	80,000	4,000	4,000	(72,000)
Total Expenditures	80,000	80,000	4,000	4,000	(72,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(80,000)	(80,000)	(4,000)	26,847	102,847
Fund Balance as of January 1	80,000	80,000	80,036	76,036	76,072
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 76,036	\$ 102,883	\$ 178,919

1/4 Percent Real Estate Excise Tax

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000	\$ 331,343	\$ 367,091	\$ 98,434
Total Revenues	600,000	600,000	331,343	367,091	98,434
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	600,000	600,000	331,343	367,091	98,434
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(1,127,250)	(1,127,250)	(198,238)	(727,925)	201,087
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,127,250)	(1,127,250)	(198,238)	(727,925)	201,087
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(527,250)	(527,250)	133,105	(360,834)	299,521
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,450,000	1,450,000	1,579,237	1,712,342	1,841,579
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 922,750	\$ 922,750	\$ 1,712,342	\$ 1,351,508	\$ 2,141,100

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Probation Assessment

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 1,104,930	\$ 1,104,930	\$ 538,454	\$ 494,818	\$ (71,658)
Total Revenues	1,104,930	1,104,930	538,454	494,818	(71,658)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	1,218,614	1,218,614	601,172	613,893	(3,549)
Total Expenditures	1,218,614	1,218,614	601,172	613,893	(3,549)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(113,684)	(113,684)	(62,718)	(119,075)	(68,109)
Fund Balance as of January 1	529,454	529,454	542,434	479,716	492,696
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 415,770	\$ 415,770	\$ 479,716	\$ 360,641	\$ 424,587

Central Services Computer Replacement

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Charges For Services	600,513	600,513	307,346	273,985	(19,182)
Miscellaneous	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Revenues	600,513	600,513	307,346	273,985	(19,182)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	600,513	600,513	307,346	273,985	(19,182)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(1,022,800)	(1,022,800)	(241,198)	(151,520)	630,082
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(1,022,800)	(1,022,800)	(241,198)	(151,520)	630,082
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(422,287)	(422,287)	66,148	122,465	610,900
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,599,900	1,599,900	1,626,170	1,692,318	1,718,588
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 1,177,613	\$ 1,177,613	\$ 1,692,318	\$ 1,814,783	\$ 2,329,488

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Noxious Weed Control

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 14,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 350	\$ 0	\$ (13,650)
Charges For Services	29,800	29,800	14,900	19,392	4,492
Miscellaneous	460,800	460,800	243,808	246,983	29,991
Total Revenues	504,600	504,600	259,058	266,375	20,833
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	451,388	451,388	195,100	203,905	(52,383)
Total Expenditures	451,388	451,388	195,100	203,905	(52,383)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	53,212	53,212	63,958	62,470	73,216
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	2,803	0	2,803
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	2,803	0	2,803
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	53,212	53,212	66,761	62,470	76,019
Fund Balance as of January 1	0	0	33,014	99,775	132,789
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 53,212	\$ 53,212	\$ 99,775	\$ 162,245	\$ 208,808

Sustainable Development

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 35,527	\$ 0	\$ (104,473)
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	110,812	110,812
Miscellaneous	0	0	2,584	1,398	3,982
Total Revenues	140,000	140,000	38,111	112,210	10,321
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	428,544	428,544	167,873	167,167	(93,504)
Total Expenditures	428,544	428,544	167,873	167,167	(93,504)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	0	0	0	200,000	200,000
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	200,000	200,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(288,544)	(288,544)	(129,762)	145,043	303,825
Fund Balance as of January 1	504,489	504,489	488,638	358,876	343,025
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 215,945	\$ 215,945	\$ 358,876	\$ 503,919	\$ 646,850

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Courthouse Facilitator

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 120,900	\$ 120,900	\$ 52,546	\$ 50,933	\$ (17,421)
Miscellaneous	0	0	210	0	210
Total Revenues	120,900	120,900	52,756	50,933	(17,211)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	148,109	148,109	73,995	30,455	(43,659)
Total Expenditures	148,109	148,109	73,995	30,455	(43,659)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(27,209)	(27,209)	(21,239)	20,478	26,448
Fund Balance as of January 1	35,000	35,000	26,527	5,288	(3,185)
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 7,791	\$ 7,791	\$ 5,288	\$ 25,766	\$ 23,263

Family Services

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 57,420	\$ 57,420	\$ 31,775	\$ 29,645	\$ 4,000
Total Revenues	57,420	57,420	31,775	29,645	4,000
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	87,087	87,420	29,701	28,397	(29,322)
Total Expenditures	87,087	87,420	29,701	28,397	(29,322)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(29,667)	(30,000)	2,074	1,248	33,322
Fund Balance as of January 1	30,000	30,000	7,581	9,655	(12,764)
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 333	\$ 0	\$ 9,655	\$ 10,903	\$ 20,558

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Family Services Superior Court

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 11,293	\$ 11,020	\$ 22,313
Charges For Services	20,000	20,000	14,882	8,060	2,942
Total Revenues	20,000	20,000	26,175	19,080	25,255
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	0	0	0	0	0
Total Expenditures	0	0	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	20,000	20,000	26,175	19,080	25,255
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(40,000)	(40,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(20,000)	(20,000)	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(20,000)	(20,000)	6,175	(920)	25,255
Fund Balance as of January 1	22,000	22,000	16,551	22,726	17,277
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 22,726	\$ 21,806	\$ 42,532

Jail Depreciation Reserve

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	110,230	110,230	55,086	57,636	2,492
Interest Earnings	3,000	3,000	2,738	1,839	1,577
Total Revenues	113,230	113,230	57,824	59,475	4,069
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	711,611	820,102	148,746	117,868	(553,488)
Capital Outlay	228,873	120,382	106,975	54,304	40,897
Total Expenditures	940,484	940,484	255,721	172,172	(512,591)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(827,254)	(827,254)	(197,897)	(112,697)	516,660
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	245,768	245,768	122,914	120,363	(2,491)
Total Other Sources (Uses)	245,768	245,768	122,914	120,363	(2,491)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(581,486)	(581,486)	(74,983)	7,666	514,169
Fund Balance as of January 1	953,873	953,873	870,457	795,474	712,058
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 372,387	\$ 372,387	\$ 795,474	\$ 803,140	\$ 1,226,227

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Distressed County Tax Credit

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Revenues	0	0	0	0	0
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	111,752	111,752	0	0	(111,752)
Natural & Economic Environment	0	0	55,000	0	55,000
Total Expenditures	111,752	111,752	55,000	0	(56,752)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(111,752)	(111,752)	(55,000)	0	56,752
Fund Balance as of January 1	111,752	111,752	111,752	56,752	56,752
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 56,752	\$ 56,752	\$ 113,504

Clerk's Collection Fund

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 36,362	\$ 14,841	\$ (1,348,797)
Charges For Services	0	0	688,301	743,617	1,431,918
Total Revenues	1,400,000	1,400,000	724,663	758,458	83,121
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	1,050,563	1,119,718	525,933	546,647	(47,138)
Total Expenditures	1,050,563	1,119,718	525,933	546,647	(47,138)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	349,437	280,282	198,730	211,811	130,259
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,080,000	1,080,000	1,503,831	1,702,561	2,126,392
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 1,429,437	\$ 1,360,282	\$ 1,702,561	\$ 1,914,372	\$ 2,256,651

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Protective Inspection Services

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 1,312,655	\$ 1,312,655	\$ 733,564	821,079	\$ 241,988
Charges For Services	11,140	11,140	5,385	6,072	317
Miscellaneous	0	0	378	12	390
Total Revenues	1,323,795	1,323,795	739,327	827,163	242,695
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Public Safety	1,435,680	1,479,219	713,359	718,804	(47,056)
Total Expenditures	1,435,680	1,479,219	713,359	718,804	(47,056)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(111,885)	(155,424)	25,968	108,359	289,751
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	49,361	49,361	24,681	24,680	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	49,361	49,361	24,681	24,680	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(62,524)	(106,063)	50,649	133,039	289,751
Fund Balance as of January 1	115,636	115,636	129,216	179,865	193,445
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 53,112	\$ 9,573	\$ 179,865	\$ 312,904	\$ 483,196

Pest Board

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Miscellaneous	\$ 186,966	\$ 186,966	\$ 96,033	\$ 97,400	\$ 6,467
Total Revenues	186,966	186,966	96,033	97,400	6,467
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	260,785	260,785	92,823	92,457	(75,505)
Capital Outlay	11,181	11,181	0	0	(11,181)
Total Expenditures	271,966	271,966	92,823	92,457	(86,686)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(85,000)	(85,000)	3,210	4,943	93,153
Fund Balance as of January 1	85,000	85,000	91,185	94,395	100,580
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 94,395	\$ 99,338	\$ 193,733

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Work Crew Replacement

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	70,000	70,000	30,540	33,075	(6,385)
Interest Earnings	0	0	682	567	1,249
Total Revenues	70,000	70,000	31,222	33,642	(5,136)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Capital Outlay	68,229	68,229	0	0	(68,229)
Total Expenditures	68,229	68,229	0	0	(68,229)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,771	1,771	31,222	33,642	63,093
Fund Balance as of January 1	178,000	178,000	179,024	210,246	211,270
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 179,771	\$ 179,771	\$ 210,246	\$ 243,888	\$ 274,363

State Housing

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 340,000	\$ 340,000	\$ 175,402	\$ 140,732	\$ (23,866)
Interest Earnings	2,000	2,000	5,922	2,894	6,816
Total Revenues	342,000	342,000	181,324	143,626	(17,050)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	1,821,600	1,821,600	721,916	239,693	(859,991)
Culture and Recreation	200,000	200,000	0	0	(200,000)
Total Expenditures	2,021,600	2,021,600	721,916	239,693	(1,059,991)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,679,600)	(1,679,600)	(540,592)	(96,067)	1,042,941
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,700,000	1,700,000	1,745,512	1,204,920	1,250,432
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 20,400	\$ 20,400	\$ 1,204,920	\$ 1,108,853	\$ 2,293,373

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Vit Impact				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 1,700,000	\$ 487,913	661,842	\$ (550,245)
Total Revenues	1,700,000	1,700,000	487,913	661,842	(550,245)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Capital Outlay	300,000	300,000	0	0	(300,000)
Total Expenditures	300,000	300,000	0	0	(300,000)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	1,400,000	1,400,000	487,913	661,842	(250,245)
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers Out	(769,558)	(769,558)	(384,779)	(384,779)	0
Total Other Sources (Uses)	(769,558)	(769,558)	(384,779)	(384,779)	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	630,442	630,442	103,134	277,063	(250,245)
Fund Balance as of January 1	3,800,000	3,800,000	3,717,865	3,820,999	3,738,864
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 4,430,442	\$ 4,430,442	\$ 3,820,999	\$ 4,098,062	\$ 3,488,619

	Homeless Housing & Assistance				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 86,029	\$ 80,040	\$ 36,069
Charges For Services	1,500,000	1,500,000	914,579	729,875	144,454
Interest Earnings	2,000	2,000	7,859	4,920	10,779
Total Revenues	1,632,000	1,632,000	1,008,467	814,835	191,302
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	3,125,312	3,125,312	877,931	1,117,621	(1,129,760)
Total Expenditures	3,125,312	3,125,312	877,931	1,117,621	(1,129,760)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(1,493,312)	(1,493,312)	130,536	(302,786)	1,321,062
Fund Balance as of January 1	1,500,000	1,500,000	2,036,544	2,167,080	2,703,624
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 6,688	\$ 6,688	\$ 2,167,080	\$ 1,864,294	\$ 4,024,686

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Solid Waste Collection Fund

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 237,400	\$ 237,400	\$ 95,565	\$ 308,053	\$ 166,218
Charges For Services	364,000	364,000	205,923	263,646	105,569
Total Revenues	601,400	601,400	301,488	571,699	271,787
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Natural & Economic Environment	690,145	727,145	303,710	410,155	(13,280)
Capital Outlay	125,066	88,066	0	0	(88,066)
Total Expenditures	815,211	815,211	303,710	410,155	(101,346)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(213,811)	(213,811)	(2,222)	161,544	373,133
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0	0	801	801
Total Other Sources (Uses)	0	0	0	801	801
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(213,811)	(213,811)	(2,222)	162,345	373,934
Fund Balance as of January 1	685,000	685,000	743,575	741,353	799,928
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 471,189	\$ 471,189	\$ 741,353	\$ 903,698	\$ 1,173,862

Trial Court Improvement

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Intergovernmental	\$ 236,000	\$ 236,000	\$ 119,972	\$ 119,609	\$ 3,581
Charges For Services	80,000	80,000	63,768	57,444	41,212
Total Revenues	316,000	316,000	183,740	177,053	44,793
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	150,000	150,000	9,904	19,061	(121,035)
Capital Outlay	90,000	90,000	0	53,741	(36,259)
Total Expenditures	240,000	240,000	9,904	72,802	(157,294)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	76,000	76,000	173,836	104,251	202,087
Fund Balance as of January 1	50,000	50,000	265,668	439,504	655,172
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 126,000	\$ 126,000	\$ 439,504	\$ 543,755	\$ 857,259

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

Historical Preservation

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Charges For Services	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 39,184	\$ 33,157	\$ (7,659)
Total Revenues	80,000	80,000	39,184	33,157	(7,659)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	175,385	175,385	32,363	30,781	(112,241)
Total Expenditures	175,385	175,385	32,363	30,781	(112,241)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(95,385)	(95,385)	6,821	2,376	104,582
Fund Balance as of January 1	95,385	95,385	104,425	111,246	120,286
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 111,246	\$ 113,622	\$ 224,868

Domestic Violence Assessment

	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Fines and Forfeitures	\$ 8,925	\$ 8,925	\$ 3,785	\$ 4,476	\$ (664)
Total Revenues	8,925	8,925	3,785	4,476	(664)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	31,172	31,172	1,910	9,230	(20,032)
Total Expenditures	31,172	31,172	1,910	9,230	(20,032)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(22,247)	(22,247)	1,875	(4,754)	19,368
Fund Balance as of January 1	27,750	27,750	26,478	28,353	27,081
Fund Balance as of December 31	\$ 5,503	\$ 5,503	\$ 28,353	\$ 23,599	\$ 46,449

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Summary				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 2,770,600	\$ 2,770,600	\$ 1,027,503	\$ 1,208,884	\$ (534,213)
Licenses and Permits	1,370,075	1,370,075	776,632	861,744	268,301
Intergovernmental	6,162,031	6,918,678	2,378,355	2,945,550	(1,594,773)
Charges For Services	12,229,884	11,473,237	7,037,265	6,584,009	2,148,037
Fines and Forfeitures	8,925	8,925	3,785	4,477	(663)
Interest Earnings	86,077	91,077	100,473	128,205	137,601
Donations	2,000	2,000	6,319	769	5,088
Miscellaneous	1,573,864	1,573,864	741,835	711,628	(120,401)
Total Revenues	<u>24,203,456</u>	<u>24,208,456</u>	<u>12,072,167</u>	<u>12,445,266</u>	<u>308,977</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
General Government Services	6,531,830	6,611,985	2,667,043	2,744,757	(1,200,185)
Public Safety	19,571,904	19,724,267	8,779,916	8,882,702	(2,061,649)
Natural & Economic Environment	6,777,774	6,814,774	2,414,353	2,230,998	(2,169,423)
Social Services	328,763	328,763	101,637	80,989	(146,137)
Culture and Recreation	1,713,081	1,851,668	394,543	644,510	(812,615)
Capital Outlay	1,960,828	1,805,731	328,763	774,622	(702,346)
Debt Service:					
Interest	2,100	2,100	1,154	0	(946)
Total Expenditures	<u>36,886,280</u>	<u>37,139,288</u>	<u>14,687,409</u>	<u>15,358,578</u>	<u>(7,093,301)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(12,682,824)	(12,930,832)	(2,615,242)	(2,913,312)	7,402,278
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Sale of Capital Assets	1,000	1,000	4,676	13,772	17,448
Transfers In	9,153,952	9,180,346	3,863,636	5,508,933	192,223
Transfers Out	(4,957,545)	(4,957,695)	(1,141,262)	(1,564,224)	2,252,209
Total Other Sources (Uses)	<u>4,197,407</u>	<u>4,223,651</u>	<u>2,727,050</u>	<u>3,958,481</u>	<u>2,461,880</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(8,485,417)	(8,707,181)	111,808	1,045,169	9,864,158
Fund Balance as of January 1	20,869,017	20,869,017	22,347,423	22,459,231	23,937,637
Fund Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 12,383,600</u>	<u>\$ 12,161,836</u>	<u>\$ 22,459,231</u>	<u>\$ 23,504,400</u>	<u>\$ 33,801,795</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 Year Ended December 31, 2014

	CRID #11 & #12 Debt Service				
	Original	Final	2013	2014	Variance with
	Biennial	Biennial	2013	2014	Final Budget
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Penalties	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 557	\$ 0	\$ 557
Intergovernmental	0	0	0	0	0
Interest Earnings	17,616	17,616	8,947	7,301	(1,368)
Other Revenue	40,000	40,000	17,596	13,504	(8,900)
Total Revenues	57,616	57,616	27,100	20,805	(9,711)
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Debt Service					
Principal	40,000	40,000	50,000	20,000	30,000
Interest	16,606	16,606	7,085	4,570	(4,951)
Total Expenditures	56,606	56,606	57,085	24,570	25,049
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues over Expenditures	1,010	1,010	(29,985)	(3,765)	(34,760)
Fund Balance, January 1	2,200	2,200	41,734	11,749	51,283
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 3,210	\$ 3,210	\$ 11,749	\$ 7,984	\$ 16,523

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	CRID #15 (Cottonwood Springs) Debt Service				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Penalties	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,782	\$ 0	\$ 2,782
Interest Earnings	44,454	44,454	21,722	19,462	(3,270)
Other Revenue	40,000	40,000	42,311	43,292	45,603
Total Revenues	84,454	84,454	66,815	62,754	45,115
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Debt Service					
Principal	50,000	50,000	48,000	58,000	56,000
Interest	36,838	36,838	12,386	10,516	(13,936)
Total Expenditures	86,838	86,838	60,386	68,516	42,064
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2,384)	(2,384)	6,429	(5,762)	3,051
Fund Balance, January 1	5,000	5,000	2,448	8,877	6,325
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 2,616	\$ 2,616	\$ 8,877	\$ 3,115	\$ 9,376

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	CRID #16 (Spirit Lane) Debt Service				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Penalties	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 433	\$ 0	\$ 433
Interest Earnings	9,244	9,244	4,228	2,994	(2,022)
Other Revenue	5,000	5,000	5,438	3,999	4,437
Total Revenues	14,244	14,244	10,099	6,993	2,848
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Debt Service					
Principal	10,000	10,000	7,000	7,000	4,000
Interest	8,544	8,544	2,359	1,434	(4,751)
Total Expenditures	18,544	18,544	9,359	8,434	(751)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(4,300)	(4,300)	740	(1,441)	5,040
Fund Balance, January 1	5,000	5,000	1,564	2,304	(1,132)
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 700	\$ 700	\$ 2,304	\$ 863	\$ 2,467

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Health Building Bond				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Other Revenue	\$ 632,400	\$ 632,400	\$ 338,383	\$ 294,017	\$ 0
Total Revenues	632,400	632,400	338,383	294,017	0
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Debt Service					
Principal	460,000	460,000	225,000	235,000	0
Interest	569,650	569,650	289,437	280,212	(1)
Total Expenditures	1,029,650	1,029,650	514,437	515,212	(1)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(397,250)	(397,250)	(176,054)	(221,195)	1
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	397,250	397,250	198,238	199,012	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	397,250	397,250	198,238	199,012	0
Excess (Deficit) Resources Over Uses	0	0	22,184	(22,183)	1
Fund Balance, January 1	65,613	65,613	64,263	86,447	85,097
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 65,613	\$ 65,613	\$ 86,447	\$ 64,264	\$ 85,098

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual
 Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
 Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Justice Center Bond				Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Revenues	0	0	0	0	0
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Debt Service					
Principal	3,765,000	3,765,000	1,845,000	1,920,000	0
Interest	1,310,400	1,310,400	692,100	618,300	0
Total Expenditures	5,075,400	5,075,400	2,537,100	2,538,300	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(5,075,400)	(5,075,400)	(2,537,100)	(2,538,300)	2,538,300
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Transfers In	5,075,400	5,075,400	2,537,100	2,538,300	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,075,400	5,075,400	2,537,100	2,538,300	0
Excess (Deficit) Resources Over Uses	0	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance, January 1	1,317,486	1,317,486	1,317,486	1,317,486	1,317,486
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 1,317,486	\$ 1,317,486	\$ 1,317,486	\$ 1,317,486	\$ 1,317,486

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Detox Center Construction				
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
<u>Revenues</u>					
Interest Earnings	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 61	\$ 43	\$ (196)
Total Revenues	<u>300</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>(196)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Social Services	8,200	8,200	0	0	(8,200)
Capital Outlay	9,000	9,000	0	0	(9,000)
Total Expenditures	<u>17,200</u>	<u>17,200</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(17,200)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>(16,900)</u>	<u>(16,900)</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>17,004</u>
Fund Balance, January 1	17,200	17,200	17,324	17,385	17,509
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 300</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>	<u>\$ 17,385</u>	<u>\$ 17,428</u>	<u>\$ 34,513</u>

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -- Budget and Actual

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	CRID #21 Construction				Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
	Original Biennial Budget	Final Biennial Budget	2013 Actual	2014 Actual	
<u>Revenues</u>					
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Total Revenues	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Transportation	1,700,000	1,700,000	0	157,653	(1,542,347)
Total Expenditures	<u>1,700,000</u>	<u>1,700,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>157,653</u>	<u>(1,542,347)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	<u>(1,700,000)</u>	<u>(1,700,000)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(157,653)</u>	<u>1,542,347</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>					
Issuance of Long-Term Debt	1,700,000	1,700,000	0	0	(1,700,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,700,000</u>	<u>1,700,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(1,700,000)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures	0	0	0	(157,653)	(157,653)
Fund Balance, January 1	0	0	0	0	0
Fund Balance, December 31	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ (157,653)</u>	<u>\$ (157,653)</u>

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department, agency or government unit to other departments or agencies of Benton County, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The accrual basis of accounting is applied. A description of the funds are as follows:

Equipment Rental and Revolving - A fund to finance the maintenance, operations and acquisition of goods used by the County Road Department and other Benton County funds.

Central Services - A fund to finance the operations of the data processing center which provides services to all Benton County departments.

Workers' Compensation - A fund to finance the County's self-insurance program for all Benton County employees.

Insurance Management - A fund to finance the costs of liability, property and unemployment compensations claims.

Accumulated Leave - A fund to finance the vacation buy-outs, and vacation and sick leave severance pay for terminated employees.

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds
December 31, 2014

Assets	<u>Equipment Rental & Revolving</u>	<u>Central Services</u>	<u>Workers' Compensation</u>
Current Assets			
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,581,755	\$ 80,099	\$ 3,312,615
Investments	0	872,211	0
Accounts Receivable	1,167	0	0
Interest Receivable	1,502	0	1,076
Due From Other Funds	183,474	36,529	0
Due From Other Governmental Units	9,862	2,968	0
Inventory/Prepayments	2,404,935	0	0
Total Current Assets	<u>7,182,694</u>	<u>991,807</u>	<u>3,313,691</u>
Noncurrent Assets			
Projects In Progress	194,085	0	0
Capital Assets			
Land	246,520	0	0
Buildings	3,023,609	0	0
Improvements Other Than Buildings	357,918	0	0
Machinery and Equipment	7,816,238	2,279,831	0
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(7,439,407)</u>	<u>(1,444,597)</u>	<u>0</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>4,198,963</u>	<u>835,234</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 11,381,656</u>	<u>\$ 1,827,042</u>	<u>\$ 3,313,691</u>
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 427,126	\$ 67,177	\$ 36,498
Capital Leases Payable	0	5,805	0
Due To Other Funds	13,470	0	0
Accrued Wages Payable	43,343	87,952	5,617
Total Current Liabilities	<u>483,940</u>	<u>160,935</u>	<u>42,115</u>
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences	<u>28,812</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>28,812</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>512,752</u>	<u>160,935</u>	<u>42,115</u>
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,198,963	829,429	0
Unrestricted	6,669,942	836,678	3,271,577
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 10,868,905</u>	<u>\$ 1,666,107</u>	<u>\$ 3,271,577</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Net Position
Internal Service Funds
December 31, 2014

Assets	<u>Insurance Management</u>	<u>Accumulated Leave</u>	<u>2014 Total</u>
<u>Current Assets</u>			
Cash/Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,032,689	\$ 90,180	\$ 10,097,339
Investments	0	982,043	1,854,254
Accounts Receivable	0	0	1,167
Interest Receivable	672	0	3,249
Due From Other Funds	0	0	220,004
Due From Other Governmental Units	0	0	12,829
Inventory/Prepayments	0	0	2,404,935
Total Current Assets	<u>2,033,361</u>	<u>1,072,223</u>	<u>14,593,777</u>
<u>Noncurrent Assets</u>			
Projects In Progress	0	0	194,085
Capital Assets			
Land	0	0	246,520
Buildings	0	0	3,023,609
Improvements Other Than Buildings	0	0	357,918
Machinery and Equipment	120,123	0	10,216,193
Less Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(120,123)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(9,004,127)</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5,034,197</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 2,033,361</u>	<u>\$ 1,072,223</u>	<u>\$ 19,627,973</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>			
<u>Current Liabilities</u>			
Accounts/Vouchers Payable	\$ 22,409	\$ 18,785	\$ 571,996
Capital Leases Payable	0	0	5,805
Due To Other Funds	0	0	13,470
Accrued Wages Payable	14,028	0	150,940
Total Current Liabilities	<u>36,437</u>	<u>18,785</u>	<u>742,211</u>
<u>Noncurrent Liabilities</u>			
Compensated Absences	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28,812</u>
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>28,812</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>36,437</u>	<u>18,785</u>	<u>771,023</u>
<u>Net Position</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	0	0	5,028,392
Unrestricted	1,996,924	1,053,438	13,828,559
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 1,996,924</u>	<u>\$ 1,053,438</u>	<u>\$ 18,856,950</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Page 1 of 2

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position

Internal Service Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Equipment Rental & Revolving	Central Services	Workers' Compensation
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>			
Charges For Services	\$ 2,444,421	\$ 2,857,547	\$ 1,125,081
Cost of Goods Sold	(568,260)	0	0
Miscellaneous	657	2,329	0
Total Operating Revenue	<u>1,876,818</u>	<u>2,859,876</u>	<u>1,125,081</u>
<u>Operating Expenses:</u>			
Personal services	270,099	1,100,230	66,656
Contractual services	33,920	1,320,353	259,325
Other supplies and expenses	752,738	272,231	8,202
Depreciation	742,048	0	0
Payment to Claimants	0	0	599,977
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,798,804</u>	<u>2,692,813</u>	<u>934,159</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>78,014</u>	<u>167,063</u>	<u>190,922</u>
<u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):</u>			
Interest Revenue	11,395	0	7,495
Interest Expense	0	(6,551)	0
Gain (Loss) on Capital Asset Disposal	94,994	416,802	0
Other Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	9,343	(4,613)	0
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>115,731</u>	<u>405,638</u>	<u>7,495</u>
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	193,745	572,701	198,417
Transfers In	<u>0</u>	<u>151,521</u>	<u>0</u>
Changes in Net Position	193,745	724,221	198,417
Net Position as of January 1	10,675,159	941,886	3,073,159
Net Position as of December 31	<u>\$ 10,868,904</u>	<u>\$ 1,666,107</u>	<u>\$ 3,271,576</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Insurance Management	Accumulated Leave	2014 Total
<u>Operating Revenues:</u>			
Charges For Services	\$ 1,659,039	\$ 589,048	\$ 8,675,136
Cost of Goods Sold		0	(568,260)
Miscellaneous	11,384	0	14,370
Total Operating Revenue	<u>1,670,423</u>	<u>589,048</u>	<u>8,121,246</u>
<u>Operating Expenses:</u>			
Personal services	58,918	508,444	2,004,346
Contractual services	1,191,914	0	2,805,511
Other supplies and expenses	16,888	0	1,050,058
Depreciation	11,874	0	753,922
Payment to Claimants	118,794	0	718,771
Total Operating Expenses	<u>1,398,388</u>	<u>508,444</u>	<u>7,332,609</u>
 Operating Income (Loss)	 <u>272,034</u>	 <u>80,604</u>	 <u>788,637</u>
<u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):</u>			
Interest Revenue	4,644	0	23,534
Interest Expense	0	0	(6,551)
Gain (Loss) on Capital Asset Disposal	0	0	511,795
Other Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	36	0	4,766
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>4,680</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>533,544</u>
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	<u>276,715</u>	<u>80,604</u>	<u>1,322,181</u>
 Transfers In	 <u>0</u>	 <u>0</u>	 <u>151,521</u>
 Changes in Net Position	 <u>276,715</u>	 <u>80,604</u>	 <u>1,473,702</u>
Net Position as of January 1	1,720,210	972,834	17,383,248
Net Position as of December 31	<u>\$ 1,996,925</u>	<u>\$ 1,053,438</u>	<u>\$ 18,856,950</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Equipment Rental & Revolving	Central Services	Workers' Compensation
<u>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</u>			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 122,890	\$ 0	\$ 0
Receipts from interfund services provided	2,273,264	2,866,338	1,183,473
Miscellaneous Receipts	10,000	2,329	0
Payments to Employees	(519,496)	(1,098,934)	(66,416)
Payments to Suppliers	(742,030)	(1,617,566)	(844,839)
Payments for interfund services used	(182,205)	(3,608)	(17,265)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>962,423</u>	<u>148,559</u>	<u>254,953</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:</u>			
Transfers from other funds	<u>0</u>	<u>151,521</u>	<u>0</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>0</u>	<u>151,521</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities</u>			
Interest Paid On Capital Lease	0	(6,551)	0
Principal Paid On Capital Lease	0	(97,319)	0
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	107,874	0	0
Purchases of capital assets	(1,319,019)	(42,235)	0
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>(1,211,144)</u>	<u>(146,105)</u>	<u>0</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Investing Activities:</u>			
Interest Received	<u>11,538</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7,495</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>11,538</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7,495</u>
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	(237,183)	153,973	262,448
Balances as of January 1	4,818,939	798,337	3,050,166
Balances as of December 31	<u>\$ 4,581,756</u>	<u>\$ 952,310</u>	<u>\$ 3,312,615</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Insurance Management	Accumulated Leave	2014 Total
<u>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</u>			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 122,890
Receipts from interfund services provided	1,886,810	733,985	8,943,870
Miscellaneous Receipts	11,384	0	23,713
Payments to Employees	(48,827)	(508,445)	(2,242,119)
Payments to Suppliers	(1,347,766)	6,412	(4,545,789)
Payments for interfund services used	(149)	1	(203,225)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>501,451</u>	<u>231,953</u>	<u>2,099,340</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:</u>			
Transfers from other funds	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>151,521</u>
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>151,521</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities</u>			
Interest Paid On Capital Lease	0	0	(6,551)
Principal Paid On Capital Lease	0	0	(97,319)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	36	0	107,910
Purchases of capital assets	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(1,361,254)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	<u>36</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>(1,357,214)</u>
<u>Cash Flows From Investing Activities:</u>			
Interest Received	<u>4,644</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>23,677</u>
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	<u>4,644</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>23,677</u>
Net Increase in Cash & Cash Equivalents	506,131	231,953	917,323
Balances as of January 1	1,526,558	840,270	11,034,270
Balances as of December 31	<u>\$ 2,032,689</u>	<u>\$ 1,072,223</u>	<u>\$ 11,951,593</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Cash Flow:
 Internal Service Funds
 Year Ended December 31, 2014

	<u>Equipment Rental & Revolving</u>	<u>Central Services</u>	<u>Workers' Compensation</u>
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ <u>78,014</u>	\$ <u>167,063</u>	\$ <u>190,922</u>
<i><u>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:</u></i>			
Depreciation Expense	742,048	0	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net	(58,097)	8,791	58,392
Inventories	193,251	0	0
Accounts and other payables	<u>7,207</u>	<u>(27,295)</u>	<u>5,639</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ <u><u>962,423</u></u>	\$ <u><u>148,559</u></u>	\$ <u><u>254,953</u></u>
<i><u>Non-cash Investing, Capital or Financing Activities</u></i>			
Lease of Capital Assets	\$ <u>0</u>	\$ <u>4,612</u>	\$ <u>0</u>
Total Non-Cash Activities	\$ <u><u>0</u></u>	\$ <u><u>4,612</u></u>	\$ <u><u>0</u></u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Cash Flow:
Internal Service Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2014

	<u>Insurance Management</u>	<u>Accumulated Leave</u>	<u>2014 Total</u>
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$ 272,034	\$ 80,604	\$ 788,637
<i><u>Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:</u></i>			
Depreciation Expense	11,874	0	753,922
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables, net	227,771	144,938	381,794
Inventories	0	0	193,251
Accounts and other payables	<u>(10,228)</u>	<u>6,412</u>	<u>(18,264)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 501,451</u>	<u>\$ 231,953</u>	<u>\$ 2,099,340</u>
<i><u>Non-cash Investing, Capital or Financing Activities</u></i>			
Lease of Capital Assets	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 4,612</u>
Total Non-Cash Activities	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 4,612</u>

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FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by Benton County as an agent or trustee for other governmental units. Many independent governmental entities are required by statute to deposit and disburse all funds through the Benton County Treasurer's Office. These funds do not represent assets of Benton County, who has custodial responsibility only. Therefore, it does not require measurement of the results of operations. Each agency is responsible for preparation of its own annual report. Investment Trust Funds report the external portion of the County's investments. Agency Funds are clearing accounts employed to account for assets held by Benton county in its role as custodian and are often offset by an equal, related liability

INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS

Investment Trust Funds – A trust fund established to account for the pooled investments held in behalf of external pool participants in the County's pooled investment program.

AGENCY FUNDS

Similar individual Agency Funds have been grouped on a functional basis to enhance communication and the understanding of the financial statements. A description of each funds is as follows:

Benton Franklin Health - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for health services provided to Benton and Franklin Counties.

Mosquito Control - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for mosquito control services within the district.

Weed District - Established for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the control of weeds within the district.

Greater Columbia Regional Support Network - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for human services provided in Benton, Franklin, Asotin, Columbia, Garfield, Kittitas, Klickitat, Skamania, Walla Walla, Whitman and Yakima Counties.

Abatement Districts - Used to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash to cleanup neglected and derelict property within Kennewick and Richland.

Rural Library - Established for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the rural mobile library.

Cities - Funds to account for the receipting of property taxes for Prosser, Kennewick, Benton City, Richland, West Richland and associated city bonds.

State and Trust Funds - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for State General, State Schools, State Map and Survey Fees, State Public Safety and Education, State Building Code, State Marriage Licenses, School Excise, Department of Energy, Treasurer's Suspense, Dispute Resolution Center, Leasehold Excise Trust, Franklin County Trust, Advance Deposits, Clerks Unclaimed Restitution, Over and Short, State Gun Permits, State Playground, Interest Suspense, Impact Fee, P.E.T.T. Trust, and Refund Tax..

School Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for school districts which are Kennewick, Richland, Finley, Paterson, Benton City, Prosser and Grandview.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

(CONTINUED)

Port Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for port districts which are Benton and Kennewick.

Hospital Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the Prosser and Kennewick Hospital Districts.

Water Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for water districts which are Tri-City Estates, Plymouth and County Well.

Irrigation Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for irrigation districts which are Benton, Columbia, Kiona, Badger Mountain, Columbia Power and Water.

Fire Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for fire districts.

Drainage Districts - Funds to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for drainage districts.

Diking District - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the diking district.

Air Pollution Control - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the Air Pollution Control Board.

Warrant Clearing Funds - Funds to account for receipting and disbursing of cash for payroll warrants and voucher warrants.

Emergency Dispatch EDC - Established for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the Emergency Dispatch Center.

Hanford Economic Development - A fund for receipt of program funds on behalf of the Hanford Area Economic Investment Fund Committee.

Public Facilities District - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash as provided by RCW 35.100, for the development of a regional center (convention, conference and/or special events center) at a cost of at least ten million dollars.

CRID Guaranty Fund - A fund created, as required by bond covenants for the County Road Improvement Districts, to ensure bond payments can be met in the event assessments for the County Road Improvement Districts are not fully collected.

County Road Suspense - A fund to receive damage deposits to cover activities involving County roads that may create a liability. Upon satisfactory inspection of work done, the deposit is returned.

Benton City Library Capital Facilities District - A fund to account for the receipting of funds for bond payments for construction of the Benton City Library.

Law Library Transfer - A fund to account for collection of funds to transmit to Franklin County for joint-county Law Library administration.

Benton Conservation District - A fund to account for the receipting and disbursing of cash for the Benton Conservation District.

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Net Position
Investment Trust Funds
December 31, 2014

	Investment Trust Funds
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Pooled Investments	\$ 161,089,829
Accrued Interest Receivable	-
Investments	-
	<hr/>
Total Assets	<u>161,089,829</u>
Net Position Held In Trust For	
	<hr/>
Pool Participants	<u>\$ 161,089,829</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Statement of Changes in Net Position

Investment Trust Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2014

	Investment Trust Funds
Additions:	
Additions by Participants	\$ 87,259,961
Unrealized Gains (Losses)	<u>(1,095,150)</u>
Total Additions	<u><u>86,164,811</u></u>
Deductions:	
Deductions by Participants	<u>35,215,067</u>
Total Deductions	35,215,067
Net increase (decrease) in Net Position	50,949,744
Net Position As Of January 1	<u>110,140,085</u>
Net Position December 31	<u><u>\$ 161,089,829</u></u>

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

	Benton Franklin Health	Mosquito Control	Weed District	Greater Columbia Behavioral Health
ASSETS				
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 1,717,003	\$ 1,251,809	\$ 38,529	\$ 12,832,855
Taxes Receivable	0	36,726	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 1,717,003	\$ 1,288,535	\$ 38,529	\$ 12,832,855
LIABILITIES				
Warrants Payable	\$ 0	\$ -	\$ 0	\$ 0
Vouchers Payable	72,205	10,679	0	0
Due to Other Governmental Units	1,644,798	1,277,856	38,529	12,832,855
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,717,003	\$ 1,288,535	\$ 38,529	\$ 12,832,855

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

	Abatement Districts	Rural Library	Cities	State and Trust Funds
ASSETS				
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 1,725	\$ 18,687	\$ 370,321	\$ 1,328,195
Taxes Receivable	0	100,927	693,511	928,275
Total Assets	\$ 1,725	\$ 119,614	\$ 1,063,832	\$ 2,256,470
LIABILITIES				
Warrants Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Vouchers Payable	0	0	0	0
Due to Other Governmental Units	1,725	119,614	1,063,832	2,256,470
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,725	\$ 119,614	\$ 1,063,832	\$ 2,256,470

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

School Districts	Port Districts	Hospital Districts	Water Districts	Irrigation Districts	Fire Districts
\$ 32,733,495	\$ 2,454,647	\$ 4,387	\$ 187,904	\$ 3,297,429	\$ 1,401,328
1,830,157	139,975	56,533	0	0	219,887
<u>\$ 34,563,652</u>	<u>\$ 2,594,622</u>	<u>\$ 60,920</u>	<u>\$ 187,904</u>	<u>\$ 3,297,429</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,215</u>
\$ 10,478,123	\$ 94,823	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	842,761	357,930
<u>24,085,529</u>	<u>2,499,799</u>	<u>60,920</u>	<u>187,904</u>	<u>2,454,668</u>	<u>1,263,285</u>
<u>\$ 34,563,652</u>	<u>\$ 2,594,622</u>	<u>\$ 60,920</u>	<u>\$ 187,904</u>	<u>\$ 3,297,429</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,215</u>

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

	Drainage Districts	Diking District	Clean Air Authority	County Payroll & Warrant Clearing Funds
ASSETS				
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 23,831	\$ 939	\$ 432,093	\$ 1,735,535
Taxes Receivable	0	0	0	0
Total Assets	\$ 23,831	\$ 939	\$ 432,093	\$ 1,735,535
LIABILITIES				
Warrants Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,735,536
Vouchers Payable	197	0	0	0
Due to Other Governmental Units	23,634	939	432,093	(1)
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,831	\$ 939	\$ 432,093	\$ 1,735,535

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

Emergency Dispatch EDC	Hanford Economic Development	Public Facilities District	CRID Guaranty Fund	County Road Suspense	Benton City Library Capital Facilities District
\$ 157,323 0	\$ 284,169 0	\$ 20,015 0	\$ 9,198 0	\$ 9,000 0	\$ 1,711 3,114
\$ 157,323	\$ 284,169	\$ 20,015	\$ 9,198	\$ 9,000	\$ 4,825
\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0	\$ 0 0
157,323	284,169	20,015	9,198	9,000	4,825
\$ 157,323	\$ 284,169	\$ 20,015	\$ 9,198	\$ 9,000	\$ 4,825

Combining Statements of Assets and Liabilities

Agency Funds

December 31, 2014

	Law Library Transfer	Benton Conservation District	Totals 2014
ASSETS			
Cash, Cash Equivalents & Pooled Investments	\$ 6,251	\$ 1,098	\$ 60,319,477
Taxes Receivable	0	0	4,009,105
Total Assets	<u>\$ 6,251</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 64,328,582</u>
LIABILITIES			
Warrants Payable	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 12,308,482
Vouchers Payable	0	0	1,283,772
Due to Other Governmental Units	6,251	1,098	50,736,328
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 6,251</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 64,328,582</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Description	Balance January 1	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31
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Benton Franklin Health District

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 1,766,543	\$ 8,790,768	\$ 8,840,308	\$ 1,717,003
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,766,543</u>	<u>\$ 8,790,768</u>	<u>\$ 8,840,308</u>	<u>\$ 1,717,003</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$ 121,745	\$ 8,790,768	\$ 8,840,308	\$ 72,205
Due to Other Governmental Units	1,644,798	1,644,798	1,644,798	1,644,798
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,766,543</u>	<u>\$ 10,435,566</u>	<u>\$ 10,485,106</u>	<u>\$ 1,717,003</u>

Mosquito Control

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 1,050,935	\$ 2,860,567	\$ 2,659,693	\$ 1,251,809
Taxes Receivable	40,777	1,369,397	1,373,448	36,726
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,091,712</u>	<u>\$ 4,229,964</u>	<u>\$ 4,033,141</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,535</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$ 16,234	\$ 1,249,311	\$ 1,254,866	\$ 10,679
Due to Other Governmental Units	1,075,478	1,277,856	1,075,478	1,277,856
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 1,091,712</u>	<u>\$ 2,527,167</u>	<u>\$ 2,330,344</u>	<u>\$ 1,288,535</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON**Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities**

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Weed District*Assets*

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	38,106	\$	22,646	\$	22,223	\$	38,529
Total Assets	\$	<u>38,106</u>	\$	<u>22,646</u>	\$	<u>22,223</u>	\$	<u>38,529</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	0	\$	22,223	\$	22,223	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		38,106		38,529		38,106		38,529
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>38,106</u>	\$	<u>60,752</u>	\$	<u>60,329</u>	\$	<u>38,529</u>

Greater Columbia Behavioral Health*Assets*

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	4,887,502	\$	81,151,710	\$	73,206,357	\$	12,832,855
Total Assets	\$	<u>4,887,502</u>	\$	<u>81,151,710</u>	\$	<u>73,206,357</u>	\$	<u>12,832,855</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	4,066,695	\$	68,219,040	\$	72,285,735	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		820,807		12,832,855		820,807		12,832,855
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>4,887,502</u>	\$	<u>81,051,895</u>	\$	<u>73,106,542</u>	\$	<u>12,832,855</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Abatement Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	625	\$	13,565	\$	12,465	\$	1,725
Total Assets	\$	<u>625</u>	\$	<u>13,565</u>	\$	<u>12,465</u>	\$	<u>1,725</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	625	\$	1,725	\$	625	\$	1,725
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>625</u>	\$	<u>1,725</u>	\$	<u>625</u>	\$	<u>1,725</u>

Rural Library

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	19,859	\$	3,683,668	\$	3,684,840	\$	18,687
Taxes Receivable		107,853		3,450,353		3,457,279		100,927
Total Assets	\$	<u>127,712</u>	\$	<u>7,134,021</u>	\$	<u>7,142,119</u>	\$	<u>119,614</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	127,712	\$	119,614	\$	127,712	\$	119,614
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>127,712</u>	\$	<u>119,614</u>	\$	<u>127,712</u>	\$	<u>119,614</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Cities

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 327,058	\$ 35,096,567	\$ 35,053,304	\$ 370,321
Taxes Receivable	763,457	31,024,038	31,093,984	693,511
Total Assets	\$ <u>1,090,515</u>	\$ <u>66,120,605</u>	\$ <u>66,147,288</u>	\$ <u>1,063,832</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ 1,090,515	\$ 1,063,832	\$ 1,090,515	\$ 1,063,832
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>1,090,515</u>	\$ <u>1,063,832</u>	\$ <u>1,090,515</u>	\$ <u>1,063,832</u>

State and Trust Funds

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 1,060,742	\$ 57,839,155	\$ 57,571,702	\$ 1,328,195
Taxes Receivable	1,010,784	37,184,270	37,266,779	928,275
Total Assets	\$ <u>2,071,526</u>	\$ <u>95,023,425</u>	\$ <u>94,838,481</u>	\$ <u>2,256,470</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$ 2,071,526	\$ 2,256,470	\$ 2,071,526	\$ 2,256,470
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>2,071,526</u>	\$ <u>2,256,470</u>	\$ <u>2,071,526</u>	\$ <u>2,256,470</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

School Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 179,514,713	\$ 615,463,226	\$ 762,244,444	\$ 32,733,495
Taxes Receivable	1,962,739	73,600,704	73,733,286	1,830,157
Total Assets	<u>\$ 181,477,452</u>	<u>\$ 689,063,930</u>	<u>\$ 835,977,730</u>	<u>\$ 34,563,652</u>

Liabilities

Warrants Payable	\$ 9,961,857	\$ 201,291,375	\$ 200,775,109	\$ 10,478,123
Due to Other Governmental Units	171,515,595	24,085,529	171,515,595	24,085,529
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 181,477,452</u>	<u>\$ 225,376,904</u>	<u>\$ 372,290,704</u>	<u>\$ 34,563,652</u>

Port Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 12,749,971	\$ 27,361,402	\$ 37,656,726	\$ 2,454,647
Taxes Receivable	152,127	5,655,684	5,667,836	139,975
Total Assets	<u>\$ 12,902,098</u>	<u>\$ 33,017,086</u>	<u>\$ 43,324,562</u>	<u>\$ 2,594,622</u>

Liabilities

Warrants Payable	\$ 460,154	\$ 12,007,716	\$ 12,373,047	\$ 94,823
Due to Other Governmental Units	12,441,944	2,499,799	12,441,944	2,499,799
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 12,902,098</u>	<u>\$ 14,507,515</u>	<u>\$ 24,814,991</u>	<u>\$ 2,594,622</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Hospital Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	3,897	\$	2,044,354	\$	2,043,864	\$	4,387
Taxes Receivable		60,990		2,033,134		2,037,591		56,533
Total Assets	\$	<u>64,887</u>	\$	<u>4,077,488</u>	\$	<u>4,081,455</u>	\$	<u>60,920</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	64,887	\$	60,920	\$	64,887	\$	60,920
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>64,887</u>	\$	<u>60,920</u>	\$	<u>64,887</u>	\$	<u>60,920</u>

Water Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	194,631	\$	138,922	\$	145,649	\$	187,904
Total Assets	\$	<u>194,631</u>	\$	<u>138,922</u>	\$	<u>145,649</u>	\$	<u>187,904</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	4,416	\$	143,460	\$	147,876	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		190,215		187,904		190,215		187,904
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>194,631</u>	\$	<u>331,364</u>	\$	<u>338,091</u>	\$	<u>187,904</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Irrigation Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 5,035,381	\$ 10,550,100	\$ 12,288,052	\$ 3,297,429
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,035,381</u>	<u>\$ 10,550,100</u>	<u>\$ 12,288,052</u>	<u>\$ 3,297,429</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$ 157,245	\$ 6,395,860	\$ 5,710,344	\$ 842,761
Due to Other Governmental Units	4,878,136	2,454,668	4,878,136	2,454,668
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 5,035,381</u>	<u>\$ 8,850,528</u>	<u>\$ 10,588,480</u>	<u>\$ 3,297,429</u>

Fire Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 5,488,958	\$ 12,455,405	\$ 16,543,035	\$ 1,401,328
Taxes Receivable	236,845	7,195,322	7,212,280	219,887
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,725,803</u>	<u>\$ 19,650,727</u>	<u>\$ 23,755,315</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,215</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$ 157,201	\$ 6,570,830	\$ 6,370,101	\$ 357,930
Due to Other Governmental Units	5,568,602	1,263,285	5,568,602	1,263,285
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 5,725,803</u>	<u>\$ 7,834,115</u>	<u>\$ 11,938,703</u>	<u>\$ 1,621,215</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Drainage Districts

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	43,068	\$	4,498	\$	23,735	\$	23,831
Total Assets	\$	<u>43,068</u>	\$	<u>4,498</u>	\$	<u>23,735</u>	\$	<u>23,831</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	332	\$	23,602	\$	23,737	\$	197
Due to Other Governmental Units		42,736		23,634		42,736		23,634
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>43,068</u>	\$	<u>47,236</u>	\$	<u>66,473</u>	\$	<u>23,831</u>

Diking District

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	6,305	\$	7,386	\$	12,752	\$	939
Total Assets	\$	<u>6,305</u>	\$	<u>7,386</u>	\$	<u>12,752</u>	\$	<u>939</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	0	\$	6,209	\$	6,209	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		6,305		939		6,305		939
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>6,305</u>	\$	<u>7,148</u>	\$	<u>12,514</u>	\$	<u>939</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Clean Air Authority

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	569,394	\$	597,345	\$	734,646	\$	432,093
Total Assets	\$	<u>569,394</u>	\$	<u>597,345</u>	\$	<u>734,646</u>	\$	<u>432,093</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	5,663	\$	558,029	\$	563,692	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		563,731		432,093		563,731		432,093
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>569,394</u>	\$	<u>990,122</u>	\$	<u>1,127,423</u>	\$	<u>432,093</u>

County Payroll & Warrant Clearing Funds

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	1,613,148	\$	122,377,863	\$	122,255,476	\$	1,735,535
Total Assets	\$	<u>1,613,148</u>	\$	<u>122,377,863</u>	\$	<u>122,255,476</u>	\$	<u>1,735,535</u>

Liabilities

Warrants Payable	\$	1,613,149	\$	122,377,862	\$	122,255,475	\$	1,735,536
Due to Other Governmental Units		(1)		(1)		(1)		(1)
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>1,613,148</u>	\$	<u>122,377,861</u>	\$	<u>122,255,474</u>	\$	<u>1,735,535</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Emergency Dispatch - EDC

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	137,219	\$	1,833,742	\$	1,813,638	\$	157,323
Total Assets	\$	<u>137,219</u>	\$	<u>1,833,742</u>	\$	<u>1,813,638</u>	\$	<u>157,323</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	137,219	\$	157,323	\$	137,219	\$	157,323
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>137,219</u>	\$	<u>157,323</u>	\$	<u>137,219</u>	\$	<u>157,323</u>

Hanford Economic Development

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	1,657,455	\$	815,186	\$	2,188,472	\$	284,169
Total Assets	\$	<u>1,657,455</u>	\$	<u>815,186</u>	\$	<u>2,188,472</u>	\$	<u>284,169</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	1,657,455	\$	284,169	\$	1,657,455	\$	284,169
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>1,657,455</u>	\$	<u>284,169</u>	\$	<u>1,657,455</u>	\$	<u>284,169</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Public Facilities District

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	18,607	\$	228,456	\$	227,048	\$	20,015
Total Assets	\$	<u>18,607</u>	\$	<u>228,456</u>	\$	<u>227,048</u>	\$	<u>20,015</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	18,607	\$	20,015	\$	18,607	\$	20,015
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>18,607</u>	\$	<u>20,015</u>	\$	<u>18,607</u>	\$	<u>20,015</u>

CRID Guaranty Fund

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	66,924	\$	166	\$	57,892	\$	9,198
Total Assets	\$	<u>66,924</u>	\$	<u>166</u>	\$	<u>57,892</u>	\$	<u>9,198</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	66,924	\$	9,198	\$	66,924	\$	9,198
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>66,924</u>	\$	<u>9,198</u>	\$	<u>66,924</u>	\$	<u>9,198</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON**Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities**

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

County Road Suspense*Assets*

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	3,500	\$	7,000	\$	1,500	\$	9,000
Total Assets	\$	<u>3,500</u>	\$	<u>7,000</u>	\$	<u>1,500</u>	\$	<u>9,000</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	0	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		3,500		9,000		3,500		9,000
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>3,500</u>	\$	<u>10,500</u>	\$	<u>5,000</u>	\$	<u>9,000</u>

Benton City Library Capital Facilities District*Assets*

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	12,571	\$	63,788	\$	74,648	\$	1,711
Taxes Receivable		3,268		63,546		63,700		3,114
Total Assets	\$	<u>15,839</u>	\$	<u>127,334</u>	\$	<u>138,348</u>	\$	<u>4,825</u>

Liabilities

Vouchers Payable	\$	0	\$	302	\$	302	\$	0
Due to Other Governmental Units		15,839		4,825		15,839		4,825
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>15,839</u>	\$	<u>5,127</u>	\$	<u>16,141</u>	\$	<u>4,825</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

Law Library Transfer

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	6,012	\$	74,946	\$	74,707	\$	6,251
Total Assets	\$	<u>6,012</u>	\$	<u>74,946</u>	\$	<u>74,707</u>	\$	<u>6,251</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	6,012	\$	6,251	\$	6,012	\$	6,251
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>6,012</u>	\$	<u>6,251</u>	\$	<u>6,012</u>	\$	<u>6,251</u>

Benton Conservation District

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$	1,346	\$	210,158	\$	210,406	\$	1,098
Total Assets	\$	<u>1,346</u>	\$	<u>210,158</u>	\$	<u>210,406</u>	\$	<u>1,098</u>

Liabilities

Due to Other Governmental Units	\$	1,346	\$	1,098	\$	1,346	\$	1,098
Total Liabilities	\$	<u>1,346</u>	\$	<u>1,098</u>	\$	<u>1,346</u>	\$	<u>1,098</u>

BENTON COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

All Agency Funds

For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

All Agency Funds

Assets

Cash, cash equivalents and pooled investments	\$ 216,274,470	983,692,589	1,139,647,582	60,319,477
Taxes Receivable	4,338,840	161,576,448	161,906,183	4,009,105
Total Assets	\$ <u>220,613,310</u>	\$ <u>1,145,269,037</u>	\$ <u>1,301,553,765</u>	\$ <u>64,328,582</u>

Liabilities

Warrants Payable	\$ 12,035,160	\$ 335,676,953	\$ 335,403,631	\$ 12,308,482
Vouchers Payable	4,529,531	91,981,134	95,226,893	1,283,772
Due to Other Governmental Units	204,048,619	50,736,328	204,048,619	50,736,328
Total Liabilities	\$ <u>220,613,310</u>	\$ <u>478,394,415</u>	\$ <u>634,679,143</u>	\$ <u>64,328,582</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Benton County’s comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government’s overall financial health.

Contents	Beginning on Page
Financial Trends <i>These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County’s financial performance and well-being have changed over time. (Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4)</i>	189
Revenue Capacity <i>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government’s most significant local revenue source, the property tax. (Schedules 5, 6, 7 and 8)</i>	194
Debt Capacity <i>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government’s current levels of outstanding debt and the government’s ability to issue additional debt in the future. (Schedules 9 and 10)</i>	198
Demographic and Economic Information <i>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the government’s financial activities. (Schedules 11 and 12)</i>	200
Operating Information <i>These schedules contain services and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government’s financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs. (Schedules 13, 14 and 15)</i>	202

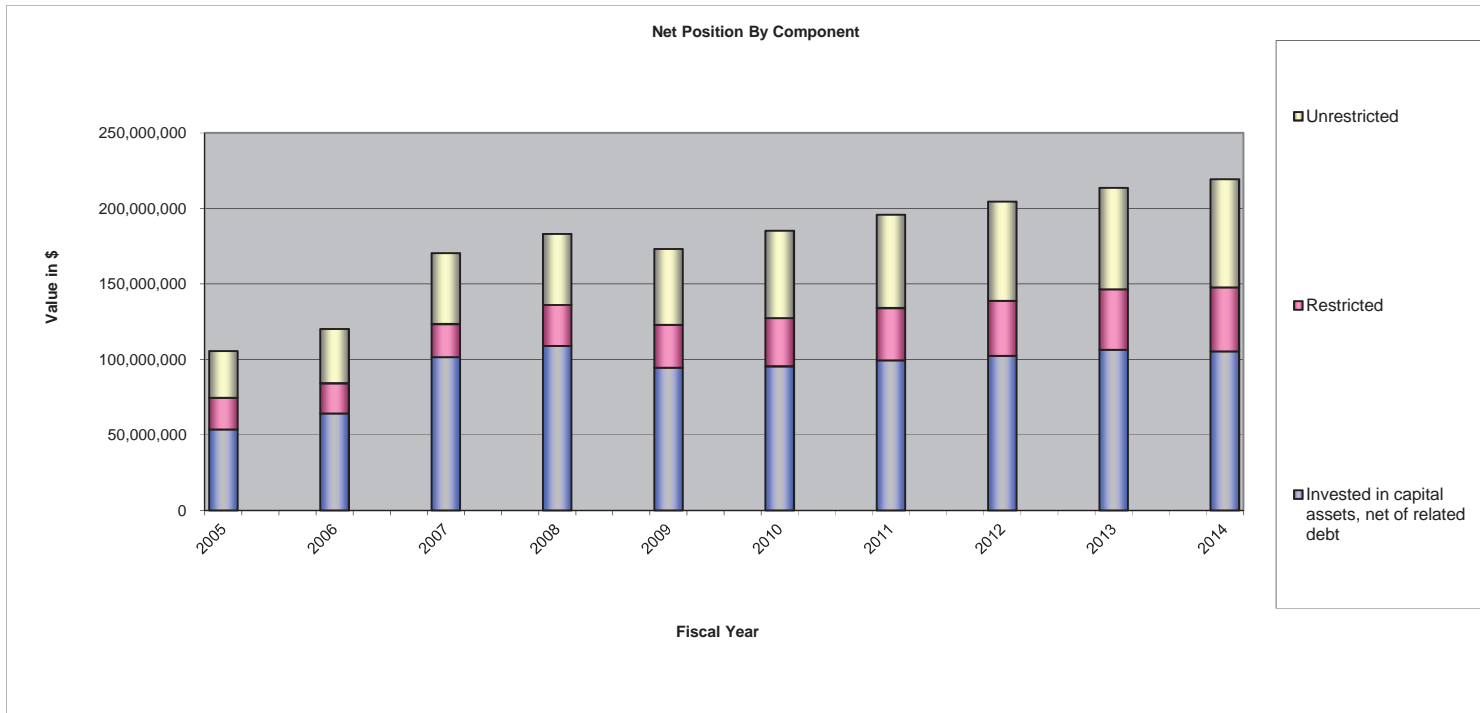
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the relevant year.

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Schedule 1
 Benton County
 Net Position by Component,
 Last Ten Fiscal Years
 (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 53,549,131	\$ 64,186,239	\$ 101,465,625	\$ 108,992,884	\$ 94,518,358	\$ 95,456,488	\$ 99,475,184	\$ 102,434,308	\$ 106,452,919	\$ 105,252,022
Restricted										
General Government	4,279,679	4,579,782	5,846,928	7,372,120	8,435,251	9,749,695	11,008,355	10,817,188	11,996,013	13,341,363
Public Safety	5,682,178	6,253,941	6,772,694	7,042,973	7,334,369	7,819,579	8,743,341	9,928,381	11,143,544	12,415,097
Social Services	6,210,595	4,803,792	3,980,997	5,416,394	6,250,106	6,798,387	6,161,466	7,142,597	7,990,217	6,735,432
Natural & Economic Environment	1,602,660	1,655,829	1,775,981	2,420,826	2,834,825	3,637,430	4,115,085	4,425,910	3,962,131	3,813,708
Transportation	2,075,571	1,416,422	2,582,449	4,229,497	3,003,673	3,320,381	4,044,230	3,502,959	4,297,691	5,251,983
Culture & Recreation	1,057,273	1,151,302	858,231	520,694	366,894	500,479	448,498	532,122	455,502	772,103
Utilities	176,488	183,757	156,800	119,864	85,464	67,645	38,113	33,014	99,775	162,245
Unrestricted	30,923,843	35,913,033	46,922,799	46,993,878	50,376,888	57,899,600	61,788,465	65,708,609	67,286,042	71,617,538
Total Primary Government										
Governmental Activities Net Position	<u>\$ 105,557,418</u>	<u>\$ 120,144,097</u>	<u>\$ 170,362,504</u>	<u>\$ 183,109,130</u>	<u>\$ 173,205,828</u>	<u>\$ 185,249,684</u>	<u>\$ 195,822,737</u>	<u>\$ 204,525,089</u>	<u>\$ 213,683,833</u>	<u>\$ 219,361,491</u>

Note: Restricted portions reclassified to meet requirements of GASB 63 implemented in 2011.



Schedule 2
Benton County
Changes in Net Position,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$ 19,769,075	\$ 20,946,603	\$ 22,654,827	\$ 26,751,559	\$ 25,289,893	\$ 24,603,860	\$ 24,539,863	\$ 27,015,010	\$ 28,682,607	\$ 28,782,217
Public Safety	27,118,360	29,192,761	31,439,134	34,142,757	32,807,474	31,525,425	35,717,729	35,027,971	35,837,432	38,000,175
Utilities (Formerly Physical Environment)	1,676,805	1,485,752	1,600,702	1,698,156	1,821,594	1,815,012	1,752,381	0	0	0
Transportation	5,741,602	6,174,304	7,200,342	7,763,252	7,636,972	9,195,881	8,183,961	7,910,646	7,971,222	8,680,848
Natural & Economic Environment	1,712,083	1,780,568	1,822,219	2,013,292	2,171,535	2,014,223	2,026,527	3,927,526	3,380,606	3,039,010
Social Services	15,370,272	15,560,496	16,410,189	17,373,655	17,827,426	18,064,698	16,720,998	6,358,009	7,893,886	9,298,546
Culture and Recreation	1,139,141	1,059,185	1,180,327	1,237,290	1,199,733	1,015,100	1,109,123	1,127,892	975,448	1,493,796
Interest and fiscal changes	1,435,502	1,529,252	1,653,392	1,587,467	1,640,445	1,605,040	1,479,168	1,208,315	1,078,475	932,459
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	73,962,840	77,728,921	83,961,132	92,567,428	90,395,071	89,839,240	91,529,750	82,575,371	85,819,675	90,227,051
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 73,962,840	\$ 77,728,921	\$ 83,961,132	\$ 92,567,428	\$ 90,395,071	\$ 89,839,240	\$ 91,529,750	\$ 82,575,371	\$ 85,819,675	\$ 90,227,051
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges For Services:										
General Government	\$ 10,069,959	\$ 9,979,860	\$ 14,622,117	\$ 12,285,730	\$ 13,551,792	\$ 13,284,330	\$ 14,107,073	\$ 13,903,466	\$ 13,405,906	\$ 12,715,371
Public Safety	11,357,917	11,694,841	12,168,674	12,621,522	13,273,943	13,017,960	14,167,933	12,313,875	12,690,756	14,322,851
Utilities	136,215	768,299	501,371	499,063	512,745	515,406	579,539	587,162	0	0
Transportation	182,042	327,323	354,285	510,277	709,859	657,251	311,699	436,133	473,247	517,748
Natural & Economic Environment	709,185	629,595	769,714	557,202	642,725	808,977	813,307	691,318	1,276,925	1,783,663
Social Services	10,258,097	7,415,805	8,069,499	9,751,746	10,758,553	11,502,414	9,656,202	1,388,200	1,587,305	1,592,542
Culture and Recreation	12,274	13,009	14,420	20,254	54,360	34,031	42,735	41,328	382,757	274,589
Operating Grants and Contributions										
General Government	1,632,352	1,613,522	1,096,503	1,834,727	1,566,441	1,294,318	1,288,242	1,539,906	1,378,512	1,439,721
Public Safety	1,805,727	1,977,588	1,882,803	2,782,701	2,130,005	1,911,475	1,652,244	1,662,346	1,319,775	1,375,600
Utilities	3,427	181,590	199,844	211,459	242,069	240,515	142,788	259,404	0	0
Transportation	2,587,299	6,053,031	1,067,858	362,600	374,895	113,112	504,836	434,011	2,118,751	471,046
Natural & Economic Environment	0	481,000	171,940	121,773	0	40,000	40,000	52,225	352,814	308,053
Social Services	4,727,027	6,337,706	6,286,239	7,726,479	6,337,967	5,702,524	5,262,440	4,967,343	5,809,947	4,968,594
Culture and Recreation	0	2,020	0	3,058	1,434	844	923	726	30,615	110,813
Capital Grants and Contributions										
General Government	0	0	0	108,000	9,950	185,611	0	0	0	0
Public Safety	0	0	0	612,000	307,889	25,580	0	0	0	0
Transportation	1,155,706	1,546,854	1,086,129	7,544,879	4,395,467	2,720,352	1,344,774	1,803,065	2,147,880	1,831,649
Culture and Recreation	0	0	0	0	30,000	0	0	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	44,637,227	49,022,043	48,291,396	57,553,470	54,900,094	52,054,700	49,914,735	40,080,508	42,975,190	41,712,238
Total Primary Governmental Program Revenues	\$ 44,637,227	\$ 49,022,043	\$ 48,291,396	\$ 57,553,470	\$ 54,900,094	\$ 52,054,700	\$ 49,914,735	\$ 40,080,508	\$ 42,975,190	\$ 41,712,238

Schedule 2
Benton County
Changes in Net Position,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (29,325,613)	\$ (28,706,878)	\$ (35,669,736)	\$ (35,013,958)	\$ (35,494,977)	\$ (37,784,539)	\$ (41,615,015)	\$ (42,494,863)	\$ (42,844,485)	\$ (48,514,813)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	<u>\$ (29,325,613)</u>	<u>\$ (28,706,878)</u>	<u>\$ (35,669,736)</u>	<u>\$ (35,013,958)</u>	<u>\$ (35,494,977)</u>	<u>\$ (37,784,539)</u>	<u>\$ (41,615,015)</u>	<u>\$ (42,494,863)</u>	<u>\$ (42,844,485)</u>	<u>\$ (48,514,813)</u>
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:										
Property Taxes	\$ 18,133,295	\$ 19,452,029	\$ 20,700,845	\$ 21,920,801	\$ 22,736,062	\$ 23,469,352	\$ 23,766,386	\$ 24,496,055	\$ 25,365,057	\$ 26,181,693
Sales Taxes	11,936,960	11,754,555	14,093,856	14,255,307	15,303,528	16,119,769	18,512,667	16,140,979	17,115,363	16,914,484
Entitlements, Impact & In-lieu Payments	5,973,771	6,202,020	6,489,188	6,306,603	6,528,772	6,592,827	6,756,755	6,822,158	7,289,906	7,682,599
Excise Taxes	907,365	913,107	1,370,006	1,191,799	815,185	969,288	784,438	1,011,722	317,145	836,799
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	2,619,755	1,333,541	1,343,153	1,040,355	1,254,176	1,300,278	1,391,756	1,502,217	538,631	706,995
Interest and Investment Earnings	1,946,478	3,346,026	4,472,551	3,045,720	2,033,256	1,376,880	976,068	1,224,082	1,377,128	1,869,899
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(401,785)	292,278	(5,539)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Governmental Activities	<u>41,115,839</u>	<u>43,293,557</u>	<u>48,464,060</u>	<u>47,760,585</u>	<u>48,670,979</u>	<u>49,828,395</u>	<u>52,188,068</u>	<u>51,197,213</u>	<u>52,003,230</u>	<u>54,192,469</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 41,115,839</u>	<u>\$ 43,293,557</u>	<u>\$ 48,464,060</u>	<u>\$ 47,760,585</u>	<u>\$ 48,670,979</u>	<u>\$ 49,828,395</u>	<u>\$ 52,188,068</u>	<u>\$ 51,197,213</u>	<u>\$ 52,003,230</u>	<u>\$ 54,192,469</u>
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities:	\$ 11,790,226	\$ 14,586,679	\$ 12,794,324	\$ 12,746,627	\$ 13,176,002	\$ 12,043,855	\$ 10,573,053	\$ 8,702,350	\$ 9,158,745	\$ 5,677,657
Special Items	0	0	0	0	(23,079,303)	0	0	0	0	0
Prior Period Adjustments	1,155,161	0	37,424,083	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 12,945,387</u>	<u>\$ 14,586,679</u>	<u>\$ 50,218,407</u>	<u>\$ 12,746,627</u>	<u>\$ (9,903,301)</u>	<u>\$ 12,043,855</u>	<u>\$ 10,573,053</u>	<u>\$ 8,702,350</u>	<u>\$ 9,158,745</u>	<u>\$ 5,677,657</u>

Note: In 2013, the State Auditor's Office of Washington implemented changes to the Budget, Accounting & Reporting System (BARS) which dictates how entities in Washington report their financial statements. It was recognized that expenditures/expenses which Benton County included in the Physical Environment category in prior years had been assigned to the General Government and Natural & Economic Environment categories. For comparison purposes the 2012 Statement of Activities has been revised to reflect those changes.

Schedule 3
Benton County
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a
Unreserved	10,242,415	9,680,612	12,126,011	9,921,367	13,155,021	10,171,184	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Nondspendable	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0
Restricted	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0
Committed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0
Assigned	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0
Unassigned	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	15,256,720	10,350,453	12,534,725	10,995,643
Total General Fund	<u>\$ 10,242,415</u>	<u>\$ 9,680,612</u>	<u>\$ 12,126,011</u>	<u>\$ 9,921,367</u>	<u>\$ 13,155,021</u>	<u>\$ 10,171,184</u>	<u>\$ 15,256,720</u>	<u>\$ 10,350,453</u>	<u>\$ 12,534,725</u>	<u>\$ 10,995,643</u>
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a	\$ n/a
Unreserved										
Special Revenue Funds	26,425,786	26,080,558	28,381,720	34,058,435	35,999,991	40,776,672	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Debt Service Funds	8,408,563	2,621,894	4,084,707	4,810,167	4,653,335	4,611,654	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Capital Project Funds	1,251,657	17,815,247	13,533,826	13,806,461	10,642,261	15,746,114	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Nondspendable	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	0	0	0
Restricted	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	34,475,402	36,210,855	39,773,687	42,320,745
Committed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	12,794,588	14,432,882	14,814,741	15,723,468
Assigned	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	16,336,182	22,913,893	21,200,276	25,197,993
Unassigned	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	(33,035)	0	(157,653)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 36,086,006</u>	<u>\$ 46,517,699</u>	<u>\$ 46,000,253</u>	<u>\$ 52,675,063</u>	<u>\$ 51,295,587</u>	<u>\$ 61,134,440</u>	<u>\$ 63,606,172</u>	<u>\$ 73,524,595</u>	<u>\$ 75,788,704</u>	<u>\$ 83,084,553</u>

Note: GASB 54, implemented for reporting in 2011 and all years thereafter, requires fund balances to be reported in revised categories.

Schedule 4
Benton County
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 18,192,075	\$ 19,647,961	\$ 20,875,201	\$ 21,787,622	\$ 22,723,653	\$ 23,367,693	\$ 23,845,224	\$ 24,581,182	\$ 25,366,144	\$ 26,239,535
Sales and Use Taxes	11,936,960	11,754,555	14,093,856	14,255,307	15,303,528	16,119,769	18,512,667	16,140,979	17,115,363	16,914,484
Other Taxes	3,527,119	2,246,649	2,713,159	2,232,154	2,069,361	2,269,566	2,176,193	2,513,939	855,776	836,799
Licenses and Permits	693,387	598,850	711,706	577,218	645,162	819,963	835,598	716,138	883,931	940,008
Intergovernmental	39,242,276	41,959,915	38,521,702	49,090,114	46,484,608	44,079,808	42,362,145	33,447,969	18,808,927	18,496,368
Charges For Services	5,604,006	6,208,952	6,608,491	6,760,389	7,620,887	7,637,515	7,477,473	7,478,114	23,988,112	25,671,441
Fines and Forfeits	2,145,672	2,526,708	2,680,187	2,742,650	3,000,729	2,954,936	2,874,402	2,882,360	3,497,674	3,565,229
Interest Earnings	1,865,970	2,799,243	4,344,341	3,124,697	1,987,266	1,168,240	1,299,598	1,142,827	1,401,304	1,813,238
Donations	81,672	132,997	35,600	268,588	420,059	428,397	291,242	114,006	14,517	8,681
Other Revenues	1,670,949	2,231,404	1,956,538	1,996,662	2,025,100	2,065,541	2,606,481	2,048,022	1,615,008	1,427,377
Total Revenues	84,960,086	90,107,234	92,540,781	102,835,401	102,280,353	100,911,427	102,281,023	91,065,538	93,546,755	95,913,161
Expenditures										
General Government	18,848,797	19,584,676	21,463,027	23,158,568	23,955,685	23,648,816	23,410,214	25,568,409	26,317,386	26,937,892
Public Safety	24,539,264	26,484,434	28,703,107	30,705,627	31,937,631	32,030,793	32,337,862	32,864,546	33,924,969	34,437,158
Utilities (Formerly Physical Environment)	1,682,255	1,475,784	1,582,296	1,719,845	1,808,406	1,827,963	1,779,929	0	0	0
Transportation	5,398,354	5,264,463	5,778,465	5,909,461	7,295,118	7,418,940	6,411,826	9,318,296	5,643,635	7,262,245
Natural & Economic Environment	1,728,510	1,754,073	1,798,525	2,025,279	2,171,970	1,864,919	2,054,409	3,959,036	3,415,294	3,150,963
Social Services	15,325,570	15,493,813	16,340,498	17,034,595	17,323,317	17,565,729	16,235,371	5,856,727	7,489,313	8,310,453
Culture and Recreation	1,059,552	968,052	1,076,839	1,115,700	1,071,650	1,000,867	963,069	980,959	850,663	1,098,490
Debt Service										
Principal	1,555,000	1,779,598	1,785,000	1,976,029	2,282,750	2,412,748	5,712,748	2,297,748	2,372,748	1,136,048
Interest	1,435,502	1,529,252	1,653,392	1,587,467	1,515,175	1,428,485	1,330,020	1,096,448	1,016,386	2,227,608
Capital Outlay	8,648,954	13,214,142	11,666,488	14,406,699	10,997,478	4,562,946	4,356,358	3,896,437	7,882,709	5,505,441
Total Expenditures	80,221,758	87,548,287	91,847,637	99,639,270	100,359,182	93,762,205	94,591,805	85,838,606	88,913,103	90,066,297
Excess of revenues over (under)										
Expenditures	4,738,328	2,558,947	693,144	3,196,131	1,921,171	7,149,222	7,689,218	5,226,932	4,633,652	5,846,863
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Refunding Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Payment To Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long-Term Debt Issued	874,290	7,291,875	1,462,500	1,625,000	162,500	0	0	0	0	0
Sales of Capital Assets	34,057	270,832	41,108	78,954	9,960	43,638	25,358	67,760	55,927	61,423
Transfers In	12,353,708	14,816,472	12,505,523	15,822,931	12,062,271	15,478,555	9,398,798	16,613,533	8,834,143	15,454,327
Transfers Out	(12,597,490)	(15,068,236)	(12,774,322)	(16,252,850)	(12,301,723)	(15,816,399)	(9,556,107)	(16,896,069)	(9,075,341)	(15,605,847)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	664,565	7,310,943	1,234,809	1,274,035	(66,992)	(294,206)	(131,951)	(214,777)	(185,271)	(90,097)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 5,402,893	\$ 9,869,890	\$ 1,927,953	\$ 4,470,166	\$ 1,854,179	\$ 6,855,016	\$ 7,557,267	\$ 5,012,155	\$ 4,448,381	\$ 5,756,766
Debt Service As A Percentage Of										
Non-capital Expenditures	4.18%	4.45%	4.29%	4.18%	4.25%	4.31%	7.80%	4.14%	4.18%	3.98%

Note: In 2013, the State Auditor's Office of Washington implemented changes to the Budget, Accounting & Reporting System (BARS) which dictates how entities in Washington report their financial statements. It was recognized expenditures/expenses which Benton County included in the Physical Environment category in prior years had been assigned to the General Government and Natural & Economic Environment categories. For comparison purposes the 2012 Statement of Activities has been revised to reflect those changes.

**Schedule 5
Benton County
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property,*
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Real Property***					Personal Property	Total	Total Direct Tax Rate**
	Residential Property	Commercial/Industrial Property	Agricultural Property	Other				
2005	\$ 5,760,557,087	\$ 2,671,742,094	\$ 545,985,611	\$ 61,880,110	\$ 525,847,375	\$ 9,566,012,276	\$ 1.4745	
2006	6,302,944,573	2,736,265,798	564,118,796	62,530,317	546,883,878	10,212,743,362	1.4790	
2007	6,746,158,802	2,797,585,490	587,486,411	63,745,490	564,133,229	10,759,109,422	1.4865	
2008	7,338,010,484	2,948,117,905	702,572,620	89,363,449	597,997,310	11,676,061,768	1.4440	
2009	7,617,167,773	3,617,272,826	743,230,017	95,083,293	651,948,254	12,724,702,163	1.3766	
2010	7,914,872,656	3,900,855,051	785,857,175	90,671,913	680,615,147	13,372,871,942	1.3433	
2011	8,276,196,922	4,020,634,941	830,931,571	72,647,253	703,226,989	13,903,637,676	1.3265	
2012	8,734,686,809	4,263,081,225	888,163,047	71,643,418	729,387,653	14,686,962,152	1.2771	
2013	9,101,823,756	4,412,942,343	982,101,775	71,740,080	749,219,431	15,317,827,385	1.2796	
2014	\$ 9,340,862,420	\$ 4,649,617,160	\$ 1,094,472,027	\$ 76,056,408	\$ 770,925,315	\$ 15,931,933,330	\$ 1.2831	

Source: Benton County Assessor

Notes: The county physically inspects and values all taxable real property at least once every six years with statistical updates annually where needed. Property is assessed at actual market value.

*Property is assessed at the legal market value determined by the Benton County Assessor's office.

**Per \$1,000 of value.

***For years 2004 through 2006 the split of values between categories are estimates based on yearly new construction and ratios of actual values of 2007 properties. Going forward from 2007, figures are actual values. (Personal Property values and Total Property values are actual and are based on Assessor Office records.)

Schedule 6
Benton County
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rate,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Year Taxes Are Payable									
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
County Direct Rates										
General	\$ 1.4382	\$ 1.4427	\$ 1.4502	\$ 1.4077	\$ 1.3403	\$ 1.3070	\$ 1.2902	\$ 1.2408	\$ 1.2433	\$ 1.2468
Mental Health Board	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250	0.0250
Indigent Soldier	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113	0.0113
Total direct rate	1.4745	1.4790	1.4865	1.4440	1.3766	1.3433	1.3265	1.2771	1.2796	1.2831
Other Rates										
Consolidated Road District #1	1.7279	1.8772	1.8915	1.9364	1.9215	1.8795	1.8364	1.7671	1.6736	1.6252
Mosquito Control District	0.1706	0.1704	0.1403	0.1403	0.1328	0.1536	0.1279	0.0931	0.0965	0.0952
State of Washington School	2.7894	2.5735	2.2554	1.9808	1.9240	2.0057	2.1478	2.3154	2.3914	2.3194
City Rates										
Prosser	3.5764	3.6774	3.3378	3.4212	3.3279	3.2636	3.3112	3.4555	3.2694	3.2687
Kennewick	2.5404	2.4399	2.4922	2.4398	2.3709	2.2534	2.2424	2.1955	2.2020	2.2176
Benton City	1.6754	1.6516	1.3627	1.2937	1.2975	1.2954	1.2474	1.2366	1.1413	1.1246
West Richland	1.7621	1.7646	1.7697	1.6170	1.6038	1.6095	1.6281	1.5641	1.5472	1.5437
Richland	3.2942	3.3071	3.3073	3.3674	3.1392	3.1399	3.0121	2.9654	2.9697	2.9840
School District Rates										
Prosser	5.5041	5.3871	5.1390	4.9855	5.0403	4.7172	4.6196	3.2717	2.9325	2.7452
Grandview	4.1985	3.9230	4.1787	3.7469	3.7649	3.9779	3.9900	4.3051	4.2825	4.3340
Kennewick	5.1892	4.8999	4.9956	4.8215	4.7821	4.9633	4.9195	4.9063	4.9088	4.9834
Paterson	0.9701	1.0076	1.0613	0.9905	0.9108	0.8737	0.8595	0.8058	0.9195	0.8230
Benton City	5.1516	5.1301	5.1515	5.2820	5.6287	5.8592	5.9969	6.0482	5.6427	5.3950
Finley	6.5206	6.5660	6.5771	6.2499	6.2906	6.1774	4.7882	3.5745	4.0756	4.0341
Richland	4.9912	4.7611	4.7534	4.4902	4.1694	4.3251	4.4235	4.2985	4.3825	4.8247
Hospital Rates										
Prosser	0.8185	0.8069	0.7538	0.7364	0.7057	0.3815	0.3811	0.3822	0.3517	0.3419
Kennewick	0.1604	0.1508	0.1594	0.1551	0.1506	0.1467	0.1456	0.1418	0.1418	0.1436
Fire District Rates										
District #1	1.4984	1.5218	1.5292	1.6574	1.6451	1.6373	1.5846	1.5157	1.4752	1.5912
District #2	2.0897	2.0363	1.8223	2.2886	2.2833	2.2700	2.2649	2.2605	2.1851	2.2116
District #3	1.4259	1.3793	1.3029	1.2739	1.2667	1.2221	1.1988	1.2150	1.0302	1.0138
District #4	1.5330	1.2733	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	2.0000	1.9857	1.9783	1.9688
District #5	0.8693	0.8207	0.8282	0.8121	0.7505	0.7150	0.7219	0.6818	0.6666	0.6018
District #6	1.2550	1.2645	1.2764	1.2179	0.9664	0.9376	0.9376	0.8677	0.8235	0.7661
Port Rates										
Port of Kennewick	0.3755	0.3690	0.3729	0.3603	0.3507	0.3429	0.3410	0.3315	0.3309	0.3337
Port of Benton	0.4879	0.4815	0.4687	0.4557	0.4215	0.4225	0.4276	0.4196	0.4055	0.3989
Library Rates										
Rural Library	0.4598	0.4501	0.4501	0.4372	0.4214	0.4014	0.3926	0.3803	0.3786	0.3775
Benton City Library	\$ 0.2299	\$ 0.2421	\$ 0.2033	\$ 0.1925	\$ 0.1748	\$ 0.1678	\$ 0.1617	\$ 0.1457	\$ 0.1375	\$ 0.1284

Source: Benton County Assessor

**Schedule 7
Benton County
Principal Property Tax Payers,
Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

<u>Taxpayer</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2014</u>			<u>Fiscal Year 2005</u>		
	<u>Assessed Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value</u>	<u>Assessed Value</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value</u>
K2H Farms Inc.	\$ 128,009,140	1	0.80%	\$ 71,572,100	2	0.75%
AREVA, Inc. (Formerly Framatome/ANP/Siemens Power Corp.)	105,112,390	2	0.66%	75,930,180	1	0.79%
Burlington Northern - Santa Fe Railroad	92,159,396	3	0.58%	37,863,482	8	0.40%
Columbia Center Mall Partnership	79,894,050	4	0.50%	57,941,010	4	0.61%
Battelle Memorial Institute	75,256,700	5	0.47%	36,925,210	9	0.39%
Ste. Michelle Vintners, Inc.	73,329,950	6	0.46%	46,450,490	5	0.49%
Wyckoff Farms, Inc.	72,151,181	7	0.45%	----	----	----
Extended Legacy, LLC	60,800,400	8	0.38%	----	----	----
NOTUS Holding LLC	54,348,270	9	0.34%	----	----	----
Frontier Communications Northwest (Formerly GTE Northwest)	51,060,671	10	0.32%	69,607,452	3	0.73%
Northwest Pipeline Corp.	----	----	----	45,666,803	6	0.48%
Agrium US, Inc. (Formerly Prodicta LLC, Union Oil of California)	----	----	----	30,860,812	10	0.32%
ConAgra/Lamb-Weston, Inc.	----	----	----	39,820,460	7	0.42%
Total	<u>\$ 792,122,148</u>		<u>4.97%</u>	<u>\$ 512,637,999</u>		<u>5.36%</u>

Source: Benton County Assessor

**Schedule 8
Benton County
Property Tax Levies and Collections,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (Original Levy)		Total Adjusted Levy	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy		Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Collections to Date	
	Adjustments	Amount		Percentage of Original Levy	Amount		Percentage of Adjusted Levy	
2005	\$ 14,521,156	\$ (23,684)	\$ 14,497,472	\$ 14,102,359	97.12%	\$ 394,886	\$ 14,497,245	100.00%
2006	15,508,773	(71,430)	15,437,344	15,018,380	96.84%	418,942	15,437,322	100.00%
2007	16,422,214	(28,016)	16,394,199	16,056,402	97.77%	337,761	16,394,163	100.00%
2008	17,313,644	(52,472)	17,261,172	16,855,853	97.36%	404,977	17,260,830	100.00%
2009	17,984,295	(85,010)	17,899,285	17,488,445	97.24%	410,491	17,898,936	100.00%
2010	18,429,005	(99,610)	18,329,395	17,990,084	97.62%	338,635	18,328,719	100.00%
2011	18,962,606	10,372	18,972,978	18,579,517	97.98%	388,512	18,968,029	99.97%
2012	19,274,946	(20,812)	19,254,134	18,890,044	98.00%	317,476	19,207,519	99.76%
2013	20,151,188	(59,838)	20,091,350	19,716,549	97.84%	249,287	19,965,836	99.38%
2014	\$ 20,976,817	\$ (88,826)	\$ 20,887,990	\$ 20,539,942	97.92%	\$ 0	\$ 20,539,942	98.33%

Source: Benton County Treasurer

Note: The information in this schedule relates to the county's own property tax levies, and does not include those it collects on behalf of other governments.

**Schedule 9
Benton County
Ratios of Outstanding Debt,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	General Bonded Debt Outstanding				CRID Special Assessment Debt	Advances Due To Other Governments***	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Net GO Bond As % of Actual Value* of Taxable Property	Net GO Bond As % of Personal Income**	Net GO Bonds Per Capita**
	General Obligation (GO) Bonds	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal	Total								
2005	\$ 37,980,000	\$ (1,600,000)	\$ 36,380,000	\$1,239,598	\$ 207,667	\$ -	\$ 37,827,265	0.38%	0.72%	230.65	
2006	36,380,000	(1,680,000)	34,700,000	1,095,000	207,667	0	36,002,667	0.34%	0.66%	217.47	
2007	34,700,000	(1,745,000)	32,955,000	955,000	1,670,167	0	35,580,167	0.31%	0.57%	203.84	
2008	32,955,000	(2,010,000)	30,945,000	810,000	3,209,139	0	34,964,139	0.27%	0.49%	185.77	
2009	30,945,000	(2,095,000)	28,850,000	735,000	3,173,889	326,494	33,085,383	0.23%	0.45%	168.59	
2010	28,850,000	(5,425,000)	23,425,000	615,000	2,976,141	518,203	27,534,344	0.18%	0.34%	132.74	
2011	23,425,000	(1,995,000)	21,430,000	525,000	2,778,393	419,033	25,152,426	0.15%	0.30%	118.61	
2012	21,430,000	(2,070,000)	19,360,000	420,000	2,580,645	284,741	22,645,386	0.13%	0.26%	106.14	
2013	19,360,000	(2,155,000)	17,205,000	315,000	2,382,897	98,512	20,001,409	0.11%	0.22%	93.26	
2014	\$ 17,205,000	\$ (2,245,000)	\$ 14,960,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 2,185,149	\$ 5,863	\$ 17,381,012	0.09%	0.19%	80.22	

Source: Benton County Treasurer

Note: 2014 "Percentage of Personal Income" calculated using 2013 personal income data, which is the most recent available.

*See schedule 5 for property value data.

** Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule 11. 2013 data used for 2014

***Revised to reflect Long-Term Advances from DSHS to Human Services

Schedule 10
Benton County
Legal Debt Margin Information,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Assessed Value of Property	\$ 9,566,012	\$ 10,212,743	\$ 10,759,109	\$ 11,676,062	\$ 12,724,702	\$ 13,372,872	\$ 13,903,638	\$ 14,686,962	\$ 15,317,827	\$ 15,931,933
Debt Limit 1.5% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation non-voted)	143,490	153,191	161,387	175,141	190,871	200,593	208,555	220,304	229,767	238,979
Debt Limit 2.5% of Assessed Value (Statutory Limitation voted and non-voted)	239,150	255,319	268,978	291,902	318,118	334,322	347,591	367,174	382,946	398,298
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit General Obligation Bonds	37,980	36,380	34,700	32,955	30,945	28,850	23,425	21,430	19,360	17,205
Less: Resources Restricted to Paying Principal	<u>(1,600)</u>	<u>(1,680)</u>	<u>(1,745)</u>	<u>(2,010)</u>	<u>(2,095)</u>	<u>(5,425)</u>	<u>(1,995)</u>	<u>(2,070)</u>	<u>(2,155)</u>	<u>(2,245)</u>
Total net debt applicable to limit	36,380	34,700	32,955	30,945	28,850	23,425	21,430	19,360	17,205	14,960
Legal Debt Margin (non-voted)	<u>\$ 107,110</u>	<u>\$ 118,491</u>	<u>\$ 128,432</u>	<u>\$ 144,196</u>	<u>\$ 162,021</u>	<u>\$ 177,168</u>	<u>\$ 187,125</u>	<u>\$ 200,944</u>	<u>\$ 212,562</u>	<u>\$ 224,019</u>
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of non-voted debt limit	25.35%	22.65%	20.42%	17.67%	15.11%	11.68%	10.28%	8.79%	7.49%	6.26%
as a % of voted and non-voted debt limit	15.21%	13.59%	12.25%	10.60%	9.07%	7.01%	6.17%	5.27%	4.49%	3.76%

**Schedule 11
Benton County
Demographic and Economic Statistics,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Fiscal Year	Population*	Personal Income* (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	Year-End Unemployment Rate
2005	157,726	\$ 5,035,609	\$ 31,926	6.40%
2006	159,564	5,228,549	32,768	5.70%
2007	161,669	5,749,548	35,564	5.10%
2008	166,573	6,340,552	38,065	6.20%
2009	171,122	6,443,140	37,652	8.30%
2010	176,472	6,832,146	38,715	7.50%
2011	180,678	7,172,962	39,700	9.50%
2012	182,398	7,364,269	40,375	9.10%
2013	184,486	7,701,553	41,746	8.10%
2014	186,486	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	8.40%

Notes: Data Provided by: Washington State Employment Security Department
Office of Financial Management Census 2010 results
for Washington State
Bureau of Economic Analysis

*2003-2011 data revised to reflect adjusted Bureau of Economic Analysis totals.

**Schedule 12
Benton County
Principal Employers,
Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

<u>Employer</u>	<u>Fiscal Year 2014</u>			<u>Fiscal Year 2005</u>		
	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total County Employment</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Percentage of Total County Employment</u>
Battelle Memorial Institute	4,485	1	5.40%	4,178	1	5.24%
URS	3,500	2	4.21%	----	----	----
CH2M Hill Hanford Group, Inc.	3,260	3	3.92%	1,136	8	1.42%
ConAgra/Lamb-Weston, Inc.	3,057	4	3.68%	1,685	5	2.11%
Bechtel National, Inc., Waste Treatment Project	2,850	5	3.43%	2,185	4	2.74%
Kadlec Medical Center	2,175	6	2.62%	1,313	6	1.65%
Kennewick School District	2,017	7	2.43%	2,200	3	2.76%
Washington River Protection Solutions	1,686	8	2.03%	----	----	----
Richland School District	1,500	9	1.81%	1,202	7	1.51%
Mission Support Alliance	1,478	10	1.78%	----	----	----
Energy Northwest (Washington Public Power Supply System)	----	----	----	1,072	9	1.34%
Kennewick General Hospital	----	----	----	765	10	0.96%
Fluor Hanford, Inc./Fluor Federal Services	----	----	----	3,499	2	4.39%
Total	26,008		31.30%	19,235		24.12%

Sources: Tri-City Industrial Development Council (TRIDEC)
Washington State Employment Security Department

**Schedule 13
Benton County
County Government Employees by Function,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function/Program	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31									
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
General Government Full-time	320	317	315	284	288	295	298	314	346	313
General Government Part-time	12	11	10	41	35	42	42	35	36	48
Total	<u>332</u>	<u>328</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>323</u>	<u>337</u>	<u>340</u>	<u>349</u>	<u>382</u>	<u>361</u>
Public Safety Full-time	209	208	208	219	221	218	217	211	208	197
Public Safety Part-time	10	14	13	2	-	1	3	7	12	10
Total	<u>219</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>221</u>	<u>221</u>	<u>221</u>	<u>219</u>	<u>220</u>	<u>218</u>	<u>220</u>	<u>207</u>
Utilities Full-time	25	25	26	26	26	25	23	24	0	0
Utilities Part-time	-	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	0	0
Total	<u>25</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Transportation Full-time	40	39	39	41	43	39	39	39	36	36
Transportation Part-time	4	4	4	2	0	0	2	0	0	0
Total	<u>44</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>36</u>
Natural & Economic Env. Full-time	9	10	7	6	7	7	7	6	11	10
Natural & Economic Env. Part-time	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	4	4
Total	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>14</u>
Social Services Full-time	38	32	37	36	36	35	33	34	31	39
Social Services Part-time	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	4	3	3
Total	<u>39</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>42</u>
Culture and Recreation Full-time	11	9	9	8	6	7	7	9	5	10
Culture and Recreation Part-time	-	3	3	4	6	3	3	0	0	0
Total	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>
Internal Service Full-time	21	20	22	21	21	18	22	21	21	21
Internal Service Part-time	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	0	0	0
Total	<u>21</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>21</u>
Total Full-time	673	660	663	641	648	644	646	658	658	626
Total Part-time	28	36	34	56	47	53	58	49	55	65
Total County Employees	<u>701</u>	<u>696</u>	<u>697</u>	<u>697</u>	<u>695</u>	<u>697</u>	<u>704</u>	<u>707</u>	<u>713</u>	<u>691</u>

Note: In 2013, the State Auditor's Office of Washington implemented changes to the Budget, Accounting & Reporting System (BARS) which dictates how entities in Washington report their financial statements. It was recognized that expenditures/expenses which Benton County included in the Physical Environment category in prior years had been assigned to the General Government and Natural & Economic Environment categories.

Source: County Payroll Office

**Schedule 14
Benton County
Operating Indicators by Function,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function/Program	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Justice and Law Enforcement										
Sheriff										
Calls For Service (Sheriff)	29,119	28,928	31,323	33,621	39,448	38,505	40,614	40,811	38,214	35,274
Warrants Served	569	598	1,084	1,130	1,583	1,931	1,261	1,088	1,051	2,406
Arrests	2,035	2,121	2,243	2,320	3,978	3,548	4,281	3,885	3,844	4,247
Arraignments	6,093	5,936	6,015	6,026	6,074	5,603	5,891	5,573	6,652	6,556
Average daily jail population	653	708	687	675	668	625	624	561	566	686
Prosecuting Attorney										
Adult Felony Cases Filed	1,732	1,570	1,258	1,247	1,222	1,284	1,462	1,465	1,419	1,433
Juvenile Cases Filed	1,095	935	1,090	855	972	830	777	725	584	524
Juvenile Justice										
Juvenile Offender Arrests	3,000	2,419	2,457	2,173	2,002	1,836	1,634	1,544	1,265	1,212
Detention Days Served	16,872	17,874	15,785	15,237	15,330	11,180	11,783	11,937	9,678	8,425
Courts										
District Court Violation Filings	47,341	59,648	60,894	53,684	59,594	53,078	54,267	57,862	57,731	53,521
District Court Hearings Held	56,699	58,283	63,221	66,258	69,498	67,796	65,729	67,833	65,435	64,176
Superior Court Trials	299	334	350	360	315	275	316	291	210	206
Superior Court Cases Completed	7,638	8,969	8,292	7,241	8,418	8,131	8,550	7,940	8,099	7,439
Health Services*										
Clients Assisted										
Mental Health	6,112	4,150	3,694	3,520	4,298	4,122	7,238	7,556	9,547	8,762
Substance Abuse	1,347	1,646	1,264	1,777	2,010	1,246	1,513	1,178	1,048	1,157
Developmental Disabilities	435	429	510	535	514	523	481	504	587	660
Prevention	271	226	172	170	550	816	304	541	399	405
Housing**	N/A	N/A	N/A	171	924	405	825	1,369	1,805	2,481
Economic Environment										
Actions requiring a permit	902	871	1,075	464	689	674	639	588	668	714
Public Works										
Centerline miles of road maintained:										
County Rural Roads	743	744	742	743	744	745	746	747	684	681
County Urban Roads	136	136	120	118	118	115	112	111	170	177

*Statistics maintained on a July of one year through June of the next year fiscal period.

**New Program in 2008

Source: County Budget Office and individual county departments

**Schedule 15
Benton County
Capital Asset Statistics by Function,
Last Ten Fiscal Years**

Function/Program	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Justice and Law Enforcement										
Correction facility capacities	782	782	782	782	782	782	782	782	783	783
Parks and Land Use										
Number of recreational facilities	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Recreational acreage:										
Developed	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8	654.8
Undeveloped	2,443.5	2,443.5	2,443.5	2,443.5	2,443.5	2,516.5	2,516.5	2,516.5	2,516.5	2,516.5
Public Works										
Miles of Rural Road	743	744	742	743	744	745	746	747	684	681
Miles of Urban Road	136	136	120	118	118	115	112	111	174	177
Bridges	55	55	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	53
Active vehicles in vehicle replacement plan	111	111	113	111	115	115	115	120	112	115

Source: County Budget Office and individual County departments